

In The Matter of the Resource Management Act 1991 ("the Act") And

In The Matter Plan Change 76 – Rolleston

OFFICER COMMENTS OF MURRAY ENGLAND

Introduction

1. My name is **MURRAY RUSSELL ENGLAND**. My qualifications are BE (Environmental) and NZCE (Civil).
2. I am the Asset Manager – Water Services for the Selwyn District Council ("the Council") and I am authorised to present this statement on its behalf. I have been employed by the Council since March 2009 initially holding the position of Stormwater Engineer and since May 2012 the position of Asset Manager Water Services.
3. I have the responsibility of managing Council's 5 waters which include Potable Water, Wastewater, Stormwater, Land Drainage and Water Races.
4. I have read the Infrastructure Report prepared by Survus March 2021
5. This evidence considers the plan change request in relation to the water supply, wastewater system, stormwater and water race network operated by Council which will be impacted by this plan change. I have not specifically addressed relevant submission points that have been made by submitters, as I understand that my comments cover matters raised by the submitters.

Water Supply

6. The Rolleston Water Supply provides UV treated deep groundwater to the Rolleston community from bores M36/7836, M36/7533, M36/7833, BX23/0507, M36/3922, BX23/0312, M36/2298, BX23/0508, and BX23/0827. These bores supply water to

the network either direct online or via reservoir and booster pump stations (**Refer Appendix 1**) . Several other wells are planned or drilled, but not yet operational.

7. Water take consents (CRC175045, CRC160628, CRC193859 and CRC962217) limit the maximum rate of water take based on a range of controls (Table 1). The maximum total water take from the scheme is limited to 7,183,440 m³/year. The maximum instantaneous water take for the scheme is 573 L/s. The daily water take limit is not specified, although daily limits exist for some bores.

Table 1 – Consented water take for the Rolleston water supply scheme

Consent number	Bores	Water take limits
CRC160628	M36/0026 BX23/0312	Bore decommissioned Max 100 L/s Max annual volume 246,240 m ³
CRC175045	M36/7533 M36/7833 BX23/0507 M36/7835 Proposed: M36/7834	Max 75 L/s (each bore) Max 300 L/s (combined from all bores) Max annual volume 4,445,700 m ³
CRC193859	M36/2298 BX23/0508 BX23/0827	Max 52.8 L/s, up to 4,562 m ³ /day Max 70 L/s Max 70 L/s Max annual volume 739,500 m ³
CRC962217	M36/3922	Max 55.6 L/s, up to 4,800 m ³ /day No annual volume

8. Over the last 3 years, the maximum supply demand was 19,200¹ cubic metres per day and 3,300,000 cubic metres per year. This means consented capacity for some growth is available.
9. The water supply provides both 'on-demand' connections via water meters and also a small number of restricted connections mainly to rural residential properties.

Future Growth Demand

10. In response to the accelerated growth within the Selwyn District, hydraulic models have been used to plan future water infrastructure for a number of water supplies including Rolleston.
11. The master planning provides an assessment of the sizing and timing of new infrastructure for new reservoirs, water sources (bores) and pipelines to service growth. Part of the master planning requires a water balance to be developed to forecast growth, using historical peak demand per household. The water balance forecasts the peak instantaneous flow per year versus the water resources available to determine the staging of new bores.
12. Rolleston is expected to see significant growth over the next 30-years. Capacity upgrades are proposed to meet this growth including additional water sources (bores), storage and pipeline infrastructure. Recently Council developed the 2021 – 31 Long Term Plan which included budget for further development funded, capacity upgrades on the Rolleston water supply.
13. As the township grows the consented allocation will be put under pressure. To ensure that growth is appropriately integrated with the provision of infrastructure, and planned growth is able to be serviced, priority of water allocation needs to be given to those developments within the Rolleston Structure Plan area².
14. I confirm that this plan change area is within of the Rolleston Structure Plan area and therefore, should the plan change be approved in whole or in part, consented water can be made available.

¹ Jan 2021

² [Final-Rolleston-Structure-Plan-230909.pdf \(selwyn.govt.nz\)](#)

Fire Fighting Capacity

15. The Rolleston scheme was designed as a domestic supply and complies with the NZ Fire Fighting Code of Practice.

16. The Infrastructure Report accompanying the plan change states that *“All reticulated supply would be unrestricted, and as such would be subject to the provisions of FW2 from SNZ PAS 4509:2008...All new mains will have hydrants spaced to satisfy SNZ PAS 4509:2008.”*

17. The Council requires that all new subdivisions are to be designed and constructed in accordance with the Selwyn District Council’s ‘Engineering Code of Practice’. Section 7.5.4 – Fire service requirements, which includes the following requirement:

“The water supply reticulation should comply with the Fire Service Code of Practice. In particular, the reticulation must meet the requirements for firefighting flows, residual fire pressure and the spacing of hydrants.

Location of hydrants shall comply with SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 with minimum hydrants spacing of 135 metres. Blue RRPM’s (cat eyes) shall be installed to offset from the road centreline adjacent to all hydrants. Hydrant Marker posts are to be installed to comply with Section G3.4 of the NZ Fire Service Code of Practice. Hydrant posts are not required in urban areas. The type of hydrant marker required is shown on drawing WS10.0 (see Appendix V).’

18. In addition the Selwyn District Council’s ‘Engineering Code of Practice’. Section 7.5.4 – Fire service states that:

“Many industrial and commercial sites require the installation of fire services. The site owner is responsible for providing these fire services, which must be designed to meet the requirements of the New Zealand Building Code.

All fire service connections to the Council reticulation will have a meter fitted by Council to detect any unlawful water use.

Do not assume that current pressure and flow will be available in the future when designing private fire services. Pressure and flow available is likely to reduce in the future, due to demand growth and pressure management.”

19. In summary, the reticulated water supply for this proposed plan change would need to be designed to meet firefighting standards when either subdivision and/or building consents are sought from Council.

Conclusion

20. I consider that additional capacity within the network to service this plan change is available and further capacity upgrades are proposed and planned for and therefore future water demand from the proposed plan change can be met.
21. It is noted that development contributions are payable for any additional lots developed.

Wastewater

General

22. Wastewater is treated and disposed of at the Pines wastewater treatment plant (the Pines WWTP) in Rolleston. Council consulted on the expansion of the Pines WWTP, to cater for growth, as part of the 2021/22 LTP. The Pines WWTP is currently at or near capacity, with upgrades currently underway and additional upgrades planned and budgeted for.
23. The Pines WWTP is designed to be progressively upgraded to accommodate up to 60,000 person equivalents (PE) of incoming flow, with plans to increase the treatment capacity up to 120,000 PE being prepared. The current connected catchment (2021) has a population equivalent of approximately 42,000 - 45,000.
24. Connections from Darfield and from Leeston are planned within the next 3-4 years. These connections along with projected growth are estimated to require additional treatment processes (beyond 60,000 PE) developed on site to meet incoming flows. These upgrades are planned and budgeted for within the Selwyn District Council 2021-2031 Long Term Plan.

Wastewater Conveyance

25. The applicant identifies that *“There is an existing 225mm uPVC sewer main in East Maddisons Road that was installed in 2016. Council have advised that this pipe has sufficient capacity to take the subject site. The existing sewer line is approx. 3.6m*

deep, which will provide sufficient depth to service the entire subject site catchment.”

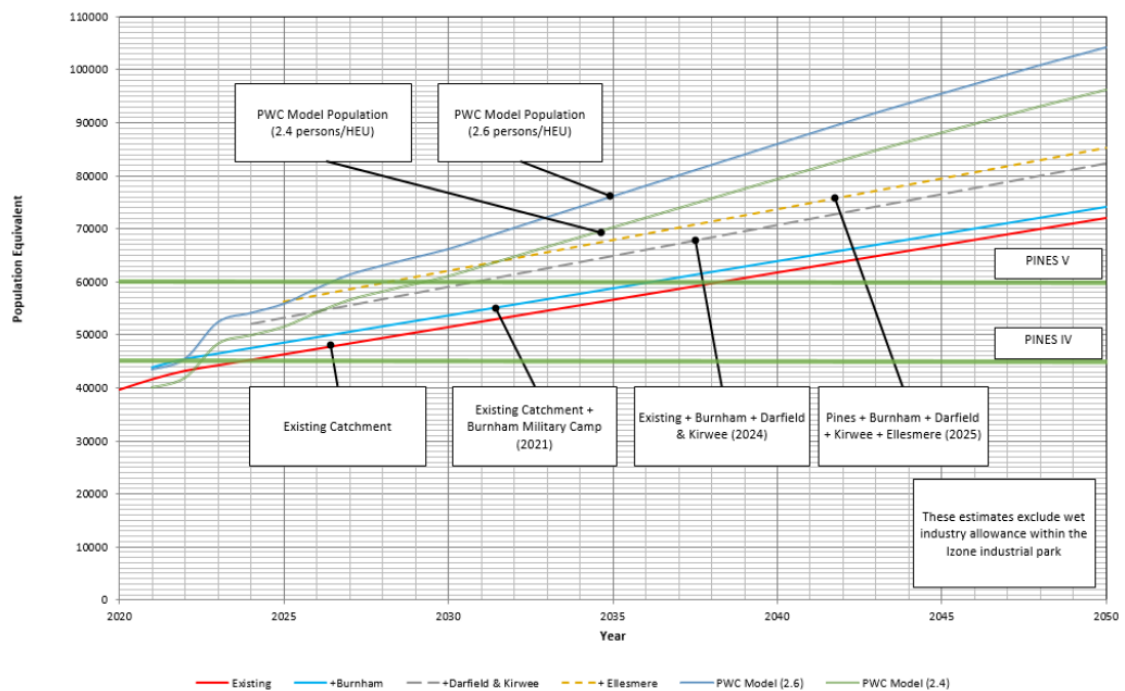
26. Ultimately this plan change area will discharge via the gravity main on East Maddisons Road to the existing Selwyn Road pump station refer **Appendix 4**.
27. Connection of the development’s wastewater network to the Council’s reticulated network is feasible. There will be a requirement for the internal wastewater network to be, in places, oversized to accept flows from the wastewater catchment above this proposed development. This will be the subject of an engineering approval process in the future.

Pines Wastewater Treatment Plant

28. The land surrounding the Pines WWTP has 7 centre pivot irrigators currently irrigating an area of 189 ha, with another 50 ha centre pivot irrigator to be installed this year (2021/22) bringing the total to 239 ha. This equates to servicing for more than 95,000 PE, or more than 75,000 PE if the largest irrigator is not in operation.
29. There are long term plans to expand the irrigation area to cover 302 ha. This equates to servicing for more than 120,000 PE, or more than 100,000 PE if the largest irrigator is not in operation. Ultimately, additional areas within the 486 ha of land consented could be developed for land based disposal, while remaining in compliance with the existing Resource Consent conditions.

Strategic planning

30. Future flows into the Pines WWTP can be estimated by assuming a per capita rate and a modelled future population. Population models have been developed to account for the inclusion of the outlying townships/catchments of Burnham Military Camp, Darfield, Kirwee and Ellesmere. The most recent model was developed in December 2020 by Price Waterhouse Cooper (PWC) and accounts for population densities of either 2.4 or 2.6 people per household equivalent unit (HEU).



31. Council confirmed in the 2021 LTP that Ellesmere, Darfield and Kirwee would connect to Pines WWTP and the NZDF has previously entered into an agreement to connect to Pines WWTP. On this basis, it is projected that the original design for Pines 60,000 PE will be exceeded within the next 10 years.

32. A masterplan has been developed for the treatment plant to confirm what it would take to expand the ultimate treatment capacity to 120,000 PE. Indicative plant layouts are shown in **Appendix 7**. Two options were considered for “Pines 120” (i.e. upgrading Pines WWTP to serve 120,000 PE), as summarised below:

- Option 1 Fully aerobic system (similar to current plant)
- Option 2 Primary treatment + anaerobic digestion

33. Council has budgeted for option 2 (**Refer Appendix 6**) within the long term plan.

Conclusion

34. Conveyance of wastewater to the Pines WWTP is feasible and will be subject to the engineering approval process.

35. The currently designed wastewater treatment system which is being built in modular stages has an ultimate capacity of up to 60,000 PE. The extension of the Pines WWTP to 120,000 PE capacity has been identified and funded in the LTP, with design and consenting works programmed for the forthcoming years, to allow for

development within the district, including that proposed in this plan change request,.

36. Should this plan change area be approved, it is noted that development contributions are payable for any additional lots.

Stormwater

37. It is anticipated by the applicant that stormwater will be discharged to ground. *“all lots will have individual soakpits onsite that will enable direct connections of dwelling and hardstand area stormwater.”* And *“Stormwater up to and including the 2 percent annual exceedance probability critical storm for the site will be catered for within the soakpits.”*

38. The discharge of stormwater to ground is appropriate.

39. Resource consent for stormwater discharge from Environment Canterbury will be required before any subdivision consent can be approved.

Conclusion

40. There is a viable means to dispose of stormwater for this plan change area. I would recommend that a stormwater consent is obtained from Environment Canterbury prior to resource consent being applied for from Selwyn District Council.

Water Race

41. The applicant refers to the Council water race which enters from *“the northern site boundary and exits the site on the western boundary of Lot 1 DP 26880.”*

42. The submission from T Gourlay and K Goldsworthy seeks the early termination of this race further upstream from that proposed by the applicant and identifies three potential benefiting parties.

43. There are a number of ways to treat the water race. These include: incorporating the race within the development, closing the race, diverting the race, or piping the race.

44. It should be noted that the Council’s water race closure process requires 80% of downstream user’s approval prior to going out for consultation and ultimate Council decision to approve or otherwise.

45. The ultimate treatment of the water race can be determined at subdivision consent stage, including the request from T Gourlay and K Goldsworthy, which the applicant should take into consideration.

Conclusion

46. There are viable means to manage the water race

Murray England

28 September 2021

Appendix 1

Scheme layout – Water

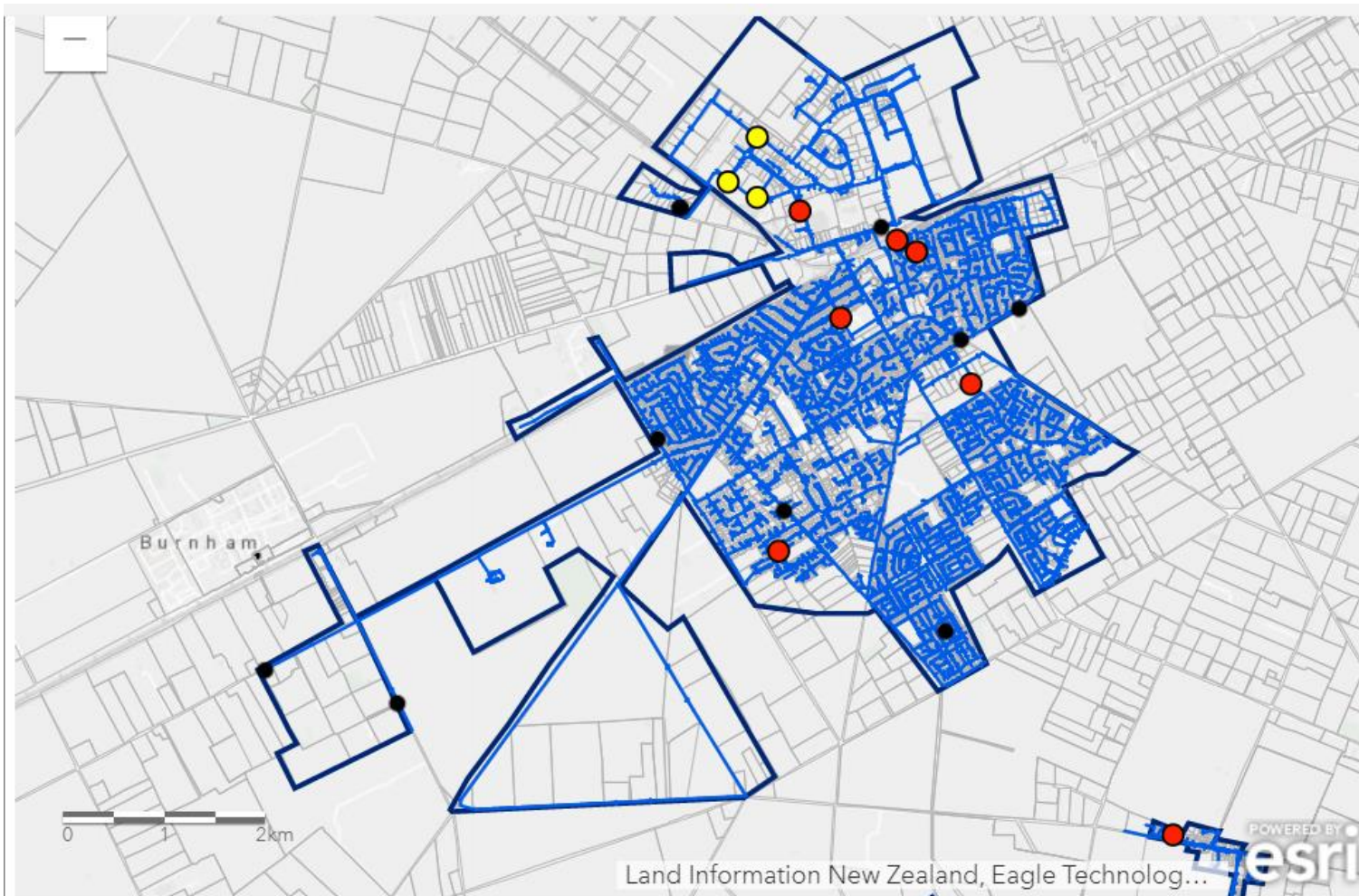
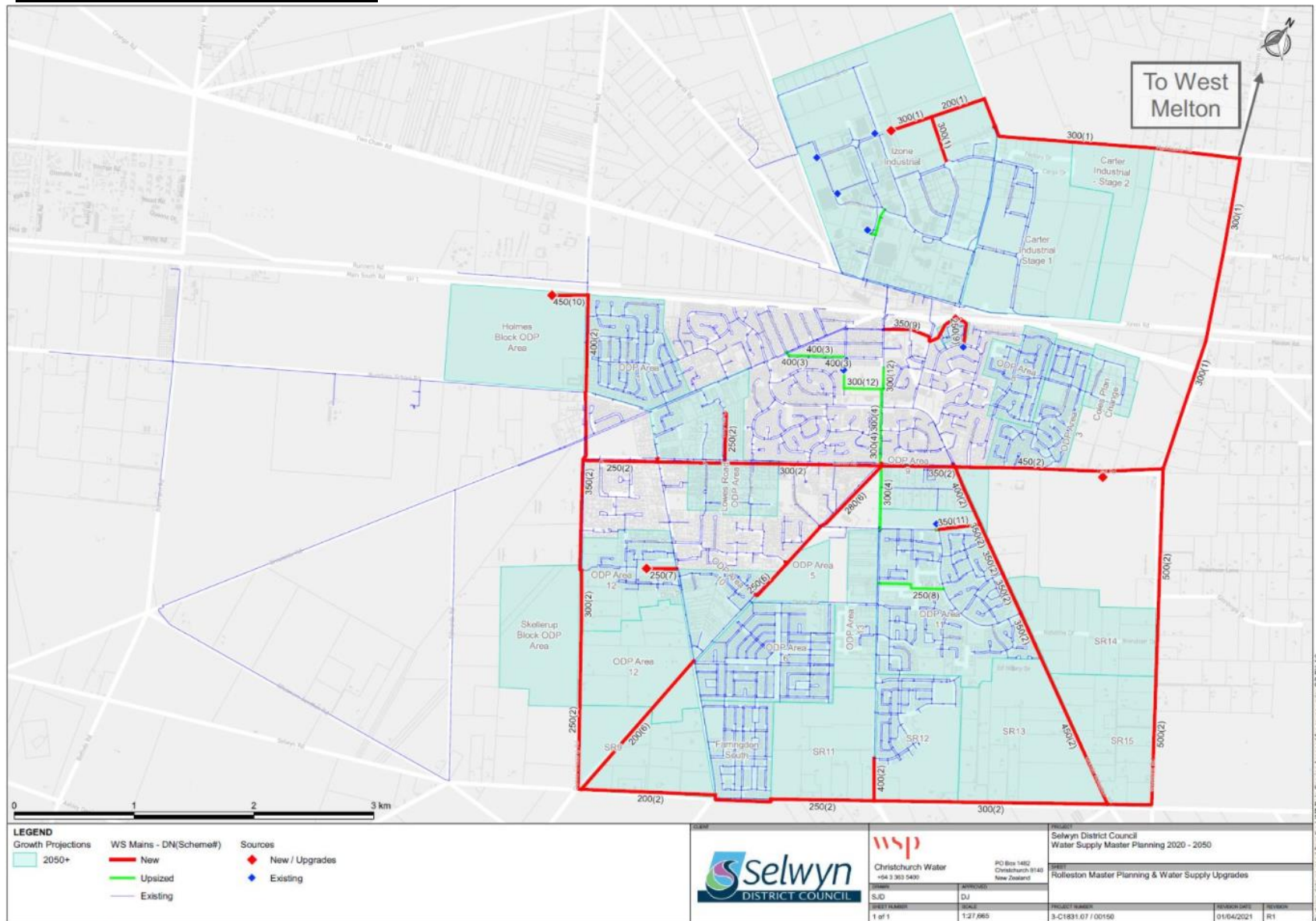


Figure 19-1
ROLLESTON Water - Scheme map
[Open larger map: 'Water Scheme'](#)

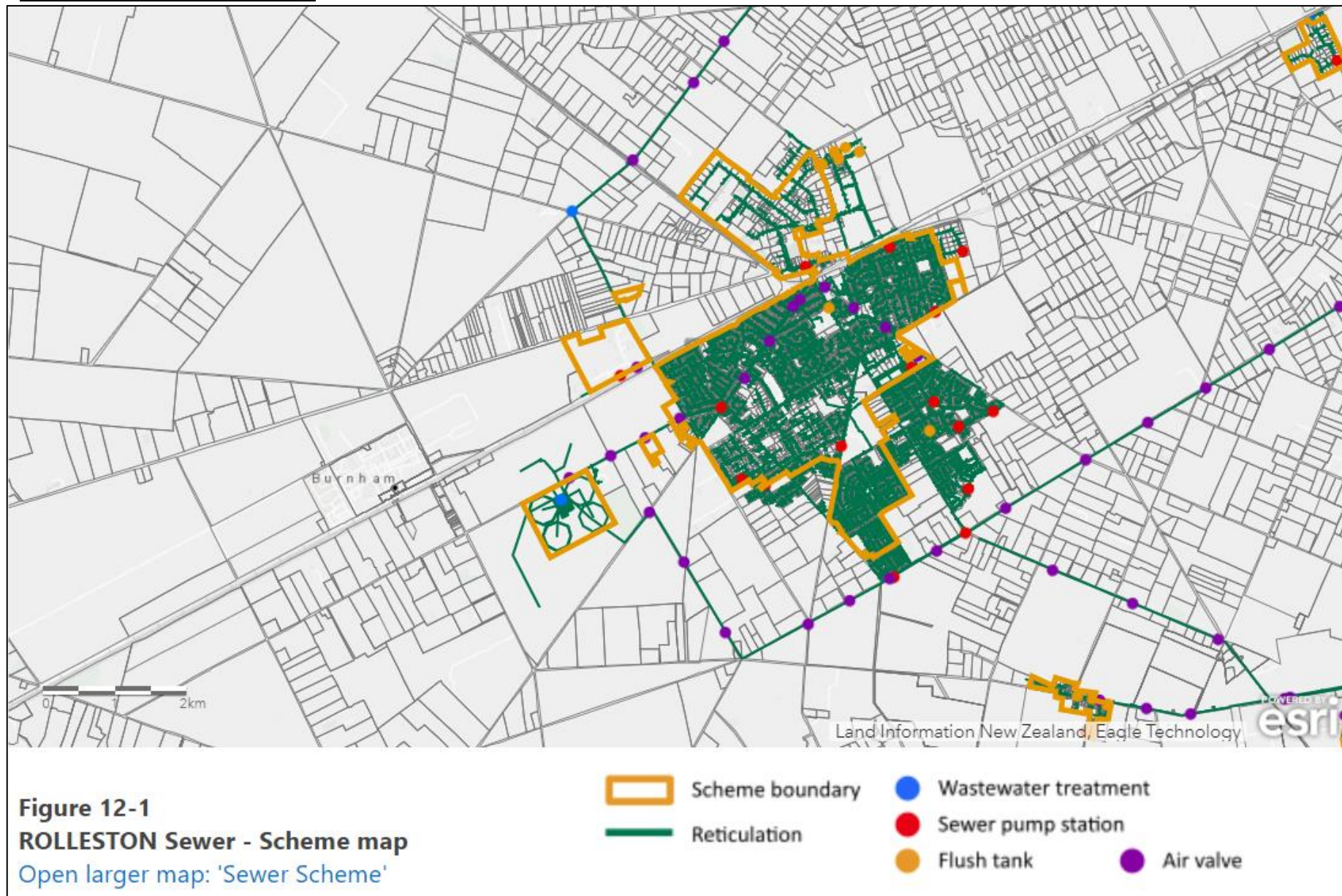


Appendix 2

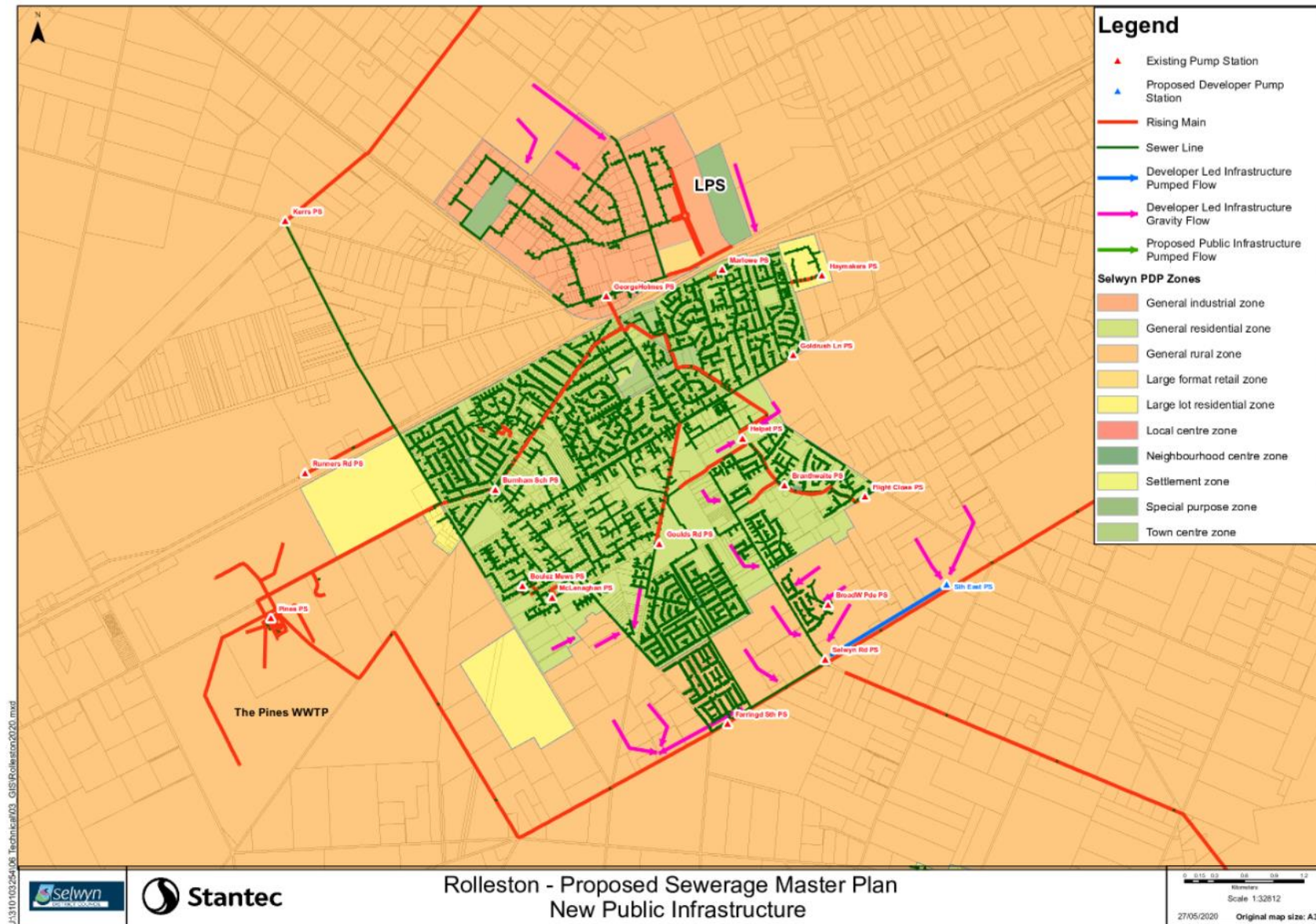
Rolleston Water Supply Master Plan



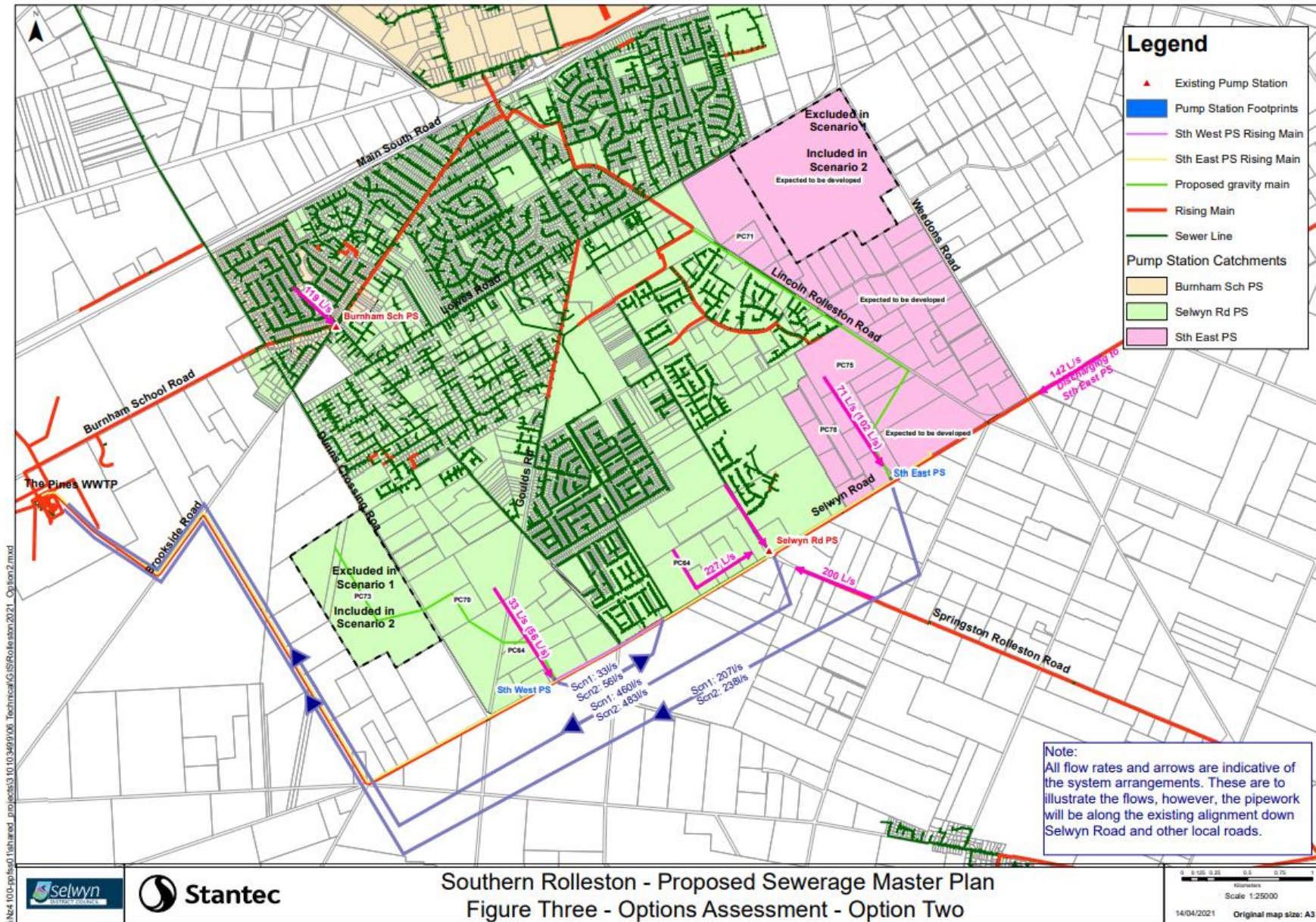
Appendix 3 –
Rolleston Wastewater Network



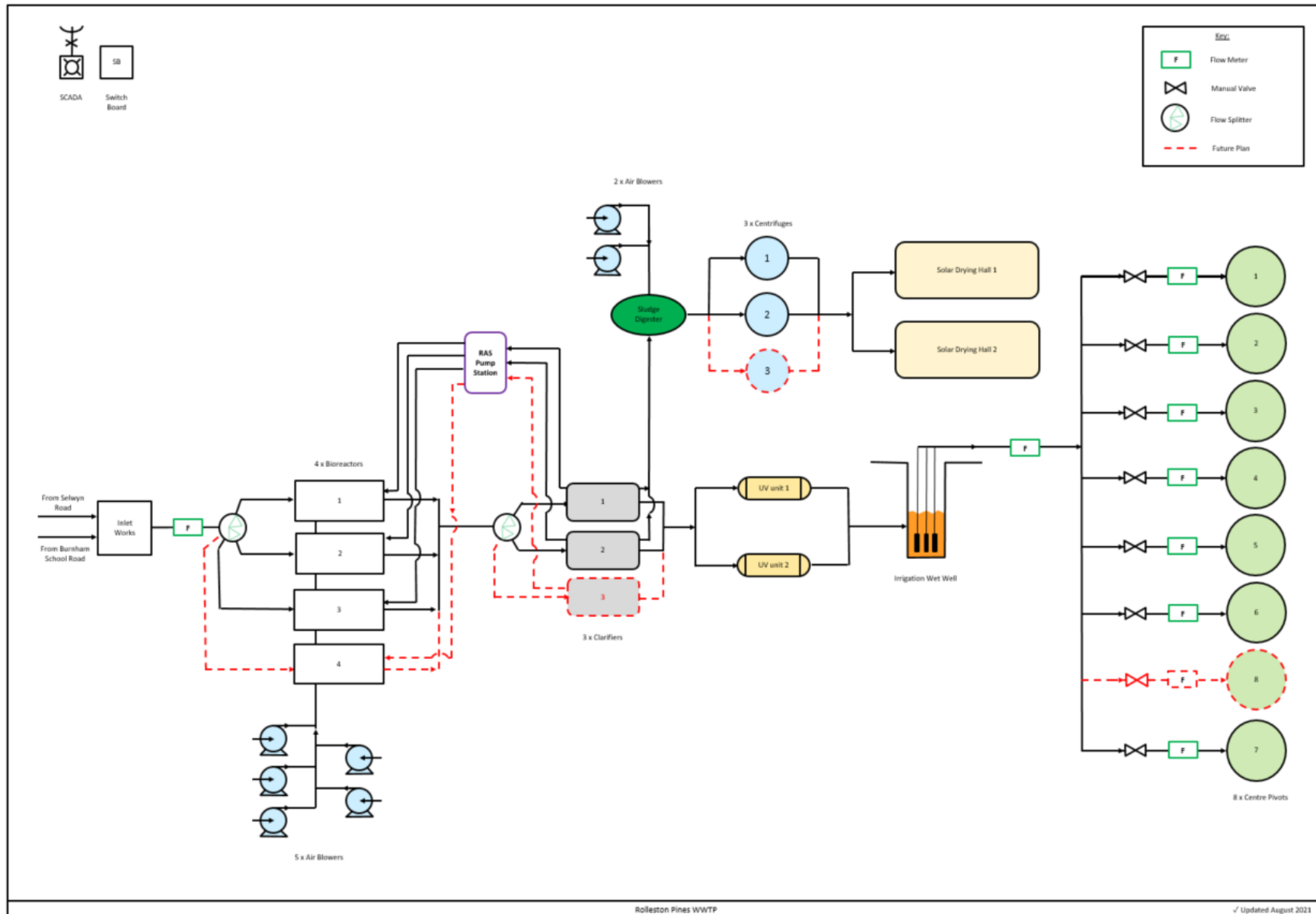
Appendix 4 – Rolleston Wastewater Master Plan (2021 LTP)



Rolleston South Wastewater Master Plan



Appendix 5 – Pines Layout



Appendix 6 – Pines 120 Consultation (2021 LTP)

Selwyn District Council

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FOR INFORMATION – OTHER IMPORTANT PROJECTS

In this section you can find information on other proposed projects which are likely to be of interest to the Selwyn community.

Have your say

We welcome your comments on any of these proposals. Please use the comments section on the submission form or share your views at www.selwyn.govt.nz/thisway2031.

Future of Malvern aquatic facility

We are proposing to repair the current swimming pool in Darfield. In the first year of the new Long-Term Plan (2021/22) a repair budget of \$1.5 million would be set aside. Although current usage and projected future population growth do not warrant a new aquatic facility in Darfield at this time, we propose to carry out a further feasibility study in 2027/28 to determine the needs for a facility in the Malvern area, based on the latest population growth projections. We will make a provisional allowance of \$5 million to build a new or upgraded facility in 2030/31. Any decision on a future facility in Malvern, following the completion of the study, will be subject to consultation at the time.

Commercial property investment

The Council has a property portfolio which includes a variety of buildings, farms and bare land that can be developed. To date the Council has successfully managed its investment portfolio, and the new Selwyn Health Hub in Rolleston is a good example. We propose to continue investing in commercial opportunities where they will create income streams and contribute to positive community outcomes. We are now proposing to include a total of \$30 million over the first six years of this Long-Term Plan, for commercial investment. Any investment proposals will be subject to a comprehensive business case and approval by the Council. Money will be borrowed and repaid from lease rentals. Investment will be carried out in line with the Council's Commercial Property Strategy, which was approved in 2016. A key purpose of our property investment activity is to generate returns which are used to offset rates increases.

Ellesmere wastewater

To continue to meet environmental standards and provide for growth in Ellesmere, the Council has considered two upgrade options for wastewater treatment. The first was to upgrade the existing Ellesmere wastewater treatment plant, including enhanced treatment processes, additional land for increased irrigation capacity and providing increased buffer storage. The second and preferred option is to pipe wastewater to the Pines Wastewater Treatment Plant in Rolleston. For environmental and operational efficiency reasons, piping to Rolleston provides a high level of treatment and the economy of scale ensures a cost effective wastewater treatment for generations to come. We are planning to start construction of this upgrade in 2023/24. The work will be funded by a combination of the sewerage district-wide targeted rate and development contributions.

Pines 120K

The Rolleston Pines Wastewater Treatment Plant has been designed so that it can be upgraded in stages to match population growth. The current plant has the capacity to treat wastewater for up to 60,000 people³. A masterplan has been developed for the treatment plant to expand the maximum treatment capacity to 120,000 people⁴. The cost will be around \$100 million and will be funded largely by development contributions.

Upper Selwyn Huts wastewater

The installation of a pipeline from Ellesmere Wastewater Treatment Plant to Pines Wastewater Treatment Plant (as proposed above) presents an opportunity to connect the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement to the scheme. This would have the additional benefit of allowing the Coes and Chamberlains Ford camping areas to connect, and would remove wastewater treatment facilities from near the Selwyn River. Another potential option is to provide a wastewater treatment plant and disposal field at the settlement, but this faces environmental, cultural, consenting and construction challenges. The Council will consult directly with the Selwyn Huts community on this proposal.

Land drainage network

There is a growing focus on the environmental performance of Selwyn's land drainage network, which is likely to require increased monitoring and reporting, as well as upgrades. It will be more challenging to gain and renew resource consents, and complying with these consents will be more demanding. Health and safety will continue to be a major focus. Local rūnanga are likely to continue taking a significant interest in the operation of the land drainage network, and will be increasingly involved in decision-making.

To help us prepare for these changes, we are proposing to transition to a district-wide land drainage committee, within the first year of the Long-Term Plan 2021–2031. This new governance structure will be accompanied in the future by a district-wide rating scheme, similar to the approach used for water rates. One of the first responsibilities of the district-wide land drainage committee will be to develop the new rating structure, for consultation during or prior to the 2022/23 Annual Plan.

Proposed changes to fees and charges

Environmental and regulatory services fees and charges

The Council charges for a range of regulatory services including resource consents, building consents, and dog registration. We are proposing increases to the schedule of chargeable costs for these services. Details of the proposed fees and charges from 1 July 2021 are shown in the full draft Long-Term Plan, which is available at www.selwyn.govt.nz/thisway2031.

Solid waste fees and charges

Refuse bags: We propose to increase the charge for bags from \$2.50 to \$2.75 (incl GST) from 1 July 2021. This increase is to help offset the actual cost to Council to supply, collect and dispose of bags.

Pines Resource Recovery Park disposal charges: The waste disposal charge is currently \$257 per tonne (incl GST) and we propose to increase it to \$270 per tonne from 1 July 2021. Details of the proposed fees and charges from 1 July 2021 are shown in the full draft Long-Term Plan, which is available at www.selwyn.govt.nz/thisway2031.

Burial fees and charges

The Council's cemeteries are funded from a mix of fees and support from the general rate, which reflects the broad public benefit associated with this service. Burial fees and charges were last increased five years ago and we now propose to increase most charges by 15% from 1 July 2021 (including proposed Government waste levy increases). Details of the proposed fees and charges from 1 July 2021 are shown in the draft Long-Term Plan, which is available at www.selwyn.govt.nz/thisway2031.

Reserve fees and charges

The Council has carried out a review of the current fees and charges for the use of reserves, and we are proposing a new schedule of charges. This reflects the change made in recent years to district-wide rating for reserves. The proposed changes are to achieve a standardised set of charges that are consistent, fair and tailored to the usage of the reserve. Details of the proposed fees and charges from 1 July 2021 are shown in the full draft Long-Term Plan, which is available at www.selwyn.govt.nz/thisway2031.

Rural water charge – additional units

In response to a survey of rural water users last year, we plan to undertake a number of upgrades to the Darfield, Malvern and Hororata rural water supplies, to provide customers additional water units. The up-front charge to cover these upgrade costs will be \$4,702 (incl GST) per additional unit required. Annual rates, as outlined in the Long-Term Plan, will then apply for any units of water received.

³ Commercial and industrial discharges take some of this capacity as well.

⁴ As above.

OTHER IMPORTANT PROJECTS

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Future of Malvern aquatic facility

The Council confirmed it will repair the current swimming pool in Darfield, with \$1.5 million set aside for 2021/22.

While current usage and projected future population growth do not warrant a new aquatic facility in Darfield at this time, we will carry out a further feasibility study in 2027/28 to determine the needs for a facility in the Malvern area, based on the latest population growth projections. The Council will also start work with groups in Darfield including local schools to identify opportunities for future combined sports and aquatic facilities.

In the meantime, we will make a provisional allowance of \$5 million to build a new or upgraded facility in 2030/31.

Any decision on a future facility in Malvern, following the completion of the feasibility study, will be subject to consultation at the time.

Commercial property investment

The Council has a property portfolio which includes a variety of buildings, farms and bare land that can be developed. To date the Council has successfully managed its investment portfolio, and the new Selwyn Health Hub in Rolleston is a good example. The Council confirmed it will continue investing in commercial opportunities where they will create income streams and contribute to positive community outcomes. We will include a total of \$30 million over the first six years of this Long-Term Plan, for commercial investment. Any investment proposals will be subject to a comprehensive business case and approval by the Council. Money will be borrowed and repaid from lease rentals. Investment will be carried out in line with the Council's Commercial Property Strategy, which was approved in 2016. A key purpose of our property investment activity is to generate returns which are used to offset rates increases.

Ellesmere wastewater

To continue to meet environmental standards and provide for growth in Ellesmere, the Council has agreed to go ahead with connecting Ellesmere wastewater to the Pines Wastewater Treatment Plant in Rolleston. For environmental and operational efficiency reasons, piping to Rolleston provides a high level of treatment and the economy of scale ensures a cost effective wastewater treatment for generations to come. We are planning to start construction of this upgrade in 2023/24. The work will be funded by a combination of the sewerage district-wide targeted rate and development contributions.

Pines 120K

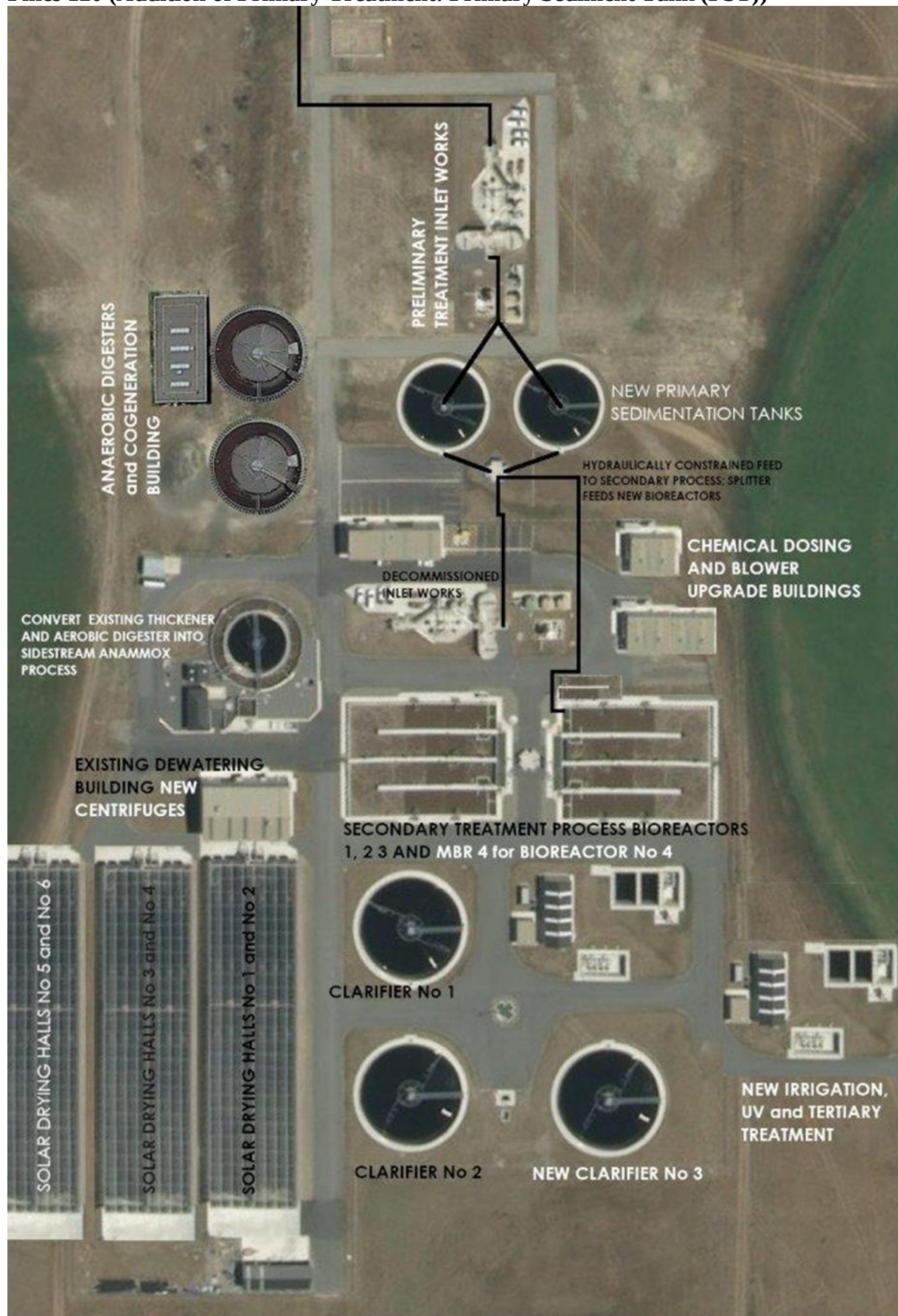
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**Appendix 7 –
Pines 120 (Existing Layout)**



Pines 120 (Addition of Primary Treatment: Primary Sediment Tank (PST))



Pines 120 (Duplicate Works: Fully Aerobic System)

