

UPPER SELWYN HUTS FUTURE DEED OF LICENCE

SUBMISSION BOOKLET: 2

SUBMISSIONS NUMBERED: 101 – 211

Booklet prepared: 29 July 2025

Note: The following written submissions are unedited and unchanged. They may include errors or offensive information. They are the opinion of the submitter and the Council takes no responsibility for them. Where a submission or part of a submission constitutes hate speech, or otherwise is in breach of law, the submission has been omitted or redacted in this public version. All contact details have been removed.

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109	John Warwood			37 - 40
110	Karen Ward			41 - 44
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123	Ross Thomson			107 - 126
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126	Grant and Jillian Bonniface		Yes	135 - 155
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Sub#	Name	Organisation	To be heard	Page
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130	Nadine Fea			214 - 216
131	Roxanne Fea			217 - 220
132	Michael Glynn		Yes	221 - 225
133	Sean Rooney			226 - 243
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135	Andrew Bowring		Yes	247 - 253
136	Susan Rogers		Yes	254 - 273
137	Kate Pollock			274 - 277
138	Chris Rossiter		Yes	278 - 281
139	Kerry Glynn		Yes	282 - 285
140	Lucy King			286 - 289
141	Joel Laurance			290 - 293
142	Chris Lee			294 - 297
143	Margaret Lynne Lowery			298 - 300
144	Judith Smart			301 - 305
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146	Craig Trusler			310 - 327
147	Cleve Prescott			328 - 330
148	Cushla Moorhead			331 - 333
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154	Kirrily Fea		Yes	353 - 384
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158	Kate Johnson		Yes	397 - 405
159	Blanche Fryer		Yes	406 - 412
160	Duncan Robertson			413 - 416
161	Tala Laurance			417 - 421
162	Graeme Young		Yes	422 - 424
163	Erin Smyth			425 - 428
164	Bruce Thomson			429 - 438
165	Susanne, Janice and John Antill			439 - 443
166	Daniel Te Ngaru		Yes	444 - 447
167	Suzanne Allen		Yes	448 - 451
168	Anne Curtis			452 - 469
169	John Ferguson			470 - 472
170	Karipa Tau-Wehi			473 - 475
171	Cara Zdrenca		Yes	476 - 479
172	Eden Warner			480 - 482
173	Nikau Te Ngaru			483 - 485
174	Colin Giddens		Yes	486 - 492
175	Robby Hyde			493 - 499
176	Mark Tyler			500 - 503
177	Chris Tyler			504 - 507
178	Susanne Royds			508 - 511
179	Wendy Elizabeth Moreland		Yes	512 - 515
180	Shodie Milne		Yes	516 - 519
181	Craig Pauling	Environment Canterbury Regional Council	Yes	520 - 526
182	Michael McLintock		Yes	527 - 530
183	Paul Clarke		Yes	531 - 534
184	Catherine Dillimore		Yes	535 - 538

Sub#	Name	Organisation	To be heard	Page
185	Adelaide Edith White		Yes	539 - 543
186	Charles Dillimore		Yes	544 - 547
187	Peter Claydon			548 - 551
188	Pamela Tyler		Yes	552 - 558
189	Michael Pretorius			559 - 562
190	Michael O'Neill			563 - 566
191	Averil Southward			567 - 571
192	Daniel Johnson			572 - 577
194	Leigh Rossiter		Yes	578 - 584
195	Lauren Fitzgerald			585 - 590
196	Anna O'Toole			591 - 596
197	Puamiria Parata-Goodall	Taumutu Rūnanga Limited		597 - 599
198	Vicki Glynn		Yes	600 - 603
199	Jeremy Meiklejohn		Yes	604 - 610
200	Cécile Tait		Yes	611 - 614
201	Phillipa Fraser		Yes	615 - 622
202	Georgia Yurjevic		Yes	623 - 629
203	Stella Yurjevic		Yes	630 - 636
204	Patrick John Cooper			637 - 640
205	Ian and Sharon Ovenden			641 - 644
206	Robert Thomson			645 - 664
207	Sheila Chappell			665 - 668
208	Claire Laurance		Yes	669 - 671
209	Rodney & Kathleen (Kit) Power			672 - 677
210	Samuel Modée			678 - 680
211	Johnson Tatana			681 - 684

Full Name: Patrick Lagrosse

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

By Pal 18/7

Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

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If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* POTNICK
Last name* LOGIOSP
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?* Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
Thave an interest in this area, Please explain: Other There

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below. Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Rolling 10-year terms	movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: TOO DEVELOP HIGH 30 491 (ENGLIDED) TO THE TOP TO THE TOP	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
bout of our founty for out	Yes No
20 years. My offers	Please explain your reason: N.L. STETET 1008 NEUTO
Verause of this. She has	pap to evacrate
woode tely her would good the	ALL
wich standard I commot	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
audicitional think these	Yes No
selwn Huts Mice to CAD.	Please add your comments:
Please be compassionale ,	
mote things right for the	
loudy wee settlement. he hamole	
10 Upper Selwyn Huts Consultation Document	<i>್ರ</i>

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next? Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
The resolution store	How often do you think condition inspections
Same warning Systems	should occur? Every year Every 2 years
like only other Seldula	
rate barrier.	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments: Only when of Complaint
3. Bond requirements	has a been made:
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	-
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	other Proporties in
Please add your comments:	the solution of the
Why is a look required	Subject to this:
now ofter all these years	* If issues are identified during the inspection what
to other roterayer in the	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	
✓ Yes No	·——
Please add your comments:	
How much is my concern	0,
my Sister is Cony	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
a popular finds	found during inspections should be handled?
it tough now	Please add your comments:
<i>)</i> +	Upper Selwyn Huts Consultation Document 11

Full Name: Maureen Flattery

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Leight Library 18/7

Submission form

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Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* Mau/200
Last name* Flattery
Address
Town*
Postcod
Contact
Email ac
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?* Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain: I know a few hut owing.
Other:
Upper Selwyn Huts Consultation Document 9

Questions	
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal. A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event. We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: 30 years with the right to kenew	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	 Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Dayleston Floods glot and Still new homes are Deing built there. Maybe the council should yet rich of Doyleston homes	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes No Please explain your reason: There are plenty of roads that have water on them after big rain events are you show them all down? Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes No
	Treat every rate payer the same.

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
11 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 11	on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
the creaks a diches more	How often do you think condition inspections
Ation Not after "	should occur?
Leeston a Douleston have	Every year Every 2 years
flooded because the cleains	Every 3-5 years
navent been cleaned out.	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
a Building day	Treat all rate payers the
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to	Same
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any cituations where you think the hand	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
Way Should the Hat owners	
pay to remobile their homes	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
They need to Live in them	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
4774 A. W. T. L. T. W. M. W.	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	give people the time
√ Yes No	to do repairs
7.00	
Please add your comments:	
Please add your comments: Does Doyleston Home owner	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
have to pay a bond? The council have a loud new	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
have to pay a bond? The council have a loud new homes to be built over the river	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
have to pay a bond? The council have a loud new homes to be built over the river	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
Does Doyleston Home owner have to pay a bond? The Council have a loud new homes to be built over the river rown the Sellyyn huts. Are they	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
Does Dayleston Home owner have to pay a bond? The Council have a loud new homes to be built over the river	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Eunice McLintock

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

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First name* 2	UNICE
Last name* M	LINTOCK.
Address*	
Town*	
Postcode	
Contact	
Email ad	
Are you submitti	ng on benan or an organisation?
Yes A	Vo
If yes, please sta	te the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to a submission in pe	ttend a hearing to present your erson?*
Yes V	ν̄ο
If yes, someone v	vill be in contact with you te and time.
What is your con Upper Selwyn H	nection or interest to uts?
l am a liceno	ce holder
I am not a li Upper Selw	cence holder but live at yn Huts
I have an int	erest in this area. Please explain:
Family	owned Home.
Other:	

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end	
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.	
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Fixed term of 5 years No renewal. A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.	
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.	
Please explain the reason for your selection: I DON'T BELIEVE YOU HAVE EVER GIVEN A FAHR + FACT BASED REASON WHY THE HOMES HAN E TO GO.	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area. 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.	
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.	
Please add your comments: THS SCHIEMENT HAS EXISTED	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?	
of You) And HAB NEVER HAD ANY IMPACT ON IT SURROUNDINGS	V Yes No Please explain your reason: 1 2 16 3 WELE TO HAPPEN	
or Neighbour.	THEN THAT IS THE TIME TO DISCUSS INHAT SHOULD HAPPEN	
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes No Please add your comments:	

4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
on the back page and provide your feedback to the
3 following questions. How often do you think condition inspections
should occur?
Every year Every 2 years
Every 3-5 years
Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Other
Please add your comments: SDC ONLY MANAGER THIS RESERVE,
YOU DO NOT MANAGE THE BUILDINGS
You HAVE NO light to enter THEIR
Homes without feemission of Groso
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Yes V No Not sure
Please specify what you would change: THOUS IS NO NEED FOR ANY OF
THIS SUBMISSION FORM, OTHER THAN
THE "Socials HARM" from flooding
WHICH WOULD BE DEALT WITH AT THE TIME
If issues are identified during the inspection, what
kind of support or communication would you expect Strom Council?
Delose add your comments:
NONE NECOSO IF THE LOT IS
SAFE.
Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
Please add your comments:

Full Name: Samantha Boyd
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

Cestor Library 18/7

Submission form

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-12-1	e* 3670-
Address	
Town*	
Postcoc	
Contact	
Email a	
	ubmitting on behalf of an organisation?*
	No.
If yes, ple	ase state the name of the organisation*
	ase state the name of the organisation
	and state the name of the organization
Do you w	ish to attend a hearing to present your
Do you w submissi	ish to attend a hearing to present your
Do you w submission Yes If yes, son	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?* No neone will be in contact with you
Do you w submission Yes If yes, son	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?*
Do you w submission Yes Yes If yes, son to arrange	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?* No neone will be in contact with you
Do you w submission Yes If yes, son to arrange What is y Upper Se	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?* No neone will be in contact with you at the date and time. our connection or interest to
Do you w submission Yes If yes, son to arrange What is y Upper Se	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?* No neone will be in contact with you at the date and time. our connection or interest to a licence holder not a licence holder but live at
Do you w submission Yes If yes, son to arrange What is y Upper Se	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?* No neone will be in contact with you at the date and time. our connection or interest to a licence holder

1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land
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Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
These gre florer banes	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No Please add your comments:
	3.

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next? Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
Keep them informer and note	on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
Six things like reads	How often do you think condition inspections should occur? Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	Just the same and the same
Council is considering introducing a bond to	
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	D
not was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	ALL of it. Name of these things
herer on one else mate	THE DECISA.
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Barrier and the second second	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	information and time to fix
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts Consultation Document 11

Full Name: Shane Lloyd-Jones Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission, Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

Submitter details

First name* Shone

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Noyd - Jones
Address*
Town*
Postcode
Contact
Email ad
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?* Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below. Fixed term of 5 years No renewal. A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: It was stay and only It was stay and only It was stay and only	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	WE have flording in
	have to leave
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
	1

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next? Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feed back on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
-	rollowing questions.
<u> </u>	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
-	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue ra ised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
A.B. 1700.00	- Me one would that
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to	my Place Unless a
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	Completion .
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	B. Carlotte and Ca
nat was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments: Shipid Idea The red Zoner	
were deaned up by	
Council	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
40. 40 4.	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	and a softments.
Yes No	11 llegal, then time to
	-tix.
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
	found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts Consultation Document 11

Full Name: Richard Frost

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

leeds L. 5mg 18/7

Submission form

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Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* Kichq/c	
Last name* Frosh	
Address	ı
Town*	
Postcod	
Contact	
Email ac	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	_
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
Oppor Ociwyn Flora	

Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: 30 years with the right to renew	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Plenty of places flooded In the last big event Are you making all the flooded Areas pack up a move? Jew homes in doyleston flooded	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	the council still give out building concents for New homes to be built
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	DI II

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2	
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Cancil needs to keep	following questions. How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
the water has some where	Every year Every 2 years
to go. Not just at the	Every 3-5 years Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Selwyn	Other
	Please add your comments: Council have let these buts
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	be bought a Sold over the years and have been Charging rates.
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes No Please add your comments: Who else pays a bond?	Please specify what you would change: Council needs to change their back with us rate payers Not against
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes No	Please add your comments: Communication to be positive Help & Time. Some people don't have any
Please add your comments: Treat all home owners	Do you have any other feedback about how
Stop trying to make people	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
home less	Please add your comments:
	Remember these huts have Stayed up for a hundred years

Full Name: Marie Cuff

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Loesha Library 18/7/25

Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conductified a public consultation to seek feedback on four terras that me proposed to be included in a new Deed of Ligarius for Upper Solwert Huts.

Feedback Nove this consultation will help determine what a new Dood of Literace will hard thin for license. holders and give certainty and dwifty to the future of the Upper Selwyo Hutz pettlement.

Please read the consultation document and information symbole online at selwyrigavt.nz/USH bidose complaining your aubmission.

You can make a submission using this him and changing at all at a Council Library or Service Develo by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Thi you can complete the online. submission form at solwyn.govt.or/USH

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If you need extre space for your submission, as have supporting documentation, you can use additional caper and attach it or this love. If you are using the anide robmeson form sor can uplood an attachmenwith your subminering

Platen include your first and last runnings into additional paper.

Anyone can make a submucion. Subminiment will only. be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be committeed by Council became making a decigion.

Submitter details

Please nate ad highly marked with an asterial (**) are compalsory. House demails will be used for the

purpose of confecting you about the consolleton. First mem? Lauf name* Airt your submitting on behalf of an organization? Yes / No If yes, please stath the more of the organisation" Do you wish to atland a horning to present your submession in person?" 4 100 Yes If yes, spendone will be in contact with your to arrange the date and time. What is your connection or interest to Upper Salwyn Hutu? Fam Allement solihir ion not a froeme hobier fair that its Lippin Strhyyn Hurs. I have an interest in this cost. Physic equation Digit Salwys Hote | Consolution Document | 5

Questions	
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore Council is preposing to include a new.
options below. Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Rolling 10-year terms	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	 Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
THE SEAllerment has been there	Yes No
LYNNE to go wan?	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
	T.

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A company to the contract of t	
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next? Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
Porther some as you to fel	How often do you think condition inspections
Ayong He IN Serveyn'	should occur? Every year Every 2 years
1	Every 3-5 years
	=
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	Live compose ofte.
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
A	the ferr
Z Yes No	lond
Please add your comments:	the inspection
ITS THEIR Money and should	the cut off road, and dome
he in their Bank To pay to	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
removal when needed.	from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	
Yes No	_/
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: lan McRae

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Lossen Library 18/7

### **Submission form**

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Last nam	ne* M'Rue
Address ¹	
Town*	
Postcode	
Contact	
Email ad	
Are you s	ubmitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
If yes, ple	ase state the name of the organisation*
Dovous	rich to attend a hearing to precent your
submissi	rish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?*
submissi Yes If yes, sor	on in person?*
submissi Yes If yes, sor to arrange What is y	on in person?*  No neone will be in contact with you
submissi Yes If yes, sor to arrange What is y Upper Se	on in person?*  No meone will be in contact with you e the date and time. rour connection or interest to
submissi Yes If yes, sor to arrange What is y Upper Se I am	on in person?*  No meone will be in contact with you the the date and time. Four connection or interest to selwyn Huts?
submissi  Yes  If yes, sor to arrang.  What is y Upper Se  I am Upp  I haw	on in person?*  No meone will be in contact with you e the date and time. rour connection or interest to elwyn Huts? a licence holder not a licence holder but live at

Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.	<ol><li>Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.</li></ol>
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Boycor feem with the	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:    No Conty One That Marker
	The red harm all was The
	Calminy AND NOTHE MUST ON
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

f one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what nappens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Adlan the parcies THEY	following questions.
MIREDRY HONE IN MIRE	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
to enhance es	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
*	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
	TREST ALL RATE PAYOR IN
3. Bond requirements	THE SAME WAY
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	4137
Please add your comments:	THEY ARE ALL POINTIES
It should not even be	
( ONSWASES	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	THE SAINE POLICIES THEY USE
Yes No	ALREDO
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:

Full Name: John Warwood

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* TOHO!
Last name* WARWOOD
Addre
<u> </u>
Town ³
Postc
Conta
Email
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access:
30 YEARS WITH RIGHT	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a
OFF KENIO RENEWAL.	12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
ITS THE ONLY REASONABLE	2. Destruction of road cutting off
COUSE TO TAKE BEING	vehicle access:
FAIR :	A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?	3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:
Yes No	Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
RESIDENTS SHOULD HAVE	Yes No
RIGHTS FULL STOP	Please explain your reason:
	HAVING LIVED IN THE AREA
	FOR 30YEAS I HAVE HAD MY
	SHARES OFF FLOODS, STOP MAKING PROPL
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
	1
0   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	<b>4. Building condition inspection programme</b> Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:  Do WHATS NEEDED FOR	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
US PATE PAPERS WHEN YOU	following questions.
NEFO TO AS YOU HAVE BEEN	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
ELECTED TO DO	
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	<del></del>
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
HIS NOT BEEN DONE ON AYY	
DTHER RAYE PAYERS IN THE PAST. OUR PATES FIRE SAPASE TO	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	from Council?  Please add your comments:  NOT RELEBANT
on the inclusion of a bond?	NOT RELEBANT
Yes No	-
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Karen Ward

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* 15

Last name*	Ward.
Address*	
Town*	
Postcode	
Contact r	
Email add	
Are you subr	nitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
lf yes, please	state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish submission i Yes	to attend a hearing to present your n person?* No
	ne will be in contact with you e date and time.
What is your Upper Selwy	connection or interest to rn Huts?
l am a li	cence holder
	a licence holder but live at Selwyn Huts
Thave a	n interest in this area. Please explain:
4	

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1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  30 yrs with right  of renewal	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
outcome,	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
so underhind where	Yes No
demorratic rights	Please explain your reason:  happens to still  happenng are the  country they are not go  through all this b.s.
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  Should be done  In a spen frum  and Igh of what has been farpenry	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions. How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised  Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:
rease and your comments.	
where else or engine else that has had to the solution of a bond?	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:

Full Name: Karym Wanhalla
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

First name* Kalum

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Last name*	
Addre	
Town*	
Postce	
Conta	
Email	
Are your your and you are your and you are your and you are you	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Other:	

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1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:  ists of people har
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	my like ether
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
no Bond.	
1	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	2 - 1 - 5 +
Yes No	Went of the
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Cassandra Lloyd-Jones

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

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Address	
Town*	
Postcoc	
Contact	
Email a	
Are you sub	mitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
If yes, pleas	e state the name of the organisation*
	n to attend a hearing to present your in person?*
	in person?*
submission Yes  If yes, some	in person?*
submission Yes If yes, some to arrange t What is you	in person?*  No one will be in contact with you he date and time. Ir connection or interest to
submission Yes If yes, some to arrange t What is you Upper Selw	in person?*  No one will be in contact with you he date and time. Ir connection or interest to
submission Yes Yes If yes, some to arrange t What is you Upper Selw I am a	in person?*  No one will be in contact with you he date and time. It connection or interest to you hus?

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
,	ALL
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
	Yes No Please add your comments:
	- L

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
a flood would be the	following questions.
coly reason.	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:  If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:
Yes No	- epv
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Marissa Wanhalla

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

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#### Submitter details

* 07

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Wonhalla	
Address	
Town*	
Postcod	
Contact	
Email ac	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
n you, produce the name of the organication	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	

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1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  These me they haves.  Id then stay or by them	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
- (X1)	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback? Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Au pul no3
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
	41

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
how to look them	following questions.
stay in their homes	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:  If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Planty
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:  With respect and supporting on how to fix
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: David Shane Wanhalla

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

### Leeska Library 18/7 Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public

consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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#### Submitter details

First name* | January

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Wanhalla	
Addre	
Town	
Posto	
Conta	
Emai	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	

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1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  No Need for a time	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
help . Support Assist	following questions.
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	like any other home
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	owner
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	all of it
Please add your comments:	15 32 3 1 1
years why now?	-
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	a ladulhia December
Yes No	everything Possible.
Please add your comments:	
I don't know anyone else that has to	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
DEPERTURE DO THEY	Please add your comments:
hater it	respectfully and with
	time to lepair
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Lorraine McRae

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Leeds Library 18/7

### Submission form

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last nam	ne* M'Rak
Addres	
Town*	
Postco	
Contac	
Email a	
Are you s	ubmitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
	ase state the name of the organisation*
Do you w	ase state the name of the organisation*  ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?*
Do you wi submission Yes  If yes, som	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?*
Do you wi submission Yes If yes, some	ish to attend a hearing to present your on in person?*  No No neone will be in contact with you
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Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might
No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:  NE HANE REEM CLOOKED
	of these and times
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
any a serious flood would be a reason and same as any other anaccinated do. Help them, not use it to kick them out.	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Every 3-5 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	Please add your comments:
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:
A Yes No  Please add your comments:  It should never apply.  I don't know any one that has to pay a bond on their home.	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Please add your comments:  Council has a process for this im sive use it.
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:

Full Name: Denise Carlisle

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

By Part 18/7

### **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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#### Submitter details

First name* 100190

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* COLISE
Address
Town*
Postcod
Contact
Email ac
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
Thave an interest in this area. Please explain:  Other: USER TO I OF HORO

Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  The Rue the residents  Thould be pade to Stay in  Hell have to 30 years	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
TOTAL LIGHT OF TELEVIOLE	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:  TOMEDWIPS NEW SECURITY:  The Councillois elected Up	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No
the tolk in the region, should toke this opportunity to do the right thing. I spent	Please explain your reason:  This efficient has never  Haded nor has the  Selwy river breaded
my doughter and grandchildren	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
memories, and they were always soften My Sisters	Yes No Please add your comments:
the uncertainty & has had to	

break form the Situation Document

%

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	<b>4. Building condition inspection programme</b> Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:  We WOOD Expects  The Selwah huts take	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
to have access to	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
Surtems provided to	Every year Every 2 years
any other spc	Every 3-5 years
- tate bayer	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
3. Bond requirements	Please add your comments:  The there is a serious  Relie or Complaint
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	foi seo
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	the she ob not housto
Please add your comments: Who the the bond paid is	be Subject to Such
A bond has never been	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
regular way now:	from Council?  Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	individual circum stances
Yes No	Sickness, absence to
Please add your comments:	the property.
other public or private	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
land Jin NZ are	Please add your comments:
required to pay such a	may be required.
76.30000	he nessociation
2	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Allan Flynn
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

18/7 By Post

### **Submission form**

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First name* (MON)
Last name* FIVIN
Address
Town*
Postcoc
Contact
Email a
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you
to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area Please explain:
Other:
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   9

X

Questions	
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years	Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if
No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  I cence term of 30 years  Or the Fights of 30 years  Or	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.  3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:  The councils de is to  Protect a presente this  larch propose reserve  and ensure it is used  and enjoyed for but  ettlement purposes.	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:  As ideal ried by the Council's property environment.  Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	Please add your comments:  The Sextement has hever  Located His bank to  the USH.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
,	Other
	Please add your comments: Chess a complaint has been
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	treated the same of the lest of the district
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
be? over what period what does this cover the recidents have payed to you have any other tedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:
Yes No	
Please add your comments: Heart been required For 130 years. Why now.	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments;
	This should Not be a licence No one Should be made,
	housess, given the conent in house sping shorterse,

## **Submitter Number: 118**

Full Name: Shane Curragh
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Submission form

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#### Submitter details

First name*

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

	CURRAGIL
Addres	
Town*	
Postco	
Contac Email	
Are you sub	omitting on behalf of an organisation?*
f yes, pleas	e state the name of the organisation*
submission	n to attend a hearing to present your in person?*
Yes Yes	No one will be in contact with you
	he date and time.
What is you Upper Selv	ir connection or interest to yyn Huts?
I am a	licence holder
T Lam n	ot a licence holder but live at
	Selwyn Huts

### Questions

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
	events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  THESE ARE THEIR HOMES  THEY SHOULANT HAVE TO  GO	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access:         Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.     </li> </ol>
	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

10 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

(

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.		
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?		
	Every year Every 2 years		
	Every 3-5 years		
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised		
	Other		
	Please add your comments:		
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:		
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?		
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:		
Yes No			
Please add your comments:			
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:		
	Lippor Solumn Huto I. Consultation Deaus visit 14		

### **Submitter Number: 119**

Full Name: Ken Perry

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a licence holder

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

There was no option to leave a box unchecked - my preferred term for my Licence is 30 years with the ability to renew subject to triggers as our Barrister has suggested. This is my home and you should not be talking about making me and everyone else homeless. You haven't told us the reason for this - you have said different reasons since you started trying to get rid of us - the reasons keep changing. Why do you want us gone?

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments

It says in the Reserves Act that a Licence can be renewed so why are you saying it can't be?

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

Civil Defence let us know if the flooding will be serious and we leave so how does it matter if the road is cut off? If Civil Defence didn't tell us and we were cut off, we have people here with four-wheel drives and neighbours with tractors who could get someone out if there was an emergency for that person.

If the road was badly damaged we do not believe the SDC wouldn't fix it. The road is access to the Lake, the Lower Huts, the Ngai Tahu farmhouse, the Selwyn Huts and there are a number of farms nearby - all of these people would need to be able to use the road.

A serious flood causing harm - that would be up for discussion if that happened. You do not evict others who have been flooded. The houses opposite us have been flooded, houses around Coes Ford have been flooded and also in Doyleston - they are allowed to continue living in those areas.

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

You paid experts to look at this and they said that we have no bigger risk of flooding than anywhere else in the district. They also said that more work needs to be done on the triggers. Why do you pay these experts and then not listen to them? I see whenever there is heavy rain a risk of the river carrying a lot of water, the Mayor seems to mention the Selwyn Huts quite early on before the Council knows for sure if there is going to be a problem for us. In the last heavy rain situation, he was saying we were evacuating in the morning when the river was low - in fact there was no need for us to go but it seems he wants to paint a negative picture to support the Council trying to remove us.

## If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Talk with the community and make sure you treat us the same as you would another community

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

In all the time we have been here you have never wanted us to pay this before. Why now?

### Please add your comments:

Don't include a bind

## Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

### Please add your comments:

You may be like a landlord of our sections but we own our own homes. You probably have the right to check the land but as far as I can find out, you can't inspect a privately owned home unless a complaint has been made about it.

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

No inspection of the houses either external or internal without cause.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication If their was a problem with the section then clear communication about what was wrong and a reasonable amount of time to fix it.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled? only inspect the land and as i already said - allow reasonable time to fix a problem

### Clare Lenihan LLB. MUSB

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- 3. For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in *italics*):

### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

80 Layard Street, Invercargill 9810 © 03 214 1674 © 027 577 6823 © clare.lenihan@environmentallawyer.co.nz

reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

⁸ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

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¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opma Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (**bolding** mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv)Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, ²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- 21. Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002:
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community 35 and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future 36.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "66"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1 provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a
  focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

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⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

### **Submitter Number: 120**

Full Name: Paul Lindsay

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

I live in Selwyn and see the Selwyn Huts and the owners/tenants as an established long term part of our community. They are not hurting anyone except a Selwyn District Council agenda from what I can see.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

Where is the fourth option that allows them to go past 30 years on 30 year review periods?

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

All of the above as all above are restrictive, subjective and can be abused by the Selwyn District Council to meet their own agenda. If you can aply this to one small Selwyn Community, then your moral compass would suggest you could try other small communities like Kirwee.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes

Please add your comments:

- 1. Flooding effects being constrained to two events is confrontational. Selwyn huts pay rates and therefore deserve the same treatments as Selwyn councillors.
- 2. Road closures are a natural event and if it was a councillors street in say Bangor Road, Darfield, would the councillor not demand the road be reinstated as a ratepayer? Anything else would be regarded as discriminatory. Selwyn huts pay rates and therefore deserve the same treatments as Selwyn councillors.
- 3. Is just absolute cop out and shows how morally corrupt SDC is when using this as an excuse to evict.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

If one of these events were to happen,	, what would you want Council to consider
when deciding what happens next?	

Treat them as rate paying members of the Selwyn community, employers of you the council and treat them no different to any other ratepayer.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

### Please add your comments:

The bond should be paid into an independent trust or tribunal that cannot be influenced by SDC, much like the Tenancy Tribunal. Guidelines should be established by both parties, for the bond that both parties have to adhere too. Preparation of the documents should be paid for by the Council since they are pushing for this provision. This sets out the operating framework for both licensor and licensee.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

Please add	your	comme	ents:
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Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Initial notification of non compliances and a declaration from the SDC advising the owner that they have say 90 days to consult with an independent engineer or registered builder to confirm or provide a pathway for objection to an impartial body. After dealing with SDC I wouldn't trust them.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Refer above.

### **Submitter Number: 121**

Full Name: Colin McCulloch

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a licence holder

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal) Please explain the reason for your selection:

I am 69 years old and on a pension. My hut is my home and only asset. If we are granted a lease of thirty years, that would be sufficient for the rest of my lifetime. If on the other hand, the lease is shorter, a significant number of people are going to be made homeless at a time of their lives when they cannot afford to buy or rent anywhere else. This is not only unjust, but makes no economic sense. A government agency will have to pick up the pieces, thereby costing the taxpayer.

This settlement has been in existence for over a hundred years. To close it down without decent notice and without regard for the Welfare of the residents is to act in a manner completely at odds with the purpose of a council, whose primary purpose is to serve its constituents.

### Please add your comments:

The inspections on the huts should not be onerous. Stormwater drainage, sewerage connections, and issues pertaining to the land should be the focus. Failure to issue a license due to some technicalities that would not raise concerns in freehold properties is simply a form of discrimination.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I see no reason why two road closures in a 12 month period should mandate 100 families be removed from their homes. This is draconian, excessive, and obviously slanted to allow the council to remove the settlement. When the stop bank overflows, the water runs a few inches deep over the road and drains into the lake behind the huts. It clears in a day or two. This is no excuse to close a community.

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Yes

Please add your comments:

It would be far cheaper for the council, instead of spending hundreds of thousands on this issue, to reinforce the stop bank. If the lifestyles of some huts residents cause the council concern, perhaps collaboration with social welfare agencies would help. To give one concrete example, if there are issues with unwarranted vehicles and unlicenced drivers, a bus service would make a huge difference.

## If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Alternative solutions to eviction.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I don't think the bond should be required at all. To introduce a bond now is like rewriting a contract after it has been signed. I would not have purchased my property had I known this was a likelihood. The council is the body forcing people out. I do not see why the evicted should have to pay for the privilege of losing their homes.

### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

### Please add your comments:

People will look after their homes if they are allowed to. Excessive government interference and regulation makes owners too terrified to do the repairs necessary.

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

Restrict the checklist to the land and the drainage.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Consultation and assistance, not draconian rules.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Gently

### **Submitter Number: 122**

Full Name: Cynthia King

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

I live in the broader area and know residents of Selwyn Huts.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

The term should not be fixed. Perhaps 100 years then rolled over and renewed would be a more suitable option. I wonder why the option of long term with renewal was not offered? This is a historical settlement so should preserved, not be demolished.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental

events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- 1. This is a ridiculous condition, as there are many roads in Selwyn that regularly get cut off by flood waters for more than 24 hours. Residents who live in houses along those roads are not in danger of having their homes removed from them. How absurd to make that a condition.
- 2. Roads should be maintained to a reasonable condition so as to withstand short term periods being awash.
- 3. This is highly unlikely given that residents actively monitor water levels, (we aren't talking tsunamis here.) Residents have plenty of time to plan and evacuate if necessary.

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

Yes, the "trauma event" being inflicted on residents by the Selwyn District Council by its prolonged action to remove Selwyn Hut residents by underhanded means.

The council has kept changing the "goal posts" for the residents. First it was threat to evict the residents due to an inadequate sewerage system which was subsequently satisfactorily upgraded, then it was the future danger of rising sea-levels according to the current RCP 8.5 factor which has been disproven by consultants and shown to be a

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

non-issue. Now the SDC puts out a rigged submission document so that is can be seen to be checking all the right boxes for "community consultation".
Also, I think it reprehensible that the SDC is weaponising the "Press", namely the Selwyn Times to promote propaganda against the Selwyn Huts residents.
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?
Treat the Selwyn Huts the same way that other communities are treated without prejudice. ie offer assistance, continue to repair and maintain services
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes Please add your comments
As the property could be in place for a hundred years or more, seems an odd idea.
Actually, seems like another revenue spinner to me.
Please add your comments:

The council is the administrator not the lessor. I think it is overstepping its mandate here.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

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### Please add your comments:

Never, only in the case where multiple complaints have been received, as in the case of hoarding perhaps. Not required otherwise. I have never required a WOF on my house. Why is it a condition for these house owners?

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

Not necessary. I don't know of anyone in any other district who have their privacy violated by having house inspections, photographs kept on file of their houses and gardens. It isn't right.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Not applicable, Inspections are a violation of the residents rights.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

No, the council is not the lessor of the properties and therefore have no right to conduct inspections.

## **Submitter Number: 123**

Full Name: Ross Thomson

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

I am a 3rd generation of hut owners, Both of my parents are license holders at the Upper Selwyn huts each with separate properties previously owned by their parents one located on Billens Avenue and one located on Spackman Avenue the latter my mothers current home, this is her everything her piece of paradise.

Both my sister and myself stand to inherit these properties and wish to continue the legacy for our family's and the next generations.

I spent my childhood growing up at the huts playing with friend's riding bikes fishing and game bird hunting in line with the reason the huts were developed.

we made friend's knew family's and supported each other, many of the connections forged back then are still strong to this day.

I still spend as much time there as possible with family and friend's sharing the place that we call home, as my parents age it has been my desire that these properties will remain in the family for future generations to enjoy, I myself had visions of retiring at the Upper Selwyn huts when my time came.

a place of peace, calm and fond memories.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

## Please add your comments:

The Selwyn District Council has not given any valid reason that justifies a non-renewable license, in turn I find none of the above options acceptable.

All independent evidence and reports, including Jacobs Consultancy, have not supported a non-renewable licence.

We seek a licence term of 30 years with the rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years.

As the Council issue License's under the ROLD Act and there is no time limit in this Act. The Reserves Act provides for leases and licence's to be issued for terms of up to 33 years

with or without a right of renewal

The council have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut

settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic values; recognizing the community's diversity; and promoting

the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

at a time where people need stability and a place to call home in the face of rising costs and limited property availability why would you not give them the peace of mind that they have somewhere safe to exist.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The above triggers are to me, unsuitable, suggesting that the USH settlement is frequently affected by floodwaters.

This has **NEVER** happened in my 44 years of belonging to the community. even in my father's **73** years at the USH. I have seen many "flood" events and the huts remain unaffected

1, We do not consider access being cut off for 24 hours a valid reason to warrant retreat.

We would like to be treated the same as if access to any other area of Selwyn is cut off.

2, USH are not the only users of Days Road. This road should be maintained as the main access to the lake. Users include but not limited to Search and rescue, USH, LSH, the farmhouse, DOC, ECAN and users of the boat ramp to the lake. Destruction of this road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.

The Council has a responsibility of maintaining this road and this should not affect USH's license to occupy.

I reference the following also

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Jacob's report 7/3/25 concluded:

- i. "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage." ii. "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
- iii. "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years".
- iv. "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community".

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No

Please add your comments:

Any additional event will be unknown at this stage as there may be discussions or agreements between party's/people outside the knowledge of the USH community.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

I do not foresee any of these issues happening to a level the council are assuming, the council has a duty of care to repair infostructure and keeping community's safe and accessible.

As per the Selwyn District Councils' own remit, their priority is the safety and wellbeing of the community. Therefore, the council would be required to find permanent, suitable accommodation for the entire community should they become displaced due to the area becoming unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintai

The Hurunui District Council have been proactive in this area, securing land for at risk residents to have access to if the time comes and they need to relocate due to environmental reasons they have a place available and the opportunity to invest in a future supported by their council.

If there was a significant event requiring the community to relocate, a community led decision on anything that affects us, including collaboration with and

empowerment of our community,	as we did for 116 years	s pre 2011 before	the Council
took over from the Committee.			

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

Where possible homes may be relocated, reducing the burden on the owners and the council of demolition. this should be an option for those with property's that are on pile type foundations.

### Please add your comments:

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

upon signing the 30 year renuable lase

## Please add your comments:

My mother's home was issued a Code Compliance Certificate 5/02/13. No other building work has taken place since this date.

There are rental properties within our USH community with tenants who are renting substandard properties, The properties do not meet heathy homes standards as required by law I believe this needs to be addressed.

Unfortunately to the detriment of our USH community, several property speculators have found our settlement, buying and renting out multiple substandard properties.

Building inspections should be carried out to give the Selwyn District Council a baseline of the condition of our home.

With this baseline the Selwyn District Council will be able to move forward with supporting owners to bring their homes and properties up to a healthy home's standard.

This needs to be done through the lens of helping and enabling the people of our community rather than a means to terminate anyone's right to stay in their dwelling.

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

This is Entirely dependent on what issues were identified. USH residents should expect transparency, honest and full support to attend to or rectify any issues. And make properties healthy safe and fit for habitation.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Work with owners and allow time where possible to rectify and or make good the changes as required.

## Clare Lenihan LE MUSE

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

#### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

⁸ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opua Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ..
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, ²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community³⁵ and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future³⁶.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

#### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

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³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "6"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, \$28(1) Reserves

Act

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

#### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on 6. Option 3 seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

# **Submitter Number: 124**

Full Name: Tracey MacLeod

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

Other

Resident interested in fairness & balance

### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal) Please explain the reason for your selection:

First, I want to acknowledge the stress this must be putting on those living permanently at the Huts.

Second, it is still not clear to me what is the underlying issue here? The Aqualink report suggests innundation is unlikely before 2080? Other areas of Selwyn have flooded in recent rain events, blocking road access, damaging roads and flooding homes. Not Upper Selwyn Huts. In fairness, if flood events are driving this, are SDC looking to rid itself of the cost/responsibility because they can under the Licence franework, where they cannot move the homes from more flood prone parts of our region?

I have yet to read a compelling rebuttal of the USH legal advice on the newly appearing term 'finite'

It's difficult to have a view on length of Licence when full costings of Selwyn-wide impact have not been undertaken - at first glance this appears the wrong way round. SDC has had a lot of time to prepare costings. The recent Council meeting on this issue and the whooly responses on costings, do not fill me with confidence.

Leaving aside innundation, which cannot be driving this decision (Aqualinc) and costs not calculated yet - what is driving this decision? I've heard Licence + Rates + Bond calculations ranging from \$3000 to 7000 per year.

I am of the view that Licence holders and immediate family only, should be Licence holders with no right to sublet or rent out the huts.

I cannot help but finish by noting that Developers in Selwyn appear to get better treatment from our Council than ratepayers, including USH people

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?	
Please add your comments:	

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes
Please explain your reason:
Again, no costing is available to measure these event impacts against. So 'too expensive to maintain' is vague at best. Compared to other parts of Selwyn where roads or bridges have been impacted, how often have any of these events happened at USH?
The Aqualinc modelling suggests USH will not be the only areas in trouble by 2080?
Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  No  Please add your comments:
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  I would expect well before one of these events occurred, a full costing of these eventualities would already be modelled?
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? No Please add your comments As long as the bond is VERY clear from the outset about what exact land condition the Council is referring to and it is reasonable. Do you mean the cost of dismantly all structures on the land?
Please add your comments:

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

I am aware of a number of properties in Selwyn, on land area of over 1000m2, where at construction a connected (to main house or garaging) area was plumbed and wired for a kitchen but did not install to evade the development contribution required by the Council. Following issuance of CCC a kitchen was added. Few of these properties, to my knowledge, are revisited by SDC inspectors. Properties without pools or specified items requiring inspection get inspected so why would these properties? Whatever you apply to USH must be equally applied and implemented across all properties in Selwyn and that sounds very expensive.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication The same level and depth of communication any home iwner in SDC receives if there is a transgression. Advance notice, reasonable chance to rectify and that whichever person at SDC they speak to, and when, supplies them with consisten and accurate advice.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 125**

Full Name: Leslie McAuley

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

### What is your interest in the area?

Selwyn ratepayer

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

- * 30 year licence with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years conditional on triggers is a fair term given the lack of reasons justifying a non-renewable licence.
- * No reason given that justifies a non-renewable licence.
- * Council commissioned reports do not support the next licence being non-renewable.
- * Before a non-renewable term is agreed community need to be given evidence of risk and the opportunity to mitigate that risk.
- * A decision for a non-renewable licence should be community led not forced upon the community.
- *administering a local purpose reserve comes with obligations which the council isn't

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

Upper Selwyn Huts has not been floodedin 130 years

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

- # Significant heritage values that should be protected
- # current affordable housing shortage
- # Upper Selwyn Huts is unique and should be recognised as an asset
- # you don't understand why the Council or forcing this decision
- # without a justifiable reason for non-renewable the community and their supporters will continue to challenge the Council wasting time and money on both sides.
- # Council should be finding ways to help the settlement and community stay.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Upper Selwyn Huts wants to be treated like everyone else in the district.

- * Upper Selwyn Huts should be given the chance to mitigate any proven risks before trigger points are decided
- * examples 1 & 2 are not appropriate to make someone homeless and they are vague.
- * being cut off for 24 is not an issue and the road should be maintained regardless as there are many users of this road other that Upper Selwyn Huts. It is an access to the lake.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

## Please add your comments:

The bond has not been needed before and with no justifiable reason for a nonrenewable licence a bond is not needed now

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

Selwyn Hut owners should be treated like any other ratepayerin the region. This is these people's homes and memories. Why is thiseven happening?

<b>Do you</b>	ı think t	he checklist	covers the	right things?
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Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

## **Submitter Number: 126**

Full Name: Grant and Jillian Bonniface

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

#### Other

Our family has been associated with the Huts for around 100 years having started with our Grandparents and relations in the 1920's, with a hut built in the 1940's and a current hut purchased by our parents in 1958. On the farming side of our family, we also directly owned the farm ("Riversmere") on both sides of Days Road immediately adjacent to the huts including the riverbed and lake flat for over 100 years. Our family has been involved in the community for a very long period including serving on the Springston South Domain Board and Hut Owners Association.

#### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

We have not selected a licence term. We believe the lease should have a long term (30 years) and rights of renewal.

#### **Explanation**

The USH is a community on the Selwyn River away from the shores of Te Waihora Lake Ellesmere that has for over 120 years evolved to the community that exists today which is a combination of recreational users and permanent residents. This mix has changed over time as rules for occupation have changed under various entities vested with looking after the community but the heart of the community has not changed. Prior to the SDC, governing bodies including the Springston South Domain Board and the Selwyn Hut Owners Association who were there to manage the activities of the Reserve for the betterment of the Hut Owners with a contemplation of the USH continuing in existence in perpetuity for the benefit of the hut owners, preserving the community. These organisations never contemplated any finite term and in my view it is the Council's responsibility and obligation both morally and under a duty of care, and under law to support the long term existence of the huts as a "Hut Settlement" ensuring its continued use, enjoyment and preservation.

Council have installed a sewerage system which has a long life resolving waste water issues.

In reading the opinion by Clare Lenihan dated 20 June 2025, there appears to be no reason why licenses cannot be granted for a period of 30 years with ongoing rights of renewal subject perhaps to environmental considerations where the Huts become uninhabitable. These would need to be well thought out and understood.

It is also noted that SDC have received advice from the Jacobs Report and Aqualinc that there is no pressing risk to the hut settlement from climate change related issues in the next 30 or so years. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years and is by no means certain and no greater than other parts of the District.

Ultimately, Council needs to be working for this community to meet its obligations as to "how we can ensure the Huts existence for the long term, not why we can't", the same obligation as Council has across other communities and residents of its District.

To conclude: Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

These triggers highlighted are somewhat spurious and are not appropriate and look like they have been created to give reasons for early termination.

- 1. Flooding that cuts of access twice in a year is not that big an issue and is managed by resident self-evacuation. It must be noted that over the last few years events, and in fact across its history, floods have occurred that have flooded the road through bank overtopping in the low part of the bank above the Huts but this has only prevented access for a brief time (a few days) with water disbursing relatively quickly through to the Lake allowing access to the huts. In 2021 access was achieved by Army 4 wheel drive vehicles.
- 2. It is very unlikely that the road would be damaged so that there is no prolonged lack of access and occupation. The road has been there for well over 120 years and while water level has prevented access in the short term, the road has not been impassible due to water flow damage to the road itself in that time. Even in 1951, extensive flooding occurred across the Canterbury region and in the area did not make the farms or huts inaccessible for an extended period or cause damage to the road or the huts. Flood waters with sufficient velocity to damage the road would likely cause far more significant damage upstream in other parts of the district ie Dunsandel, SH1 Road and Rail bridges, and would have overtopped the bank up river to south of the Selwyn River flowing towards the lake. See attached photo showing Days Rd shortly after a flood event in 2021. Water disbursed and access was regained.
- 3. In relation to earthquakes, the Hut community has been through earthquakes Greendale 2010, Christchurch 2011 that did not block the road, nor cause issues that are different from an earthquake anywhere else in the Selwyn District. In fact Darfeild is probably at much higher risk.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

People are resilient and manage through the events that are highlighted in this question and these are the same for all the communities that exist within the Selwyn District and beyond.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

We are not experts in this area and should not expected to propose environmental events that would create some form of retreat. All events are different and need a sensitive well considered approach.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

We can't see that a bond is appropriate. There has not been one in place in the Huts' existence and under a renewable licence is not required.

Unclear as to what a bond might achieve and what level is meaningful \$1000, \$1000, ?. Any bond assuming that the hut owners have sufficient funds at this juncture would need to be held in trust for the specific hut owner and be invested for the benefit of the hut owner. This would need to be appropriately administered including annual interest payments and resident withholding tax payments. Issues such of refunds on sale would need to be dealt with and how they might be keep would need independent clarity.

It may be appropriate that a reinstatement provision that obligates the hut owners to reinstate is included within the licence which is agreed to by the hut owner but this needs to be clearly defined and worked through.

Bonds are likely a financial burden to Hut owners given the nature of the residents and their financial position.

Please add your comments:				
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?				
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.				
How often do you think building inspections should occur?				
Other				
Please add your comments:				

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

Hut owners would like to be treated as any other resident in the Selwyn District. Is the Council going to inspect all houses over 80 years old in the district for some form of compliance based on the Assessment schedule?

These are homes that derive their heritage from recreational Huts constructed over a very long period of time in different ways. The current owners use them on the basis of how they have been constructed and accept them and maintain them and inhabit them on that basis.

We are happy to have a once only external inspection to establish general condition and location features (although lot boundaries will be difficult to establish in a lot of cases. We seriously question the ability of Council inspectors to provide appropriate assessments in a way that is other than rules and definition based and assumes the lowest degrees of risk to Council.

There is no stormwater system in the Huts so all stormwater is discharged to ground. Underfloor ventilation is how it is and cannot be changed so should not be considered.

Agree that Huts should be kept in a tidy condition and be maintained in such condition. ie rubbish, unkept lawns and shrubbery, visible inoperative cars or trailers etc.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

## Clare Lenihan LLB. MUSB

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council.

Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- 3. For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in *italics*):

#### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

80 Layard Street, Invercargill 9810 🖟 03 214 1674 👊 027 577 6823 🖟 clare.lenihan@environmentallawyer.co.nz

reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opua Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

## What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv)Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, ²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- 21. Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002:
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community 35 and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future 36.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

## (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "6"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

## 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

2021 photo immediately above the huts showing bank breach with flood waters across farmland to the south and Days Road through bottom quarter with shallow water across the road.



## **Submitter Number: 127**

Full Name: Maria Carter Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area?
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years) Please explain the reason for your selection:
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Please add your comments:

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

* Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes Please explain your reason:
Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
Please add your comments:
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation
responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes
Please add your comments
Please add your comments:

Do you have any	other feedback or	suggestions on	the inclusion	of a bond?
Nο				

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

## Please add your comments:

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication replacement and iterim accommodation

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

## **Submitter Number: 128**

Full Name: Susan Rogers

Organisation: Selwyn Hut Owners' Association Inc

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

### Other

The Selwyn Huts Owners' Association represents 94% of the homeowners of the Upper Selwyn Huts

## What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

## Please add your comments:

Other: Residents seek a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

Our preferred option is based on our Barrister's legal opinion 20 June 2025 (attached) which states the Council is not bound by a non-renewable Licence, that the Council needs to consider their obligations as administrator of a **local purpose reserve for the** 

**purpose of hut settlement**, which includes the community, as well as its specific historic values.

The Council is failing to meet their obligations as the administrator of this local purpose reserve and in addition there is clear and extensive evidence they have actively sought ways to end the settlement's occupancy since at least 2017.

The Council has not given any reason to justify a non-renewable Licence and is ignoring all the reasons for the next Licence to be renewable.

## Why can't we have a renewable Licence?

Please note - the Selwyn Huts Owners' Association Inc represents 94% of the homeowners of Upper Selwyn Huts.

The following will expand on the above summary under the following headings:

- 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term
- 2. The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for the Purpose of Hut Settlement
- 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations
- 4. There Are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence
- 5. Other Reasons the Next Licence Should be Renewable

## 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "54 (i) Council is not bound by any finite Licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act:
- 54 (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a Licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- 54 (iii) Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term"

Why is the Council's legal team advising Councillors that the next Licence must be non-renewable?

# 2. <u>The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for</u> the Purpose of Hut Settlement

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", **for the particular purpose for which it was classified.**
- 49. The functions of administering bodies include to **ensure the use**, **enjoyment**, **development**, **maintenance**, **protection and preservation as the case may require**, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified."
- "51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement."
- "44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve."
- "54 (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and **promote the social**, **economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future**
- 54 (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement"
- M.P. Andy Foster (ex Wellington Mayor) Email to Sam Broughton; Sharon Mason & Tim Harris 5/3/25:
- "This community is not wealthy, and some of its members are vulnerable in their circumstances. Councils have a duty of care under the Local Government Act".

Selwyn District Council – USH Councillors Workshop Notes Publicly Excluded 5/3/25:

Guiding Principles and Assumptions "Ensuring that no one is made homeless"

Public Consultation and Decision Making in Local Government: Application of Administrative Law (oag.parliament.nz):

"Procedural fairness requires...the interested parties must receive a "fair hearing"

"Predetermination. A decision in the consultative process could be challenged if a decision maker has predetermined the question on which comment was sought"

## 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations

As per above, the Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified, and the functions of administering bodies include to ensure the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified.

There is clear evidence from 2017 that Selwyn District Council has not only failed to meet these obligations but has actively sought multiple ways and reasons to terminate the occupancy of the Upper Selwyn Huts from this Local Purpose Reserve as follows:

 2017 SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve by seeking a legal opinion on ability to end USH occupancy.

Buddle Findlay legal opinion to SDC:

"You have asked for our views on the following matters:

(a) The feasibility of refusing to renew the Licences"...

- 2019, 8 May Council Meeting SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment
  of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve by
  passing a resolution to make future Licences short term and ultimately finite:
  - 2018 Council Commissioned report "Upper Selwyn Huts Community Strategy Development Draft Working Proposal" by Development Matters recommends:
    - "for the Council to give certainty and transparency for Licence holders, the council will grant a Licence for a five-year period from 30 June 2020 and five subsequent renewals of five-year periods. The subsequent renewals will be determined by both the life of the wastewater consent and the ongoing impact of climate change".
  - Councillors ignore these recommendations and under the low significance classification (and therefore no formal community consultation) and publicly excluded meeting, Council pass the resolution that hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period.
- 2019 SDC fails to recognise and protect the historic significance of the USH by blocking the USH Heritage List Application:
  - 4 March 2019 Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga (HNZPT) receives Upper Selwyn Huts application for entry on the New Zealand Heritage List/Rarangi Korero Historic Places and Historic Areas.
  - 7 March 2019 SDC receives legal opinion from Buddle Findlay which states:
    - "we would not find it particularly surprising if there was expert support of there being heritage values of some kind in at least some of the Huts, or the area as a whole, given it's history. Notably the Huts were apparently established in 1895, which in itself could potentially mean they have relevance as an "archaeological site" for the purposes of the Act (ie being associated with human activity before 1900)."
    - "If part or all of the Huts were to be entered on the Statutory List as a historic area, the most notable consequence would be that HNZPT could then "make recommendations to [the Council] as to the appropriate measures that [the Council] should take to assist in the conservation and protection of the historic area", to which the Council must "have particular regard".
  - 8 May 2019 SDC under the low significance classification (and therefore no formal community consultation) and publicly excluded meeting, pass the resolution that hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period.

- 12 June 2019 SDC writes to HNZPT informing them of the 8 May 2019 Council Resolution that "hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period".
- 5 August 2019 HNZPT writes to Council and USH declining USH application for entry on the NZ Heritage List based on the Council's 8 May 2019 resolution.
- 24 April 2024 Selwyn Huts Owners' Association's Barrister Clare Lenihan wrote to the Association questioning whether HNZPT could decline this application on the grounds that it did.
- 2023 SDC fails to meet administrator's obligations by attempting to transfer its administering functions and obligations of the Local Purpose Reserve to the Department of Conservation:
  - o 14 June 2023 Buddle Findlay, on behalf of SDC, writes to DOC stating:
    - The reserve is surplus to its requirements and should be returned to the Crown
    - The Crown, DOC or an alternative administering body will be best place to manage the Reserve and the existing Hut Settlement
  - o 18 September 2023 DOC replies:
    - "Given the local nature of the Reserve revoking the Council's appointment would not be for the "better carrying out the purpose of the Reserve".
    - "The Council remains best placed to manage the Reserves local purposes"
    - "There is no evidence that any other agency including iwi would be better placed to manage the Reserve for its current purposes."
- 2024 (March) SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve and fails to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of the community by:
  - Classifying the future occupancy of USH as low significance, ensuring any future strategy is not community led.
  - Presents USH with a 174-page document 2 working days before the Council votes on the next Licence to occupy being a maximum of 15 years finite with no consultation.
- 2024-2025 SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve and fails to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of the community by

attempting to justify a non-renewable Licence based on an ever-changing list of reasons and not being interested in alternative opinions or solutions (see Number "4. There are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence" below).

- 2025 (May-June) SDC fails quality and fair consultation with USH by predetermining the Licence term outcome:
  - Question 1. Licence Term Options of the Future Deed of Licence Consultation document only provides non-renewable options and does not include an "Other" box. This incorrectly implies non-renewable are the only Licence options and predetermining the consultation outcome.
  - Selwyn Huts Owners' Association requests that any consultation summary includes the total submissions that prefer "Other" Licence terms options, which include any submission that didn't have a box ticked but included comments; as well as any submission that had a box ticked but included comments for the term to be renewable or similar.

Why hasn't the Council described USH as a "Local Purpose Reserve, for the purpose of hut settlement" anywhere in the consultation document or in any media releases?

Are the Council aware of their legal obligations as an administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve?

Why has the Council predetermined a non-renewable Licence since 2017 and refused to carry out community led engagement?

Why has the Council not recognised or moved to protect USH's significant heritage values since Buddle Findlay identified these in 2019?

## 4. There Are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence

Since 2019 and particularly since March 2024, the Council has provided USH with an ever-evolving list of reasons for a non-renewable Licence. As some reasons are disproved, new reasons are provided. The USH community does not have a current list of Council reasons justifying a non-renewable Licence.

The question has always been, and remains, why should the next Licence be non-renewable for the first time in 130 years?

Collating multiple documents, we believe the following are the Council's remaining justifications:

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  - o What is meant by "wider community tension?
  - o It is the Councils' role to manage community tensions. We believe the Council are creating community tensions about Upper Selwyn Huts by their media releases with their exaggerated narratives that the USH community are costing ratepayers money and that we are constantly at risk from extreme weather events, neither of which are true.
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- USH community believes the opposite stop bank is lower than the stop bank at the settlement and is more at risk.
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## Legal Constraints

- have adjusted their preferred Licence term option to fall within the constraints of SDC's internal legal team's advice to Councillors 21 May 2025 as follows:
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  - USH requires more time to obtain legal advice on SDC's Duty of Care in relation to being an administrator of the local purpose reserve.
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Why can't we have a 30 year renewable Licence?

Why has the Council continually shifted the goal posts since 2017?

Why has the Council ignored the recommendations of both the Council commissioned Aqualinc and Jacobs reports and continue to push for a non-renewable licence?

Why hasn't the Council's legal team given us the legislative details of their advice to Councillors despite our LGOIMA, request for a response to Barristers opinion and phone call from the Barrister?

## 5. Other Reasons the Next Licence Should be Renewable

The Council as administrators of a local purpose reserve have legal obligations which they are failing to meet.

- In the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant Licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.
- No reason provided by the Council so far justifies a non-renewable Licence.
- Councils own commissioned scientific and consultant reports do not support a non-renewable Licence.

- USH has never flooded in 130 years.
- Heritage. SDC needs to consider the specific historic values of the reserve and community (Barrister opinion attached).
- USH has commissioned a Statement of Significance from historians Underground Overground Archaeology (UOA) (which will be provided to you before the Oral Submissions) which concludes that The Upper Selwyn Huts is an archaeological site and the place also contains significant heritage values. UOA recommends:
  - That the huts remain on their current site;
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- Expectation of permanency from 2015 the Licence contains the word permanent. It is in the current Licence 5 times (Barrister's opinion attached).
   Half of the houses have changed ownership since 2015, with the understanding that permanent means long term occupancy.
- There is a current housing shortage and also limited availability of low cost housing, especially in Selwyn. The housing in USH should be protected for this reason for as long as it is safe to do so.
- The USH is a unique community, and "a very special and welcoming place, both its built character and its strong sense of community. I would have hoped that Selwyn District Council could see Upper Selwyn Huts as being a special asset for as long as possible." (MP Andy Foster email to SDC 7/3/2025).
- Security of tenure is a basic human right. The USH residents have not experienced this right for 10 years. They deserve to live in their homes in peace, privacy and comfort with less stress and more certainty.
- USH community does not understand nor agree with the reasons behind a nonrenewable Licence.

 USH will continue to challenge SDC if a non-renewable Licence is voted in without justification.

With all the reasons supporting a renewable Licence, and no reasons given that justify a non-renewable Licence, why can't the next Licence be renewable?

## **Summary/In Conclusion**

Selwyn Huts Owners' Association does not agree with any of the three Licence term options provided as they are all non-renewable.

SDC as administrators of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement, have legal obligations when administrating the reserve. Selwyn Huts Owners' Association does not believe SDC are meeting those obligations. In fact there is compelling evidence that SDC have been actively seeking ways to remove the community since 2017.

There are no reasons provided that justify a non-renewable Licence, however there are many reasons why the next Licence should be renewable.

For these reasons, the residents seek a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- In relation to environmental events, we would like to be treated the same as everyone else in the district.
- To the best of our knowledge, no mitigation solutions have been investigated by the Council. Mitigation options should be explored thoroughly before confirming events that will trigger retreat. Specific triggers provided here are inappropriate, vague and open to different interpretation. This gives the Council power to terminate Licences unnecessarily.
- The Civil Defence warning system is very effective and the community is also very organised with self-monitoring which enables them to manage their own evacuations if required.
- Flooding of road access is not a reason to warrant retreat.
- USH are not the only users of Days Rd. This road is used by Lower Selwyn Huts; the Ngai Tahu farm house; ECan; users of the lake and the boat ramp; as well as the neighbouring farmers. We believe the Council has a responsibility to maintain this road and this should not affect our future occupancy. Damage to the road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.
- This community is motivated and willing to work with the Council to research any mitigation options. This should happen before any triggers are decided upon.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

- The Council commissioned reports from Aqualinc and ECan which contributed to the conclusion of the Jacob's report 7/3/25 (also commissioned by Council):
  - "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage."
  - "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
  - "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years."
  - "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community."

No further research has been carried out in this area and presented to the community, so it is unclear where the events listed in the consultation document have come from?

 Reference to environmental events leading to an early Licence end should only relate to a significant event which has caused serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a significant event that cannot be mitigated.

If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body that the USH is permanently uninhabitable, a Licence end date could be mutually agreed upon.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

 In the event of a serious environmental event, the next step would be a discussion with the community leading to a collaborative decision on the way forward.

This community deserves to be treated in the same manner as any other community in the Selwyn District. Forcing their retreat before any significant risk has been identified or any major event has occurred without justification is not acceptable.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

- A bond hasn't been required in 130 years. We are requesting a renewable Licence and in line with precedents set in the past, a bond should not be required.
- This is an additional cost to residents at a time when all costs are increasing, possibly significantly.

## Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Only when SDC receives a complaint

## Please add your comments:

- Buildings should only be inspected when a complaint is made regarding an individual house.
- The USH should be treated like everyone else in the district.
- Pending a legal opinion on the Council's duty of care and the Council's rights to inspect, we are awaiting confirmation as to whether a settlement-wide inspection is lawful.

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

- This should be a lot inspection only and should not include the buildings as the Council are not landlords of our buildings.
- The Building Condition External section should be removed in its entirety.

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

- If there is a problem with the lot, a mutually agreed timeframe to remediate without punitive consequences.
- Support and advice from Council would be helpful if there are any issues.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

- Any issues with an inspection should NOT be a reason to terminate a Licence.
- Ensuring that no one is made homeless is one of the Council's own guiding principles and assumptions.

PLEASE NOTE - A PDF VERSION OF THIS SUBMISSION HAS BEEN ATTACHED IF THERE ARE ANY FORMATTING ISSUES WITH THE VOLUME OF THIS SUBMISSION.

#### Selwyn Huts Owners' Association Consultation Submission (20 July 2025)

### **Question 1: Licence Term Options**

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future Licences should last. Please select your preferred Licence term from the options below.

- · Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.
- A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.
- Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).

Other: Residents seek a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

#### Please explain the reason for your selection:

Our preferred option is based on our Barrister's legal opinion 20 June 2025 (attached) which states the Council is not bound by a non-renewable Licence, that the Council needs to consider their obligations as administrator of a **local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement**, which includes the community, as well as its specific historic values.

The Council is failing to meet their obligations as the administrator of this local purpose reserve and in addition there is clear and extensive evidence they have actively sought ways to end the settlement's occupancy since at least 2017.

The Council has not given any reason to justify a non-renewable Licence and is ignoring all the reasons for the next Licence to be renewable.

### Why can't we have a renewable Licence?

Do you have any other feedback? Yes No.

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

Please note - the Selwyn Huts Owners' Association Inc represents 94% of the homeowners of Upper Selwyn Huts.

The following will expand on the above summary under the following headings:

- 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term
- The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for the Purpose of Hut Settlement
- 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations
- 4. There Are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence
- 5. Other Reasons the Next Licence Should be Renewable

## 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "54 (i) Council is not bound by any finite Licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act.
- 54 (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a Licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- 54 (iii) Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term"

Why is the Council's legal team advising Councillors that the next Licence must be nonrenewable?

#### The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for the Purpose of Hut Settlement

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified.
- 49. The functions of administering bodies include to ensure the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified."
- "51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement."
- "44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve."
- "54 (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future
- 54 (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement"
- M.P. Andy Foster (ex Wellington Mayor) Email to Sam Broughton; Sharon Mason & Tim Harris 5/3/25:

"This community is not wealthy, and some of its members are vulnerable in their circumstances. Councils have a duty of care under the Local Government Act".

Selwyn District Council – USH Councillors Workshop Notes Publicly Excluded 5/3/25: Guiding Principles and Assumptions

#### "Ensuring that no one is made homeless"

Public Consultation and Decision Making in Local Government: Application of Administrative Law (oaq.parliament.nz):

"Procedural fairness requires...the interested parties must receive a "fair hearing"

"**Predetermination**. A decision in the consultative process could be challenged if a decision maker has predetermined the question on which comment was sought"

#### 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations

As per above, the Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified, and the functions of administering bodies include to ensure the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified.

There is clear evidence from 2017 that Selwyn District Council has not only failed to meet these obligations but has actively sought multiple ways and reasons to terminate the occupancy of the Upper Selwyn Huts from this Local Purpose Reserve as follows:

 2017 SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve by seeking a legal opinion on ability to end USH occupancy.

Buddle Findlay legal opinion to SDC:

"You have asked for our views on the following matters:

- (a) The feasibility of refusing to renew the Licences"...
- 2019, 8 May Council Meeting SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve by passing a resolution to make future Licences short term and ultimately finite:
  - 2018 Council Commissioned report "Upper Selwyn Huts Community Strategy Development Draft Working Proposal" by Development Matters recommends:
    - "for the Council to give certainty and transparency for Licence holders, the council will grant a Licence for a five-year period from 30 June 2020 and five subsequent renewals of five-year periods. The subsequent renewals will be determined by both the life of the wastewater consent and the ongoing impact of climate change".
  - Councillors ignore these recommendations and under the low significance classification (and therefore no formal community consultation) and publicly excluded meeting, Council pass the resolution that hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period.
- 2019 SDC fails to recognise and protect the historic significance of the USH by blocking the USH Heritage List Application:
  - 4 March 2019 Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga (HNZPT) receives Upper Selwyn Huts application for entry on the New Zealand Heritage List/Rarangi Korero Historic Places and Historic Areas.

- o 7 March 2019 SDC receives legal opinion from Buddle Findlay which states:
  - "we would not find it particularly surprising if there was expert support of there being heritage values of some kind in at least some of the Huts, or the area as a whole, given it's history. Notably the Huts were apparently established in 1895, which in itself could potentially mean they have relevance as an "archaeological site" for the purposes of the Act (ie being associated with human activity before 1900)."
  - "If part or all of the Huts were to be entered on the Statutory List as a historic area, the most notable consequence would be that HNZPT could then "make recommendations to [the Council] as to the appropriate measures that [the Council] should take to assist in the conservation and protection of the historic area", to which the Council must "have particular regard".
- 8 May 2019 SDC under the low significance classification (and therefore no formal community consultation) and publicly excluded meeting, pass the resolution that hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period.
- 12 June 2019 SDC writes to HNZPT informing them of the 8 May 2019 Council Resolution that "hut Licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period".
- 5 August 2019 HNZPT writes to Council and USH declining USH application for entry on the NZ Heritage List based on the Council's 8 May 2019 resolution.
- 24 April 2024 Selwyn Huts Owners' Association's Barrister Clare Lenihan wrote to the Association questioning whether HNZPT could decline this application on the grounds that it did.
- 2023 SDC fails to meet administrator's obligations by attempting to transfer its administering functions and obligations of the Local Purpose Reserve to the Department of Conservation:
  - $\circ\quad$  14 June 2023 Buddle Findlay, on behalf of SDC, writes to DOC stating:
    - The reserve is surplus to its requirements and should be returned to the Crown
    - The Crown, DOC or an alternative administering body will be best place to manage the Reserve and the existing Hut Settlement
  - o 18 September 2023 DOC replies:
    - "Given the local nature of the Reserve revoking the Council's appointment would not be for the "better carrying out the purpose of the Reserve".
    - "The Council remains best placed to manage the Reserves local purposes"
    - "There is no evidence that any other agency including iwi would be better placed to manage the Reserve for its current purposes."
- 2024 (March) SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and preserve the classified purpose of the reserve and fails to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of the community by:
  - Classifying the future occupancy of USH as low significance, ensuring any future strategy is not community led.
  - Presents USH with a 174-page document 2 working days before the Council votes on the next Licence to occupy being a maximum of 15 years finite with no consultation.

- 2024-2025 SDC fails to ensure the use and enjoyment of, and to protect and
  preserve the classified purpose of the reserve and fails to promote the social,
  economic and cultural well-being of the community by attempting to justify a nonrenewable Licence based on an ever-changing list of reasons and not being interested
  in alternative opinions or solutions (see Number "4. There are No Reasons Justifying a
  Non-Renewable Licence" below).
- 2025 (May-June) SDC fails quality and fair consultation with USH by predetermining the Licence term outcome:
  - Question 1. Licence Term Options of the Future Deed of Licence Consultation document only provides non-renewable options and does not include an "Other" box. This incorrectly implies non-renewable are the only Licence options and predetermining the consultation outcome.
  - Selwyn Huts Owners' Association requests that any consultation summary includes the total submissions that prefer "Other" Licence terms options, which include any submission that didn't have a box ticked but included comments; as well as any submission that had a box ticked but included comments for the term to be renewable or similar.

Why hasn't the Council described USH as a "Local Purpose Reserve, for the purpose of hut settlement" anywhere in the consultation document or in any media releases?

Are the Council aware of their legal obligations as an administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve?

Why has the Council predetermined a non-renewable Licence since 2017 and refused to carry out community led engagement?

Why has the Council not recognised or moved to protect USH's significant heritage values since Buddle Findlay identified these in 2019?

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- Expectation of permanency from 2015 the Licence contains the word permanent. It is in the current Licence 5 times (Barrister's opinion attached). Half of the houses have changed ownership since 2015, with the understanding that permanent means long term occupancy.
- There is a current housing shortage and also limited availability of low cost housing, especially in Selwyn. The housing in USH should be protected for this reason for as long as it is safe to do so.
- The USH is a unique community, and "a very special and welcoming place, both its built
  character and its strong sense of community. I would have hoped that Selwyn District
  Council could see Upper Selwyn Huts as being a special asset for as long as possible."
  (MP Andy Foster email to SDC 7/3/2025).
- Security of tenure is a basic human right. The USH residents have not experienced this
  right for 10 years. They deserve to live in their homes in peace, privacy and comfort with
  less stress and more certainty.
- USH community does not understand nor agree with the reasons behind a non-renewable Licence.
- USH will continue to challenge SDC if a non-renewable Licence is voted in without justification.

With all the reasons supporting a renewable Licence, and no reasons given that justify a non-renewable Licence, why can't the next Licence be renewable?

#### Summary/In Conclusion

Selwyn Huts Owners' Association does not agree with any of the three Licence term options provided as they are all non-renewable.

SDC as administrators of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement, have legal obligations when administrating the reserve. Selwyn Huts Owners' Association does not believe SDC are meeting those obligations. In fact there is compelling evidence that SDC have been actively seeking ways to remove the community since 2017.

There are no reasons provided that justify a non-renewable Licence, however there are many reasons why the next Licence should be renewable.

For these reasons, the residents seek a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister.

#### Question 2: Environmental Events for Early Licence End

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a Licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
- Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
- Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes/No

#### Please explain your reason:

- In relation to environmental events, we would like to be treated the same as everyone
  else in the district.
- To the best of our knowledge, no mitigation solutions have been investigated by the
  Council. Mitigation options should be explored thoroughly before confirming events that will
  trigger retreat. Specific triggers provided here are inappropriate, vague and open to
  different interpretation. This gives the Council power to terminate Licences unnecessarily.
- The Civil Defence warning system is very effective and the community is also very organised with self-monitoring which enables them to manage their own evacuations if required.
- Flooding of road access is not a reason to warrant retreat.
- USH are not the only users of Days Rd. This road is used by Lower Selwyn Huts; the Ngai Tahu farm house; ECan; users of the lake and the boat ramp; as well as the neighbouring farmers. We believe the Council has a responsibility to maintain this road and this should not affect our future occupancy. Damage to the road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.
- This community is motivated and willing to work with the Council to research any mitigation options. This should happen before any triggers are decided upon.

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes/No.

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

- The Council commissioned reports from Aqualinc and ECan which contributed to the conclusion of the Jacob's report 7/3/25 (also commissioned by Council):
  - "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage."
  - "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
  - "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years."
  - "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community."

No further research has been carried out in this area and presented to the community, so it is unclear where the events listed in the consultation document have come from?

Reference to environmental events leading to an early Licence end should only relate to a
significant event which has caused serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a
significant event that cannot be mitigated.
 If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body that the USH is permanently
uninhabitable, a Licence end date could be mutually agreed upon.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

#### Please add your comments:

 In the event of a serious environmental event, the next step would be a discussion with the community leading to a collaborative decision on the way forward.

This community deserves to be treated in the same manner as any other community in the Selwyn District. Forcing their retreat before any significant risk has been identified or any major event has occurred without justification is not acceptable.

#### **Question 3: Bond Requirements**

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a Licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes/No

Yes

#### Please add your comments.

- A bond hasn't been required in 130 years. We are requesting a renewable Licence and in line with precedents set in the past, a bond should not be required.
- This is an additional cost to residents at a time when all costs are increasing, possibly significantly.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes/No

No

Please add your comments:

#### **Question 4: Building Condition Inspection Programme**

Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think condition inspections should occur?

Every year

- · Every 2 years
- Every 3-5 years
- . Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
- Othe

Other: Only when SDC receives a complaint.

#### Please add your comments:

- Buildings should only be inspected when a complaint is made regarding an individual house.
- . The USH should be treated like everyone else in the district.
- Pending a legal opinion on the Council's duty of care and the Council's rights to inspect, we
  are awaiting confirmation as to whether a settlement-wide inspection is lawful.

Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

#### Yes/No/Not Sure

No

#### Please specify what you would change:

- This should be a lot inspection only and should not include the buildings as the Council are not landlords of our buildings.
- . The Building Condition External section should be removed in its entirety.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?

### Please add your comments.

- If there is a problem with the lot, a mutually agreed timeframe to remediate without punitive consequences.
- Support and advice from Council would be helpful if there are any issues.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

#### Please add your comments:

- Any issues with an inspection should NOT be a reason to terminate a Licence.
- Ensuring that no one is made homeless is one of the Council's own guiding principles and assumptions.

## Clare Lenihan LE MUSE

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- 3. For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in *italics*):

## A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

## Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

## A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opina Countal Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv)Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, ²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

 ³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.
 33 Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002.

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community 35 and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future 36.

### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'. The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

## (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show the risk is not as significant as previously thought. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community" is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "46"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

## (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

## 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

# **Submitter Number: 129**

Full Name: Zoran Rakovic Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? Other Concerned ratepayer What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

## Please add your comments:

To: Selwyn District Council

Re: Submission on Future Deed of Licence - Upper Selwyn Huts

From: Zoran Rakovic Date: 20 July 2025

Submission: The Council's Proposed Deed of Licence Fails the Test of

**Community Wellbeing** 

I write in strong opposition to the tone and structure of the proposed new Deed of Licence (DOL) for the Upper Selwyn Huts community. While the Council claims it is seeking "certainty and clarity," the proposed terms do not reflect balance, compassion, or respect for the lived reality of residents—many of whom are long-term, low-income, self-reliant citizens who simply wish to live quietly and sustainably without dependence on Council or state assistance.

The Council frames this as a technical and environmental matter. In reality, it is a political and ethical one. The proposed DOL does not promote community wellbeing as defined under **section 10(1)(b) of the Local Government Act 2002**, which requires councils to enable "the social, economic, environmental, and cultural wellbeing of communities, in the present and for the future."

Instead, what Council offers is a highly conditional, fragile form of tenancy cloaked in procedural language, with the following core defects:

## 1. Arbitrary Termination Timeline

Council proposes a fixed final date of 30 June 2039, after which no further renewals will be permitted—regardless of compliance, structural integrity, environmental improvements, or resident cooperation. This arbitrary cut-off functions less like a stewardship agreement and more like a slow eviction notice, imposed without due consideration of individual merit or community resilience.

## 2. Overreach and Surveillance

The proposed inspection regime, while superficially about safety, introduces bureaucratic micromanagement into private lives. Council may inspect, report, demand costly remedial work, and terminate licences for non-compliance—all without any guarantee of support, equity of application, or independent dispute resolution.

## 3. Financial Burdens Without Ownership

Residents are required to:

- Pay an annual licence fee (subject to yearly increases),
- Contribute to the wastewater pipeline installation (30% share),
- Pay targeted wastewater rates,
- Pay bonds for eventual site remediation,
- Fund repairs to infrastructure they do not own,
- Bear risk of forfeiture of their own dwellings without compensation.

Yet they hold no security of tenure, no equity, no title, and are explicitly barred from registering any legal interest in the land.

## 4. Disregard for Social and Economic Wellbeing

The Council asserts that the proposed DOL offers "clarity"—but for whom? For the Council, certainly. For residents, it offers a future of escalating costs, institutional surveillance, and ultimate dispossession. These are not abstract risks. They are already

being experienced by residents trying to understand how they are to pay for infrastructure they didn't request and will never own.

This is a community that, by its very nature, should be celebrated. It is a living model of low-cost, low-impact housing. These are citizens asking only to remain in their humble homes, taking responsibility for their own lives, living within their means, and managing their own risks. They are not asking for subsidies—they are asking to be treated with dignity.

Council should instead be using the flexibility of the LGA to explore alternative tenure models, or to extend perpetual licences subject to compliance and viability, rather than pre-announcing the death of this settlement. This rigid stance conflicts with the Act's wellbeing purpose and appears engineered to gradually eliminate the community while shielding the Council from responsibility.

## Recommendations:

- 1. Remove the 2039 final termination date and allow rolling renewals subject to resident compliance, environmental feasibility, and public interest.
- 2. **Replace discretionary termination clauses** with a fair, transparent, and independent dispute resolution mechanism.
- 3. **Reduce or restructure financial obligations**, especially the wastewater levy, which disproportionately burdens residents who have minimal impact on Council infrastructure compared to urban households.
- Affirm the social and cultural value of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and explore creative pathways to support it as an example of alternative living, selfreliance, and minimal environmental impact.

If Council continues down its current path, it will not be remembered as the protector of Te Waihora or upholder of public safety. It will be remembered as the institution that oversaw the dismantling of a peaceful, resilient community—not because it had to, but because it could.

Please let this submission serve as both a protest and an invitation: to do better, to think bigger, and to act in genuine partnership with the people who have built their lives here not out of wealth, but out of will.

Yours sincerely, Zoran Rakovic Zoran.rakovic@act.org.nz 021 285 1229 Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

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^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Instead, what Council offers is a highly conditional, fragile form of tenancy cloaked in procedural language, with the following core defects:

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Council should instead be using the flexibility of the LGA to explore alternative tenure models, or to extend perpetual licences subject to compliance and viability, rather than pre-announcing the death of this settlement. This rigid stance conflicts with

the Act's wellbeing purpose and appears engineered to gradually eliminate the community while shielding the Council from responsibility.

## **Recommendations:**

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## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

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- Fund repairs to infrastructure they do not own,
- Bear risk of forfeiture of their own dwellings without compensation.

Yet they hold no security of tenure, no equity, no title, and are explicitly barred from registering any legal interest in the land.

#### 4. Disregard for Social and Economic Wellbeing

The Council asserts that the proposed DOL offers "clarity"—but for whom? For the Council, certainly. For residents, it offers a future of escalating costs, institutional surveillance, and ultimate dispossession. These are not abstract risks. They are already being experienced by residents trying to understand how they are to pay for infrastructure they didn't request and will never own.

This is a community that, by its very nature, should be celebrated. It is a living model of low-cost, low-impact housing. These are citizens asking only to remain in their humble homes, taking responsibility for their own lives, living within their means, and managing their own risks. They are not asking for subsidies—they are asking to be treated with dignity.

Council should instead be using the flexibility of the LGA to explore alternative tenure models, or to extend perpetual licences subject to compliance and viability, rather than pre-announcing the death of this settlement. This rigid stance conflicts with the Act's wellbeing purpose and appears engineered to gradually eliminate the community while shielding the Council from responsibility.

#### Recommendations:

- Remove the 2039 final termination date and allow rolling renewals subject to resident compliance, environmental feasibility, and public interest.
- 2. Replace discretionary termination clauses with a fair, transparent, and independent dispute resolution mechanism.
- Reduce or restructure financial obligations, especially the wastewater levy, which disproportionately burdens residents who have minimal impact on Council infrastructure compared to urban households.
- Affirm the social and cultural value of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and explore creative pathways to support it as an example of alternative living, selfreliance, and minimal environmental impact.

If Council continues down its current path, it will not be remembered as the protector of Te Waihora or upholder of public safety. It will be remembered as the institution that oversaw the dismantling of a peaceful, resilient community—not because it had to, but because it could.

Please let this submission serve as both a protest and an invitation: to do better, to think bigger, and to act in genuine partnership with the people who have built their lives here not out of wealth, but out of will.

Yours sincerely,
Zoran Rakovic
Zoran.rakovic@act.org.nz
021 285 1229

# **Submitter Number: 130**

Full Name: Nadine Fea **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: No What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other What is your interest in the area? i have family and friends in this area Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes Please add your comments: there isnt any vaiid reason why the 30 years has not renewable on it

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement
- * Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

this should be discussed at the tine of an event not pushed on the community at this time by the council, there hasnt been any flooding here for years! To take any of the above actions there should be a meeting of exoerts in the area as well as the residents

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Nο

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

to takenin to account what exoerts say regarding the event

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

a bond has not been needed before and should not be needed now

#### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

## Please add your comments:

It's not right to subject residents to these inspections, how would you like this to happen to you in your own home

Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 131**

**Full Name:** Roxanne Fea **Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

Other

General community member

## What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

# Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

# Please add your comments:

I have not ticked any box as all of these options determine a finite timeframe without flexibility for the residents. I have read the Council's reports and statements, and none in my view either reflect the significant historical and social importance of this community and village that spans over 100 years or more critically provide a reasonable or consistent reason for terminating their lease agreements. If some term must be made, for due diligence or whatever, then as long as possible - say 30 years with the right to renew.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

This again seems unfair and somewhat spurious. The proposed threats as outlined above would be the case for residents all across Canterbury, and indeed Aotearoa. Flooding that cuts off a community for 24 hours plus is not unusual, nor can it not be planned for as no doubt the Upper Selwyn Huts residents have done for many, many years. Has the road ever been so badly damaged that it has been rendered unusable? Given the road not only serves residents but also access to the lake, maintenance of the road surely remains the responsibility of the local government authority.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

I would expect that any of these supposed events and resultant actions - remedial or risk management - would be included in the Council's resource and community / social plannings as part of its mandate to look after and serve its communities. I would want Selwyn District Council to treat these residents with the same respect, honesty and obligations as for any other resident within the local government area.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

As someone who has worked in New Zealand local government I find the idea of a bond for the residents, surprising, unnecessary and somewhat insulting. The phrase "remediation responsibilities" here further requires a definition and more details as it is unclear to what it refers.

## Please add your comments:

The validity of a bond for remediation is questionable moreover, given the overarching lack of clear & compelling reasoning for the lease termination given by Selwyn District Council.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Not appropriate or applicable

#### Please add your comments:

Again, having worked in local government in NZ I am surprised by this proposal. I question the ethics and even the legality of any local government authority requesting inspections of provide residences. I would expect in line with SDC's narrative on environmental threats that arguably site or environmental inspections would make more sense but building inspections as a strategy is a rather abhorrent and draconian proposal.

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No Please specify what you would change As above, I do not support building inspections on ethical grounds.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 132**

Full Name: Michael Glynn
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Please add your comments:

Yes

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

All independent evidence and reports have not supported a non-renewable licence. The 'options' above fail to address this fact, being merely of the councils own concoction. The council having failed to find any need for their options are totally operating in a legalistic framework to suit themselves - and others?

Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic

values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.	t

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Please explain your reason:		

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

In the first instance the council would do well to address its own Jacobs report.

Mitigation options or solutions should be explored before considering events that will trigger retreat. Specific triggers listed are inappropriate, vague and open to different interpretations.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Reference to environmental events leading to an early licence end should only be along the lines of a significant event causing serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a significant event that cannot be mitigated. If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body, without an agenda, that the USH is permanently uninhabitable, a licence end date could then be discussed.

As an aside one might imagine that Emergency Services in the vicinity of Te Waihora might - in the event of the biblical flooding that the council seems to envisage - have waterborne transport/access - an ARK perhaps.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

#### **ALL**

## Please add your comments:

Obviously the council have not established any direct evidence for removal but are instead hiding behind legalistic bombast, therefore a bond is moot. The residents by and large cannot afford to lend the council money for no interest Q.E.D!

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?
Other
Please add your comments: I am not aware that the council has a general policy to inspect older housing throughout their district. This being so it is unjust that a small section of the residents in the district are proposed to have their property treated in this way.
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Please specify what you would change
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Our Hut was purchased from Mr Gebbie of Gebbie's Pass on the 4th of March 1921 by my grandmother Agnes Jane Harris. Her husband Arthur George Harris was a keen trout fisherman. Upon my grandmother's death in 1959 the hut passed to my mother Joyce Glynn – my father John Warren Glynn was also a keen fisherman. About 1987, after my mother's death, he requested to become one of the 12 permanent residents at the Upper Selwyn Huts but was declined. Upon his death in 1990 the hut passed to my brother, sister and myself, the current owners.

Our occupation of the hut has always been in accord with the rules concerning residency prevailing at the time.

When the Selwyn District Council took over the administration of the Reserve [1989] it seems such rules fell into abeyance.

This was exacerbated following the earthquakes in 2010/11 and an increasing number of huts became permanent dwellings. Throughout this period the Selwyn District Council did not appear to establish any policy regarding permanent residence at the Upper Selwyn Huts.

The Council attempted to 'tidy this up' in 2015 by approaching the Crown to change the classification of the part of the reserve occupied by the huts from a Recreation to a to a Local Purpose Reserve — Hut Settlement.

The increased number of residents subsequently added to the load on the wastewater system for which it had not been designed. Along with the fact that the plant effectively discharged into the Te Waihora system this necessitated the recent upgrade.

#### THE PRESENT

In the Mahaanui Iwi Plan 2013 Whanau contend that 'Te Waihora has little protection from the effects of land use on its margins hence the aspiration of manawhenua to be joint consenting authority for the catchment. Activities on the margins of the lake such as grazing, sewage discharge, and run-off have effects on lake health through direct environmental impact, and because they influence the lake level management. For example, the location of lake margin communities compromises the ability to raise lake levels and manage for fishery values. The protection of these communities is given priority over and above the tribal property right over the lake bed. The Te Waihora Management Board refers to this as a 'superimposed priority to keep these settlements dry'.

The Council has been contending that there are flooding risks associated with climate change at the Upper Selwyn Huts (in spite of their own Jacob's Report concluding "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage.":

- i. "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
- ii. "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years".

"Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community".

At no point that am I aware of did the Council convey to the community that there would conceivably be a combined effect of the above – an effect that would also need to be indicated to all property owners on the lake margin.

In this respect the huts are established on what is now the flood-plain of the Waikirikiri above which are three ox-bow lakes (on the Mcleod property, corner Pannetts and Days Rd) On the other side of Pannetts Rd was a stand of native trees suggesting that too was slightly higher ground. The land had been built up by the river prior to the establishment of stop banks. The huts are on relatively higher ground.

It seems to be the case that the distinction between the lake bed per se and the lake flood plain has never been established. While not critical to overall management of the region it is critical to the future status of the Upper Selwyn Huts.

Michael Warren Glynn 20 July 2025

# **Submitter Number: 133**

Full Name: Sean Rooney

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

# What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area Other

## What is your interest in the area?

A resident of Selwyn that has been asked by you, the Council, to provide my feedback to inform the new Deed of Licence for the Upper Selwyn Huts community.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

# Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

**None of the three options are acceptable** because they are all non-renewable terms. The Council has not provided any reasons to justify a non-renewable licence, and independent evidence and reports do not support one.

I have a major concern about the way these questions have been phrased and how they mislead the submitter into answering the question that supports the Council's agenda.

I am also annoyed that you cannot **not** have a tick. **This will skew the results.** If one were cynical one would probably say this was your intent.

Questions should be objective and free from bias or loaded language. This is particularly true for this question (Licence Term Options), where only non-renewable options have been included, implying those are the only options.

I **strongly object** to the way questions are presented in this "consultation".

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

## Please add your comments:

A non-renewable licence term has not yet been legally justified by the Council, therefore the preferred option is a "30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed)". (Barrister Clare Lenihan)

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- 1. **Flooding affecting access:** Access being cut off for a period of 24 hours is not a valid reason to warrant the retreat of a community. It would not happen anywhere else in the district.
- Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: The Upper Selwyn Huts residents are not the only users of Days Road. Other users include Lower Selwyn Huts, DOC, ECAN and other users.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

The Jacob's report instigated by the Council identified that environmental triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

The community are not experts in managed retreat and therefore should not be expected to propose environmental events that would warrant retreat, especially considering that these events may be used as a baseline for other Selwyn residents.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

A bond hasn't been required up until now, so why?

### Please add your comments:

Considering that a licence is not bound by any finite term, requiring a bond would be unreasonable for a prolonged period of time.

Would there be a mechanism for paying accrued interest? Repayment once a certain threshold had been met?

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

# Please add your comments:

**None of the above options** are preferred. I am not aware of any other residents in the Selwyn being required to have their properties inspected at regular intervals by the Council. Is this requirement even legal?

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

No, I do not think this checklist covers the right things. It is pervasive and possibly illegal.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Considering the Council's actions up until now, can the Upper Selwyn Huts homeowners even trust the Council?

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

The Council should be making every effort to keep people in their homes given the current housing shortage and lack of social housing. "Ensuring that no one is made homeless" is one of the Council's guiding principles and assumptions.

# Clare Lenihan LLB. MUSB

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv) The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

⁸ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

3

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opua Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv)Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, ²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community 35 and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future 36.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

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³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community" is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "46"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, \$28(1) Reserves Act

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

#### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

# **Submitter Number: 134**

Full Name: Gabrielle OBrien

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

# What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a licence holder

Other

## What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

# Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

I would prefer a 30 year term with the option to renew/extend after 30 years

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

I would prefer not to make a submission under the current lack of confidence in SDC and the walk-out, including the deputy mayor. I would prefer to wait for the election of a new un-biased council

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental

events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

There are many homes in the Selwyn district which are more seriously affected than the USH. Are those new residents being treated the same way that you are treating USH residents? If not, why not?

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

We do not live in a nanny state. Its should be up to home owners to research risks and take appropriate action

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I disagree with the notion of a Bond. We are ratepayers and want to be treated the same as all other ratepyers, none of whom are being asjed to pay a Bond

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

## Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Never. Why are inspections deemed necessary?

### Please add your comments:

Is SDC planning to inspect every home in the District? We built our home in 2006 in good faith, getting a Pim, Lim and complied with all the Building regs. Complaints have been ignored by coucil in the past, leaving me with no confidence in the procedure

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

No inspection. I believe that this is an infringement of citizens private rights

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication grants for improvement

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

I do not agree in principle with the suggested inspection procedure

# **Submitter Number: 135**

Full Name: Andrew Bowring **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: Yes What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

## Please add your comments:

I am taking the advice from our Barrister Clare Lenihan's which is as follows

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with the rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister, Clare Lenihan 20 June 2025.

Clare Lenihan's Opinion concludes:

Legal Obligations: Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its

historic values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

Licence Term: The Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 or the Reserves Act 1977. They are also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short term and ultimately finite.

Other Reasons to Grant a renewable licence:

The Council has not provided any reasons to date that justifies a non renewable licence. All independent evidence and reports do not support a non renewable licence.

The following are the previous and current reasons that SDC has used for a non renewable licence, followed by our counter point of view.

ECAN/Aqualinc confirmed climate change is not an issue.

Wastewater issue has been resolved.

Details of cultural reasons have not been provided.

Duty of Care – is not a reason to terminate a local purpose reserve licence to occupy. Duty of Care is a legal obligation not to be contracted out of.

Repair of the sewer reticulation system. This was listed as SDCs responsibility in Tim's March 2024 report. SDC has a legal obligation to repair and maintain this.

o Stop bank at USH overtopping. There is no evidence of where the river will overtop. We believe it will overtop the opposite bank before it does here, but we have asked ECAN for this information.

Wider Selwyn community tensions. We believe these have been artificially fueled by SDC press releases.

Concerns over evacuations. Self evacuations are well managed by the community. Being cut off for a few days does not concern our residents. We should be treated like any other area of Selwyn that gets cut off.

A 30 year term is preferred for a renewable licence:

This process has been incredibly taxing and detrimental to all, 30 years will finally give us security of tenure, a basic human right.

30 years will minimise ratepayer funds being used for licence renewals.

A non renewable licence term as not yet been legally justified by the Council, therefore preferred option is a "30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed)". (Barrister Clare Lenihan)

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

We do not consider access being cut off for 24 hours a valid reason to warrant retreat.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

We would like to be treated the same as if access to any other area of Selwyn is cut off.

The Council has not provided any criteria (such as water level) that warrant a decision of access being unsafe/cut off. Civil Defence have stated to us that their teams will always "look at different methods to gain access if required".

USH are not the only users of Days Road. This road should be maintained as the main access to the lake. Users include USH, LSH, the farm house, DoC, ECAN and users of the boat ramp to the lake. Destruction of this road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.

Closing a rural road is not a simple process as it involves an application to the Minister of Lands and consultation. We believe the Council has a responsibility of maintaining this road and this should not affect USH's licence to occupy.

Mitigation options should be explored before considering events that will trigger retreat. Specific triggers provided are inappropriate, vague and open to different interpretation. This gives the Council power to terminate licences unnecessarily.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

As identified by the Council's own Jacob's report, environmental triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community. This has not yet been completed.

Reference to environmental events leading to an early licence end should only be along the lines of a significant event causing serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a significant event that cannot be mitigated. If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body, without an agenda, that the USH is permanently uninhabitable a licence end date could be mutually agreed upon.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

The same thing we have been asking for, community led decision making on anything that affects us, including collaboration with and empowerment of our community, as we did for 116 years pre 2011 before the Council took over from the Committee.

Without Council offering relocation or compensation consistent with international standard practice of managed retreat, the community has a very high threshold for risk making a trigger-based approach difficult to agree on.

The USH are not experts in managed retreat and therefore should not be expected to propose environmental events that would warrant retreat, especially considering that these events may be used as a baseline for other Selwyn residents.

Jacob's report 7/3/25 concluded:

- i. "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage.";
- ii. "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
- iii. "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years".
- iv. "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community".

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

Additional cost to residents at a time when our costs are increasing, possibly significantly.

Hasn't been required for 130 years, why now?

Bond details have not been included. eg. how much, paid over what period, what does the bond cover etc.

We are requesting a renewable licence therefore a bond should not be required.

# Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

### Please add your comments:

None of the options provided are preferred.

We'd like to be treated the same as everyone else in the district. Inspect only when you would other properties in Selwyn.

External inspection only.

Pending a legal opinion on the Councils duty of care and the Council's rights to inspect, we are unsure whether a settlement wide inspection is lawful.

The Council have repeatedly talked about a baseline inspection; this should only happen once.

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

More details and measurements of what is being checked and what the consequences would be if any of these items are failed.

Failing any items in the inspection checklist should not lead to licence termination.

"External weathertightness – roof and walls – sound, durable, weatherproof, and maintained". This item is too broad and subjective.

Community is concerned that failing items in the inspection checklist will lead to unnecessary and intrusive internal house inspections.

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Mutually agreed time to remediate without punitive consequences.

Open two way communication during the remediation period.

Support and advice from Council would be helpful if there are any issues.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 136**

Full Name: Susan Rogers
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

### Please add your comments:

Yes

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

I don't agree with any of the above terms. I want a 30 year term with a right of renewal for another 30 years, subject to agreed triggers. I have attached our Barrister's amended legal opinion in support of this. It is clear in the Reserves Act that Licences can be renewed. Why are you only offering non renewable terms?

The Licence has the word permanent' in it 5 times - see attached Barrister's opinion so we have an expectation of being able to continue to live here.

A guiding principle at the March 2025 public excluded meeting was that no one should be made homeless and here we are giving feedback on a document that proposes that. Why did you ignore your guiding principle?

SDC has spent money on a 'consultation' process and here we are more or less back in the same place as we were in March 2024 - it appears the decision has been predetermined and our feedback not listened to at all.

The next Council is going to be very different and we feel that major decision should not be made until after the elections. We feel that a decision to remove our community is a major decision.

The SDC is required to manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve" for the purpose for which it was classified and to protect and preserve the reserve for the purpose for the purpose for which it was classified. The SDC is doing the reverse of this by trying to remove our community.

SDC should also be trying to protect this reserve due to its historical significance of which you are aware. The Buddle Findlay letter (7th March, 2019) states:

"we would not find it particularly surprising if there was expert support of there being heritage values of some kind in at least some of the Huts, or the area as a whole, given it's history. Notably the Huts were apparently established in 1895, which in itself could potentially mean they have relevance as an "archaeological site" for the purposes of the Act (ie being associated with human activity before 1900"

We will also shortly have a Statement of Significance from historians Underground Overground Archaeology (UOA) (attached) which concludes that The Upper Selwyn Huts is an archaeological site and the place also contains significant heritage values. Their recommendations are:

- That the huts remain on their current site;
- That the Upper Selwyn Huts are added to HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area;
- That the Upper Selwyn Huts are added to Selwyn District Council's District Plan heritage schedule.

SDC has been trying to find ways to remove us since at least 2017 and each time the suggested problem with us being here has been addressed. What is the current reason?

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The road being cut off is not an issue. Emergency vehicles would not need to get through as Civile Defence at the Council and the team at the Huts work together and in a major flood event we would have time to evacuate as we monitor the river data and liase with Council's Civil Defence staff. Should there be an unexpected flood and the road cut off with people here then a number of people have four-wheel drive vehicles so someone would be able to get out to get help in a medical emergency. A number of locals have offered their trucks and tractors to help.

Days Rd is the access way to the Lake, the Lower Huts, the Ngai Tahu farmhouse, the Selwyn Huts and a number of farms - I understand that at the Council meeting it was said that this would not be a trigger as the road would be repaired. I don't believe SDC would not repair this road.

If there was serious harm caused by a flooding event then that would be a question for that time. There would be questions to ask at the time - would it mean that the Council did not advise of the risk at the time? Was there advise given to evacuate and

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

someone didn't follow it? If it was either of those 2 questions why would that mean everyone had to lose their home?

As per the Jacob's report, the risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

As per the Jacob's report, it is too soon to discuss triggers and more research needs to be done on this. Triggers also need to be decided in true consultation/collaboration with the community and also any possible mitigation factors need to be considered.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

If there was a serious flooding event, we should be treated as other communities (e.g.Doyleston's recent flooding) are. There should be a conversation with the community to decide what is next. We should not be forced out of our homes in advance of any possible significant event. That is mismanaged retreat.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

Why is a bond needed? A bond has never been required in all the years we have been here.

ΡI	ease	add '	vour	comm	ents:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

# Please add your comments:

Our buildings should only be inspected when a complaint is made regarding an individual house. We should be treated as the rest of the district. Advice has been received from other Councils that inspections of privately owned homes can only occur with cause – not a blanket inspection. In view of this, we are now wating for a legal opinion on the inspections.

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

If there is an inspection, it should only be of the section and not the exterior or the interior of the houses.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication If a problem is found then a clear explanation of the concern given and also a reasonable time frame to fix.

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

I have spoken to an owner here who was subject to an inspection by the Council. SDC paid for a skip to take things but then he was billed apparently \$5,000 for subsequent skips. He had to repay that to the Council which caused him significant financial strife. He felt he had no choice but to agree with that when other solutions could have been found.

Another owner had his house red stickered because the Council had poor record keeping and had no record of a permit he had. This should not happen. If a complaint is made about a property or a problem found with the lot, the owner should be encouraged to have community support when dealing with staff and when looking for ways to remedy problems.

# Clare Lenihan LLB MUSB

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opma Countil</u> <u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple,²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- 21. Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002:
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community³⁵ and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future³⁶.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

³⁷ Page 29

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "6"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, \$28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a
  focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on 6. Option 3 seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

# **Submitter Number: 137**

Full Name: Kate Pollock

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

## What is your interest in the area?

close friend living at selwyn Huts

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

- * 30 year licence with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years conditional on triggers is a fair term given the lack of reasons justifying a non-renewable licence.
- * No reason given that justifies a non-renewable licence.
- * Council commissioned reports do not support the next licence being non-renewable.
- * Before a non-renewable term is agreed community need to be given evidence of risk and the opportunity to mitigate that risk.
- * A decision for a non-renewable licence should be community led not forced upon the community.
- *administering a local purpose reserve comes with obligations which the council isn't meeting.
- * There are many reasons to justify a renewable licence:
- # USH never flooded in 130 years
- # Significant heritage values that should be protected
- # current affordable housing shortage
- # USH is unique and should be recognised as an asset
- # you don't understand why the Council or forcing this decision
- # without a justifiable reason for non-renewable the community and their supporters will

continue to challenge the Council wasting time and money on both sides. # Council should be finding ways to help the settlement and community stay.
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? No
Please add your comments:

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- * USH wants to be treated like everyone else in the district.
- * USH should be given the chance to mitigate any proven risks before trigger points are decided
- * examples 1 & 2 are not appropriate to make someone homeless and they are vague.
- * being cut off for 24 is not an issue and the road should be maintained regardless as there are many users of this road other that USH. It is an excess to the lake.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

## Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

- * USH wants to be treated like everyone else in the district.
- * USH should be given the chance to mitigate any proven risks before trigger points are decided
- * examples 1 & 2 are not appropriate to make someone homeless and they are vague.
- * being cut off for 24 is not an issue and the road should be maintained regardless as there are many users of this road other that USH. It is an excess to the lake.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comr	nents
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## Please add your comments:

The bond has not been needed before and with no justifiable reason for a non-renewable licence a bond is not needed now

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

## Please add your comments:

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication USH should be treated like everyone else in the district which is when a genuine complaint is received by the Council.

- * is a settlement wide inspection program even lawful?
- * you probably don't need to go into any more than that as this should also be community led.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 138**

Full Name: Chris Rossiter
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Yes

### Please add your comments:

None of the above options are acceptable or even legal. The Reserve on which the Upper Selwyn Huts stand is gazetted "Special Purpose Reserve, Hut Settlement". As such, SDC has a moral and legal obligation to protect and enhance the reserve for that stated purpose. There has been no reason supplied for a finite term.

I refer you to Claire Lenihan's opinion dated 20 June 2025. Specifically, points 37 through 43.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The above reasons are arbitrary and open to abuse by Council staff. As a matter of fact, in my 22 years of residence at the Upper Selwyn Huts, Road access down Days' Rd has only been cut off twice by flooding. The idea of the road being left unrepaired after any event is laughable as road access is a core Council responsibility.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

My house was a new build 15 years ago and still has a sale for removal value. Additionally, there is no legally justifiable reason to enforce it's removal.

# Please add your comments:

This would be the only settlement in the Selwyn district to have a bond for removal clause. It is therefore discriminatory in the extreme!

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Oth	er	
Not	at	al

### Please add your comments:

Again, this would be the only community in New Zealand to require such an intrusive process. Totally discriminatory!

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication There should be no such inspection.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled? There should be no such inspection.

# **Submitter Number: 139**

Full Name: Kerry Glynn
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Yes

### Please add your comments:

As per the Owners Association there is no justification in making non-renewable licence and this is contrary to the intent of keeping a Huts Settlement as required by, I think, the Reserves Act. In the absence of any publicly shared/stated reason the historical precedent of the last 130 years should be preserved. If there's a reason then it should be consulted on to verify it and response agreed by the two parties.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The council commissioned consultation by Jacobs and part of that consultation regarded this question. Reports from that process by ECAN and Aqualinc found NO reason for triggers at this time. That was recorded in the final Jacobs Report. You can't pick and choose the results of what you comissioned.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

As per above NO TRIGGERS. If anything changes that's an opportunity for discussion by the parties. We are not unreasonable people - we just don't like being ignored.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Consultation - not a consideration - A REQUIREMENT.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

There should not be a bond. No bond has been required for 130 years. The introduction of a bond is bad faith as it foresees a removal which should NOT be required in this licence. No issues have arisen withing the community that would precipate such a requirement.

## Please add your comments:

There should NOT BE A BOND. No reason for such exists unless the council intents to force issues through licence terms which would be unreasonable. Further the council has allowed building on the sites without constraint such as any bond. They have facilitated the creation of larger and higher cost removal without requirement of a bond. Additionally the council allowing permanent residence has created an asset value and expectation of permanency. No bond should be required for an ongoing hut community.

Do you have any o	other feedback or	suggestions on	the inclusion	of a bond?
Yes				

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

# How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other		
Never		

### Please add your comments:

These properties are the private ownership of people. The council has no right to enter any property for any inspection. Ne justification of this is given / stated.

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

There should NOT be any inspection. Perhaps if the council had done their job on their controlled land this would not be an issue they feel necessary to progress.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Not applicable. There should NOT be an inspection. Normal SDC operations would apply I assume.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Not applicable. There should NOT be an inspection.

# **Submitter Number: 140**

Full Name: Lucy King

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

# What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

## What is your interest in the area?

My family has always fished in the area so aware of the environment and councils involved and limited council accountability.

I think it has ramifications for all owners on leasehold land and on council rated land when council should manage the eel exit. Let locals decide if they no longer want to live there.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

The longer option of 10 yearly review and right of renewal ie secure property rights has been removed by Selwyn DC.

Huts that are pre 1895 do not need to be removed but are historic. It sets a bad precedent for all humble property owners and family groups.

We remember Dudley Creek.
We watch Westport and Kapiti Coast similar council overreach. Power misuse.

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
No

## Please add your comments:

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

These events are too easiky manufactured by failure to do maintenance tasks as done in the past.

No vehicle access for 2 days is an extremely low bar. Again let those that are local decide local things. Remote location can be a good thing despite inconveniences at times.

Geo engineering has caused flooding for example overseas.

#### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Property rights.

Residents employ the council, not the other way around.

This looks like those with lawyers against those with limited funds, using rates to pay lawyers to fight ratepayers.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

This presumes council will succeed in sending away our people. Who will make money if this happens? Follow the money and make the right choice.

#### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

	More	loading	people	αи	with	costs.
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### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Only if it was raised by a resident should these apply at all.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

This is adding to the fear factor. Stop when council has shown no loyalty to NZers.

## **Submitter Number: 141**

Full Name: Joel Laurance

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

My grandfather used to live there

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

None if these options are acceptable - there should absolutely be an option for renewal as I do not believe it is ok to kick people out of there homes just because there MIGHT be a risk being posed from climate change - all options you present above are discriminatory. I select 30 years RENEWABLE!

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

I am aware that the council has tried to press a Code of Conduct onto the community members of the Selwyn Huts - this is also in my view discriminatory and i believe it is in breach of their human rights - they should be subject to the same rules as all other property owners in Selwyn District and nothing more

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

No conditions should be included in the Selwyn Huts Deed of Licence that would not pertain to any other property owners in the Selwyn District - these residents deserve to have their right and need to reside respected to the same degree as anyone in Selwyn because as per the Treaty of Waitangi every New Zealander should have a place to stand and their attachments to their land should be respected: EVEN if they pay a lease on the land

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

As stated, considerations should reflect those which residents of the wider district are subject to - no more and no less

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Party of treatment should be the first consideration: i.e. decisions should be made with regards to any and all affected Selwyn district residents in the same way

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

A bond requirement should definitely NOT apply in ANY circumstance as these properties were in existence long before the current owners were born: the establishment of this community is therefore not their responsibility. Further, a bond would equate to a form of unjustified disadvantage as it would financially disadvantage community members and present as an anomaly, with it currently not being something that communities in NZ are being required to pay even if they are in areas likely to be adversely affected by climate change

#### Please add your comments:

Leave the licence's renewable, and leave residents therefore in a position where they are able to get insurance on their homes as per other New Zealanders, and let the cover from natural disasters be negotiated between property owners, government, and insurance companies just like that which occurs and has occurred for other emergencies such as the christchurch earthquake - a bond is totally, and absolutely unjustified

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

no more or less than would occur for any other home owner in the Selwyn District

#### Please add your comments:

There is no reason to have different inspection rules than that which is been applied to other homes in the district of similar age - if the council chooses to apply different rules to Selwyn Huts residents, they are once again discriminating - and against community members who contribute just as valuably to the community as any others: especially with the community been made up of families who live and shop locally.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

The checklist is full of items which other property owners of homes in Selwyn District would not expect to be inspected for - it is not needed at all and is also discriminatory

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

These questions dont make any sense, they are unacceptable - targeting- bullying; you are basically asking how people from a small section of the Selwyn district should be treated differently to other people residing in the Selwyn District district, and in what ways they should be treated differently. This is really not ok, your council is supposed to help not harm the people in its community

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Again, no checks that would be additional to that which any other property owner of the wider Selwyn district would be subjected to are justified

## **Submitter Number: 142**

Full Name: Chris Lee

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a licence holder

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

Chose this only because our preferred option of an unlimited licence is not offered ,and feel like otheres that it should have been allowed.

#### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

My partner and I Gabi Obrien prefer a licence that is not limited.

We invested and built to the latest expected standards as were current back in 2006, no hint of the current restrictions trying to be imposed were given

No reason given by SDC as to the demise of dwelling there appear plaiusible and valid

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

We had our building erected to the standards you asked for. If you knew the above mentioned were possible they should have been stated at the time.

I also understand builings set lower than ours have since been allowed between the sea and Lincoln. Have owners of these these homes also been informed of these possibilities and been given similair possible deadlines

It seems Selwyn Upper Huts are being especially targetted ... Why?

Are there any additional events that you think should b	e considered?
No	

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

As we met your asks when building then any eviction or leaving of the site based on your new reasoning should be met with full compensation
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes Please add your comments
SDC have no reason to ask for such a bond after making us jump through hoops to meet their building requirements
They should instead be offering full compensation.
Please add your comments:  Do not even ask for one. It is an insult and shows SDC as being heartless
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

## Please add your comments:

To meet the same conditions imposed throughout Selwyn District.

If you consider us a doecial csse then you should not have allowed us to build there.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

Selwyn Huts as a whole should not have to meet specialist inspection. Council have been begligent and never acted on complaints made from us before within the huts

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Improvement grants and full supprt.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

No

## **Submitter Number: 143**

Full Name: Margaret lynne Lowery Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area? local support of it staying as is in our community
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences
should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)
Please explain the reason for your selection: these are homes people brought when they could afford them. The land is used and looked after housing family's and single people who need there homes and Wong be able to afford to get another on the market at what they have .
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Please add your comments:

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement
- * Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any of th	e proposed events you disagree with?
Please explain your	reason:
Are there enviseddi	Construents distance d'all et estat le construe 10
•	tional events that you think should be considered?
No Please add your cor	·

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not app	ply?
No	_
Please add your comments	

#### Please add your comments:

build a bridge over the problems to solve them

Do you have any	other feedback	or suggestions	on the i	nclusion (	of a	bond?
No						

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

## **Submitter Number: 144**

Full Name: Judith Smart

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area?
I am not an owner but my family have a long history at the Huts. My great grandmother owned in the early days, my grandparents and my parents. A number of my relatives also owned and some lived there full time while others used their house as a bach. I spent a lot of my time there with my children over the years. I still have family members who own and holiday there.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

Please add your comments:

I choose none of the above – the Licence should run for 30 years ad should be able to be renewed subject to environmental triggers. These triggers should be agreed with the community and as your consultant said, there needs to be more research.

The reason for trying to evict the people at the Selwyn Huts seems to shift - began with sea level rise then fire safety and so on. As each reason was challenged and found wanting, the reasons seem to shift. This feels like either a vendetta against the owners or else the real reason for removing them is being concealed.

This vendetta is a cost to the ratepayers (including the owners at the Huts) and a huge cost to the owners both financially and emotionally. The Council has unlimited resources while the owners don't. In publicising the cost it would seem you are trying to turn the wider community against them as the rate rise is already a huge concern to people and no doubt this cost will be added to the rates.

There is a huge power imbalance here – you hold all the power and while pretending to have offered consultation, really the outcome has been predetermined from the start. Last year the longest term offered was 30 years and this year the same. How was that consultation if you didn't listen? You also seem to be trying to rush this through before the elections. A new Couuncil should be dealing with this as they are the ones who will continue the process.

The Council has embraced biculturalism and rightly so. This also means celebrating and holding on to Pakeha history and Pakeha historical sites. As pointed out in the Buddle Finlay letter of March 2019:

"we would not find it particularly surprising if there was expert support of there being heritage values of some kind in at least some of the Huts, or the area as a whole, given it's history. Notably the Huts were apparently established in 1895, which in itself could potentially mean they have relevance as an "archaeological site" for the purposes of the Act (ie being associated with human activity before 1900)."

"If part or all of the Huts were to be entered on the Statutory List as a historic area, the most notable consequence would be that HNZPT could then "make recommendations to [the Council] as to the appropriate measures that [the Council] should take to assist in the conservation and protection of the historic area", to which the Council must "have particular regard".

Following tikanga means observing a basic tenement of this: he tangata, he tangata, he tangata – the people, the people, the people.

The Council are entrusted with care of their ratepayers and residents, not making threats against their homes.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

There has been no history of flooding at the Selwyn Huts and Mark Mitchell stated on TV that he thought the residents seemed to have a good understanding of how to keep themselves safe from any potential river rise.

There needs to be more research on triggers according to the report by Monique Eade and it should be done in consultation with the community and I mean real consultation. You are not going to close an important road that serves more than the Selwyn Huts. It is ridiculous to suggest that they should become homeless if the road is closed twice a year – your Civil Defence people would have alerted them to potential flooding and they would have gone before this happens. I don't believe the SDC would refuse to repair an important road that gives access to a number of people, not just the people at the Huts

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

No

Please add your comments:

SDC paid for a consultants to look at this and the outcome was that it is too soon to decide on triggers - more research is needed. It was also said that the Huts are at no more risk that anyone for flooding. What about considering mitigation?

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

If the settlement flooded and their was injury or death we would be wanting answers as to why you didn't warn them of what was coming. This is also something to be decided with the community at the time

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

No bond. Why have a bond? It has never been needed before

#### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

Council should not target an entire community for house inspections. Inspections should be based on complaints. I have heard you want to do a 'baseline' inspection as unless there are permits held for work done, you have no records of the buildings. In Selwyn there are many old houses, farm cottages and workers huts which may or may not be of a high standard and you may not have records of those buildings but you are not proposing to inspect those. Singling out an entire community sounds like persecution to me.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

I can understand if the Council want to inspect the sections as they administer the Licences but nothing more unless there is a complaint.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication If there is a problem then making sure the owner understands what the problem is and how it can be fixed. Give them reasonable time to do that

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

As above

## **Submitter Number: 145**

Full Name: Nigel Powell

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

It gives residents more certainty to go about their lives

#### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

I don't believe that owners should be limited at all and that it should be open ended with a caveat that it depends on whether climate change has actually gotten to the point that things are too bad or if not, life at the huts can go on indefinitely. This is to protect the historically significant huts and the area where many of us grew up. And with housing security being a big issue at present I believe the council should also be concerned about the wellbeing of those who face being kicked out of their homes.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I don't think that the destruction of the access road is a valid reason to evict people... the council has a duty to repair roads. The West Coast and other councils do this all the time. Even Marlborough are doing a better job of keeping access to communities open. Why not you? And emergency services don't always access communities via the road.... they have boats! They use them in Auckland and other places when necessary, why not Selwyn?

I also think the phrase "too expensive to maintain" is too ambiguous and needs to have a far great clarity around it. How much are we talking?

Are there any additional e	vents that you think	should be considered?
No	-	

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I don't think it is right for people to have to pay to demolish their own home and even then, with no clarity on how much they are going to have to pay.

#### Please add your comments:

It seems like the council are trying to push people out who obviously can't afford to pay the costs you are suggesting. Shouldn't the council be more concerned with helping those that need it rather than covering the district with pretty new homes of people with money to burn?

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Should be treated the same as everywhere else in the district

#### Please add your comments:

Hut owners shouldn't be treated different to others in the district. Old homes won't meet modern building standards but are you going around and looking at all the old farmsteads or houses around Ellesmere? I think not. This is just another invasion of privacy and way of trying to push people out.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

The checklist is too vague and open to interpretation. Is this acceptable to use all over the district? It needs to be clear as to exactly what is being said, not a load of waffle

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication All they can give. What a stupid question. Why wouldn't you support them and be in close communication? This should be the same as when you find issues anywhere else in the district, not a special case. I can't believe you are even considering such. Mr Broughton should be looking after his own community instead of racing around the country trying to be a perfect example to others when he isn't.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

## **Submitter Number: 146**

Full Name: Craig Trusler Organisation:
Wish to speak to the sul

Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a licence holder

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

We want a 30 year Licence with the right to renew for another 30 years subject to agreed environmental triggers.

This is because of the legal advice our community received from our Barrister in June of this year (attached). This says that you need to consider your obligations as administers of this reserve (both the community and preserving the history). SDC has been trying since at least 2017 to find ways to remove us and keep trying to find new reasons for this. We haven't been given the current reason so I am asking why are you doing this?

SDC agreed last year to a period of consultation but we haven't been heard. The term of 30 years with no right of renewal is essentially the same as the 30 year finite term offered last year. True consultation would have had a box for me to tick that offered a renewable outcome. You have wasted time and money on consultants and community meetings and ignored what was said.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I disagree with all of these. No road access for 24 hours doesn't matter as we would be gone by the time that happens if your Civil defence people are doing their job. If it happened and we were given no warning by you then in an emergency we have a number of 4 wheel drives and friendly neighbours also with tractors who could help. SDC would need to repair the road if it was damaged as it is access for a number of people, not just us. It is also the road to the lake.

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

If people were killed or injured in some kind of an event then the conversation about the future should be held then.
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for
returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes  Please add your comments
There is no need for a bond  Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <a href="Building Condition Inspection Checklist here">Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</a> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.
How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other
Please add your comments: Treat us the same as the rest of the district and only act on a complaint

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change Should only cover tidiness of the sections

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Clear communication and encouraging owners to have a friend with them during the section inspection

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled? as above

### Clare Lenihan LLB. MUSB

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

#### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act
 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

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¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opma Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- 7. In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (**ROLD Act**).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (**bolding** mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ..
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple,²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community³⁵ and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future³⁶.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

#### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "6"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

#### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a
  focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on 6. Option 3 seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two – Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

,

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

Full Name: Cleve Prescott **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: No What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years) Please explain the reason for your selection: family's stability Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes Please add your comments: settle this so the family's can continue with life as we know it. Stress free.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.		
Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes Please explain your reason: flooding is not an event till 2022 if at all		
flooding is not an event till 2082 if at all.		
Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No Please add your comments:		
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next? support the residents as the rest of Selwyn ratepayers		
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.		
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?		
Please add your comments		
Please add your comments:		

Do you have any	other feedback or	suggestions on	the inclusion	of a bond?
Nο				

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? Every 2 years Other

### Please add your comments:

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication the same support afforded any Selwyn residents

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled? the same as any other tenant covered by the current law at the time.

Full Name: Cushla Moorhead

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

I lived opposite the Selwyn Huts on a farm until I married and I still have family on that land whom I visit regularly. I spent a lot of my childhood and teenage years playing over at the Huts and had lots of friends there. The Huts people came over to the farm to get millk when I was young. We had a strong connection with the Huts people and the situation. I have followed with interest all news from there.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

That gives the owners some certainty but I think it should be renewable as who knows want it will be like then.

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

No

### Please add your comments:

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

Living by a river is a risk that the people there take because they love living there. Lots of areas are cut off for short periods of time and I don't think that is a reason for the licence to be cancelled

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

Renewal after thirty years. Those huts have been there for that long and why terminate after thirty years?

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

I think anything needs to be considered at the time. No one knows what is going to happen in the future. That is a guessing game and using fear to control people. Make the decistiions when it is nessecar

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Yes Please add your comments
As the huts have been there for many years why are the present owners responsible for what people have done in the past? Do any other areas have this requirement?
Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.
How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other
Please add your comments:
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Yes Please specify what you would change
- Todae apoetry writer you would charige
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication I would expect a friendly discussion first and time to fix whatever and further action taken if necessary

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Andrew Jackson Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area?
Stop trying to make a problem out of nothing and let them live their lives.
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.
Please explain the reason for your selection:
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes
Please add your comments:
Why have a term, leave them alone

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes Please explain your reason:
Sounds like a tool to try and get them out in the future.
Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Please add your comments:
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

when deciding what happens next?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes			
Please add your comments			
I guess you need a bond only if you are trying to push them out.			
Please add your comments:			
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes			
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.			
How often do you think building inspections should occur?			
Other When a new building is built			
Please add your comments:			
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  No  Please specify what you would change			
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication			

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Barbara Bowring
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

None of the 3 options are acceptable to me. Residents are seeking a license term of 30 years with the right of renewal for a further term of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers that have yet to be agreeded on. The Council has not provided any reason to date that justifies a non renewable licence. All independent evidence and reports have not supported a non renewable licence.

The Council's legal obligation is the role of administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of a hut settlement. The council have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. The council has a legal obligation to protect the huts historic values, recognising the community diversity, promoting the social, economic and cultural well being of the community both now and into the future.

The council is not bound by any finite licence team and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 and the Reserve Act 1977. The council is also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short team and finite.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes

Please explain your reason:

I do not consider access being cut off for 24 hours a valid reason to warrant retreat. The council has not provided any criteria such as water level, that warrants a decision of access being unsafe or cut off. Civil Defense have stated to us that their teams will always look at different methods to gain access if required. The huts are not the only users of Days Road. This road needs to be maintained as a main access to the lake. Destruction of this road is not a reason for the huts to be permanently retreated. The council has the responsibility of maintaining this road and should not effect the huts license to occupy. Closing a rural road is not a simple process as it involves an application to the Minister of Lands and consultation.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes

Please add your comments:

As identified by the council's own Jacob's report, environmental triggers and threshold require more scientific investigation and clear and explanation to the community and this has not yet been completed.

Reference to environmental events leading to an early licence end should only be along the lines of a significant event causing serious damage to homes and people and needs to be confirmed by an independent body, with out an agenda, that the huts are permanently uninhabitable and a license end date should be mutually agreeded on.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

A community led decision on anything that effects us, including collaboration with empowerment of our community as we did for 116 years pre 2011 before the council took over from the committee.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

Additional cost to residents at a time when costs are increasing significantly.

Hasn't been required for 139 years so why now?

Requesting a renewable license therefore a bond should not be required.

#### Please add your comments:

Bond details have not been included eg how much, paid over what period, what does the bond cover, who is going to be in charge of the bond so it is not used for other purposes. Interest from bond money needs to be returned to the residents.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

None of the options are preferred

#### Please add your comments:

Like to be treated the same as everyone else in the district and only inspect when you would other properties in Selwyn.

Pending a legal opinion on Councils duty of care and the councils right to inspect I am unsure whether a settlement wide inspection is lawful.

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

More details and measurements of what is being checked and what are the consequences would be if any of these items failed and failing any items on the checklist should not lead to termination of licence.

Concerned that failing items on the inspection list will lead to unnecessary and intrusive internal house inspections.

Need to use the 1947 Buling Act

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Mutually agreeded time to remediate without punitive consequences.

Support and advice from council about issues with open two way communication.

Need to use the 1947 Buliding Act

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

To have support person on the day of inspection.

The council should be making every effort to keep people in their homes given the current housing shortage and lack of social housing.

Ensuring that no one is made homeless is one of the councils guiding principles and assumptions. 5/3/25 SDC workshop notes

Full Name: Caroline Blann Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No			
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?			
Other I have an interest in councils behaving correctly to their constituents			
What is your interest in the area?			
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.			
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.			
A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal) Please explain the reason for your selection:			
you have no right to get rid of the huts			
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes			
Please add your comments:			
stop playing god with peoples lives			
Let these people be			

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I have been in flooded situations more than once & the last 2 times there was no access for 10 days. We just made the most of it. People are more resilient than you are giving credit for.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

talk to the locals. They have all the answers

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

where are these people meant to get a bond from.		
I guess you are expecting winz to pay it. From 1 government to another. Doesn't make sense		
Please add your comments:		
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes		
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think building inspections should occur?  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised  Other		
Please add your comments:		
There should be no need to enter a person's property.		
Do you think the checklist covers the right things? Not sure Please specify what you would change		
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication there should be 14 days notice given to do an inspection if you need to do one at all		

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
why can't it be like a tenancy. 14 days to rectify anything on both the owner & the

council.

Full Name: Bruce Blake Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area?
I am putting in this submission even though I don't live there I feel a connection with the Selwyn Huts as over the years a number of family members have owned/holidayed and lived there. A number still do today.
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.
Please explain the reason for your selection:
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes
Please add your comments:

I completely disagree with the options for the Licence – they should be able to have a 30 year Licence that can be renewed. The so called triggers should be something that you work on with the owners.

I don't understand why you are trying to close down this village and make all those who live there homeless. The Councillors who vote for this should be ashamed of themselves. You have been trying for a number of years to wipe this community from Selwyn and each time you find a reason, a solution appears so then you find another reason. I have spoken to family members and others at the Huts and they cannot tell me what the current reason is. Why do you want to close this community down and make them all homeless?

This should also not be voted on now but held over until after the elections.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

Completely disagree with all of them. You have a report that says it is too early to talk about triggers and that more research is needed on them. Why pay for this report and

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

then ignore it? That is a waste of ratepayers money. How is the road being closed for 24 hours or longer a problem? The Council knows if a flood is coming and can tell everyone to evacuate. Of course you are going to fix the road as it is not just used by the people at the Huts – in fact I heard that at the Council meeting the Councillors said this would not be a trigger. If something serious happens then that is the time to talk about whether there is a future there or not.

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Talk to the community and work with them

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

## Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Yes

Please add your comments

No bond

### Please add your comments:

why a bond - never been needed in the past

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

Treat them like everyone else and only inspect if someone reports a problem. This seems to me like bullying. You wouldn't do this anywhere else. When I read this it makes me think that you own the homes in which case you could inspect but they own their own homes

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Nο

Please specify what you would change Only the land

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication clear communication and being reasonable

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled? see above

Full Name: Chels F Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
Other I don't want anyone getting kicked out of their homes
What is your interest in the area?
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)  Please explain the reason for your selection: no need to kick people out of theor homes
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Please add your comments:

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement
- * Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes Please explain your reason: its peoples own risk none should be forced out of their home
Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  No  Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

not upto the council

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bon	d requirement should not apply?
Yes	
Please add your comments	
all	

### Please add your comments:

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Not sure  Please specify what you would change
Please add your comments:
Other
How often do you think building inspections should occur?
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

No .

Full Name: Kirrily Fea **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: Yes What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes Please add your comments: Please see the attached pdf as my full submission including my full answer to Question

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

1 as this online form did not accept my submission in full.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- In relation to environmental events, we would like to be treated the same as everyone else in the district.
- To the best of our knowledge, no mitigation solutions have been investigated by the Council. Mitigation options should be explored thoroughly before confirming events that will trigger retreat. Specific triggers provided here are inappropriate, vague and open to different interpretation. This gives the Council power to terminate Licences unnecessarily.
- The Civil Defence warning system is very effective and the community is also very organised with self-monitoring which enables them to manage their own evacuations if required.
- Flooding of road access is not a reason to warrant retreat.
- USH are not the only users of Days Rd. This road is used by Lower Selwyn Huts; the Ngai Tahu farm house; ECan; users of the lake and the boat ramp; as well as the neighbouring farmers. We believe the Council has a responsibility to maintain this road and this should not affect our future occupancy. Damage to the road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

 This community is motivated and willing to work with the Council to research any mitigation options. This should happen before any triggers are decided upon.

### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

- The Council commissioned reports from Aqualinc and ECan which contributed to the conclusion of the Jacob's report 7/3/25 (also commissioned by Council):
  - "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage."
  - "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
  - "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years."
  - "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community."

No further research has been carried out in this area and presented to the community, so it is unclear where the events listed in the consultation document have come from?

 Reference to environmental events leading to an early Licence end should only relate to a significant event which has caused serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a significant event that cannot be mitigated.

If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body that the USH is permanently uninhabitable, a Licence end date could be mutually agreed upon.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

 In the event of a serious environmental event, the next step would be a discussion with the community leading to a collaborative decision on the way forward.

Without relocation or compensation being offered by either the Council or Central
Government, as would be consistent with international standard practice for
managed retreat, the community has a very high threshold for risk making
trigger-based approach difficult to agree on. Compensation should be offered
across NZ for managed retreat to ensure Council's only retreat when absolutely
necessary and do not use climate events as a reason to follow a predetermined
agenda.

This community deserves to be treated in the same manner as any other community in the Selwyn District. Forcing their retreat before any significant risk has been identified or any major event has occurred without justification is not acceptable.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

- A bond hasn't been required in 130 years. We are requesting a renewable Licence and in line with precedents set in the past, a bond should not be required.
- This is an additional cost to residents at a time when all costs are increasing, possibly significantly.

Please add your comments	S
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Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Other: Only when an inspection is required in any other part of the Selwyn District.

#### Please add your comments:

- Buildings should only be inspected at the same time as any other house in Selwyn would be inspected.
- The USH should be treated like everyone else in the district.
- Pending a legal opinion on the Council's duty of care and the Council's rights to inspect, we are awaiting confirmation as to whether a settlement-wide inspection is lawful.

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

- This should be a lot inspection only and should not include the buildings as the Council are not landlords of our buildings.
- The Building Condition External section should be removed in its entirety.
- The title of the inspection checklist should be changed from "Upper Selwyn Huts
   Hut Condition Inspection" to "Upper Selwyn Huts
   Lot Inspection".

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

- If there is a problem with the lot, a mutually agreed timeframe to remediate without punitive consequences.
- Support and advice from Council would be helpful if there are any issues.
- The Council should be making every effort to keep people in their homes given the current affordable housing shortage and lack of social housing.

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

- Home owners should be encouraged to have a support person with them at the time of any inspection to protect their wellbeing.
- Any issues with an inspection should NOT be a reason to terminate a Licence.
- Ensuring that no one is made homeless is one of the Council's own guiding principles and assumptions.

# Clare Lenihan LE MUSE

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the <u>Reserves</u> and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act
 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising <u>building huts on the www.environmentallawyer.co.nz</u>

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reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to —local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv)The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi)In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³ It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

⁷ Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

#### Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council, Also see <u>Opma Countil</u>

<u>Preservation Inc. t. Far North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH
  is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering
  Act 1924 (ROLD Act).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (**bolding** mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- 9. Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit¹⁹; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple,²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- 22. Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, \$73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates 1 Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community³⁵ and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future³⁶.

#### (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term

- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period". The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

³⁷ Page 29

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. **Summary**: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show the risk is not as significant as previously thought. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is⁴⁰:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community." is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "6"
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (**bolding** mine):
  - Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) **permanent licences**,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1.

(iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Selwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (hut settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv) Schedule: **Permanent licences** terms and limitations on use: The Licensee may **permanently occupy** the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the **particular purpose for which it was classified**⁴⁹.

⁴⁷ The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve **for the purpose for which it is classified**⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

#### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

 $^{^{50}}$  In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

^{5!} Section 40 Reserves Act.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### **B. Significance and Engagement**

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

- (1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.
- (2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
  Act 1969.
- (2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:
  - (a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:
  - (b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.
- (2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:
  - (a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:
  - (b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.
- (3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- 1. USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - e. the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

,

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

#### Kirrily Fea SDC Consultation Submission (21 July 2025)

For the full details of this submission refer to Selwyn Huts' Owners Association submission 20/07/25 which I have summarised here in parts and further expanded in other parts. The variations from the Association's submission are highlighted in grey.

I have also attached a copy of this submission in case the formatting does not transfer to the online form.

#### **Question 1: Licence Term Options**

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future Licences should last. Please select your preferred Licence term from the options below.

- · Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.
- A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.
- Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).

Other: Considering SDC's legal advice presented at the Council meeting 21/5/25 and applying the Reserves Act 1977 in relation to the term of the Licence, I request a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister Clare Lenihan.

#### Please explain the reason for your selection:

SDC's legal advice presented at the Council's meeting 21/5/25 stated:

- 1. SDC is granting the Licence term under the Reserves Act 1977, and
- "Our recommendation is would be almost all leases and licences have a term. We don't believe having good Local Government Act decision making principles it would be open to you to make a decision even under your discretion to put an infinite term on a licence".

Both 1 & 2 above relate to our original preferred licence term of open ended with triggers. Since the Reserves Act 1977 allows for renewable terms (see legal opinion attached), to fit within SDC's legal team's advice given at this meeting, our Barrister has changed her recommended licence term from open ended with triggers to 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

This opinion also states the Council is not bound by a non-renewable Licence, that the Council needs to consider their obligations as administrator of a **local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement**, which includes the community, as well as its specific historic values.

In my opinion the Council is failing to meet their obligations as the administrator of this local purpose reserve and in addition there is clear and extensive evidence they have actively sought ways to end the settlement's occupancy since at least 2017.

The Council has not given any reason to justify a non-renewable Licence and is ignoring all the reasons for the next Licence to be renewable.

#### Do you have any other feedback? Yes No. Please add your comments:

Similar to the Selwyn Huts Owners' Association submission (differences highlighted in grey):

The following will expand on the above summary under the following headings:

- 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term
- The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for the Purpose of Hut Settlement
- 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations
- 4. There Are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence
- 5. Other Reasons the Next Licence Should be Renewable

#### 1. The Council is not bound by any Non-Renewable Term

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "54 (i) Council is not bound by any finite Licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- 54 (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a Licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- 54 (iii) Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term"

# 2. The Council's Obligations as Administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve for the Purpose of Hut Settlement

Barrister Clare Lenihan's Opinion 20 June 2025 (attached):

- "48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified.
- 49. The functions of administering bodies include to ensure the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified."
- "51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement."
- "44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve."

"54 (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future

54 (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant a Licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement"

#### 3. How The Council Are Not Meeting Their Legal Obligations

There is clear evidence from 2017 that Selwyn District Council has not only failed to meet the legal obligations of an administrator of a Local Purpose Reserve but has actively sought multiple ways and reasons to terminate the hut settlement occupancy.

#### As summarised from the Selwyn Huts Owners' Association

- 2017 SDC seeks legal advice on the feasibility of refusing the renew the Licences.
- 2010
  - Under low significance and therefore no community consultation Council passes resolution that future Licences are now short term and ultimately for a finite period and in doing so ignoring council commissioned Development Matters recommendations.
  - SDC receives confirmation from Buddle Findlay that USH is probably an archaeological site and therefore potentially has heritage values and this would have consequences should USH achieve Heritage Listing.
  - SDC uses short term and ultimately finite resolution to block USH's Heritage NZ Pouhere Taonga application for entry on the Heritage List.
- 2023 SDC request to DOC to transfer the administration of USH is refused.
- 2024 SDC classifies the future occupancy of USH as low significance, ensuring any future strategy is not community led and present USH with a 174-page document 2 working days before the Council votes on the next Licence to occupy being a maximum of 15 years finite with no consultation.
- 2024-2025 SDC attempts to justify a non-renewable Licence based on an ever-changing list of reasons and not being interested in alternative opinions or solutions (see Number "4. There are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence" below).
- 2025 SDC fails to consult with USH in a quality and fair manner by:
  - Attempting to predetermine the licence term outcome by only presenting three nonrenewable Licence term options and not including an "Other" box option significantly limiting feedback options.
    - Many owners have asked me "do we have to tick a box". Many will as
      they have been told by others that if they don't it will mean their
      submission wont count. They will tick a box but then put in the
      comments they do not agree. This will mean any summary data will
      be misleading
    - People from the wider community who support the USH right to stay will similarly tick the best option assuming they are making the best choice for us, not realising there are other options. Once again meaning the summary data will be misleading.

- For this reason we ask the Council to summarise the data by adding in an "other" box and separating out anyone who either hasn't ticked a box but included comments, or has ticked a box but then altered their answer in the comments.
- o Stating USH are on the shores of the lake which isn't true
- Referring to our homes as huts
- Implying that the document has been shaped by independently facilitated sessions when these recommendations are been completely ignored
- Stating the reserve is public reserve without mentioning the Local Purpose Reserve classification which is a material omission.
- Stating that the balance of this document considers many things but excludes the administrator's legal obligations when managing a Local Purpose Reserve.
- Stating the reasons for the non-renewable Licence terms are environmental impacts and protection; equity for all ratepayers and long term sustainability when there is no evidence supporting these claims.
- Classifying the significance level to moderate ensuring community led decision making will be limited.
- Justifying the moderate significance classification to Councillors on 21/5/25 by explaining this wouldn't go out to the wider public, then advertising the submission process to the public the next week.

#### 4. There Are No Reasons Justifying a Non-Renewable Licence

Since 2019 and particularly since March 2024, the Council has provided USH with an everevolving list of reasons for a non-renewable Licence. As some reasons are disproved, new reasons are provided. The USH community does not have a current list of Council reasons justifying a non-renewable Licence.

The question has always been, and remains, why should the next Licence be non-renewable for the first time in 130 years?

Collating multiple documents, we believe the following are the Council's remaining justifications:

- · Lake levels rising due to the lake not being opened
  - It was suggested on 5 March 2025 publicly excluded Councillor workshop that this trigger should be removed due to the unlikeliness of this scenario.
- · Wider community tensions
  - o What is meant by "wider community tension?
  - It is the Councils' role to manage community tensions. We believe the Council are creating community tensions about Upper Selwyn Huts by their media releases with their exaggerated narratives that the USH community are costing ratepayers money and that we are constantly at risk from extreme weather events, neither of which are true.
- Concerns about evacuations and road access being cut off during extreme weather events
  - USH has never flooded in 130 years.

- The USH community is proactive with monitoring river levels, listening to Civil Defence warnings, and self-evacuating when the road access is due to be cut off which is by design to release the pressure of the river at high levels.
- USH would like to be treated the same as everyone else in the Selwyn District when road access is cut off.

#### · Rising ground water and flood risks

- Council commissioned Aqualinc report December 2024 concluded that based on their modelling, USH will not be vulnerable to lake level rises or rising ground water until at least late in the century. These conclusions do not support the next 30-year Licence being non-renewable.
- Council commissioned Jacobs Report March 2025 concluded the available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need for retreat in the next 15-30 years.
- Risk to the stop banks during high river levels has not been confirmed.
  - USH are working with ECAN to establish if there are areas of risk at extreme river levels.
  - USH are not aware of any concerns raised by ECAN about the stop bank at the settlement.
  - USH community believes the opposite stop bank is lower than the stop bank at the settlement and is more at risk.
  - ECAN has a plan to lower the opposite bank further downstream to release extreme pressure reducing risk further upstream.
  - Further scientific data is required before concluding the stop banks at the USH settlement is at risk.

#### Legal Constraints

- USH residents have adjusted their preferred Licence term option to fall within the constraints of SDC's internal legal team's advice to Councillors 21 May 2025 as follows:
  - 33 years is the limit for a Licence term when applying the Reserves Act 1977 and the next Licence needs to fit within that timeframe.
  - When applying good Local Government Act decision making principles, an infinite term on a Licence should apply.

For these two reasons, we have adjusted our preferred Licence term option from "open ended, with triggers" to "30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

 SDC internal legal team have refused to respond to our Barrister's legal opinion and our LGOIMA before the end of this consultation period denying USH the opportunity to counter their advice to Councillors.

We have requested the statutory interpretation for SDC's internal legal advice to Councillors several times as follows but have been denied this information each time:

- Clare Lenihan phone call with Julie Hands. Julie refused to give details.
- Email to SDC requesting response to our Barrister's opinion. SDC refuses to reply before the end of the current consultation period.
- LGOIMA response refused before the end of the consultation period.

For these reasons, legal constraints should not be used to justify a non-renewable Licence in September 2025.

- Duty of Care
  - USH believes Buddle Findlay's advice to SDC overstates SDC's Duty of Care obligations as SDC is not a landlord of our homes, but rather administrators of the land only.
  - USH requires more time to obtain legal advice on SDC's Duty of Care in relation to being an administrator of the local purpose reserve.
  - o SDCs known Duty of Care concerns:
    - Fire Risk USH have been working with Fire and Emergency New Zealand (FENZ) who have subsequently contacted SDC. FENZ do not appear to be any more concerned about our homes compared to others in the district. They have given us some general advice which all homeowners would receive, which we are happy to share with the Council during any lot inspections.
    - Insanitary Buildings there is no reason why USH residents should be treated differently from any other house in the Selwyn District in relation to insanitary buildings.

None of the above reason's SDC are using justifies the next Licence to Occupy being nonrenewable, and no Council commissioned reports support this. The question has always been, and remains, why should the next Licence be non-renewable for the first time in 130 years?

#### 5. Other Reasons the Next Licence Should be Renewable

- The Council as administrators of a local purpose reserve have legal obligations which they
  are failing to meet.
- In the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant Licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.
- No reason provided by the Council so far justifies a non-renewable Licence.
- Councils own commissioned scientific and consultant reports do not support a nonrenewable Licence.
- USH has never flooded in 130 years.
- Heritage. SDC needs to consider the specific historic values of the reserve and community (Barrister opinion attached).
- USH has commissioned a Statement of Significance from historians Underground Overground Archaeology (UOA) (which will be provided to you before the Oral Submissions) which concludes that The Upper Selwyn Huts is an archaeological site and the place also contains significant heritage values. UOA recommends:
  - That the huts remain on their current site;

- That the Upper Selwyn Huts are added to HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as an historic area;
- That the Upper Selwyn Huts are added to Selwyn District Council's District Plan heritage schedule.
- UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair.
   Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.
- 130 years of Licence renewals precedent (Barrister's opinion attached).
- Expectation of permanency from 2015 the Licence contains the word permanent. It is in the current Licence 5 times (Barrister's opinion attached). Half of the houses have changed ownership since 2015, with the understanding that permanent means long term occupancy.
- There is a current housing shortage and also limited availability of low cost housing, especially in Selwyn. The housing in USH should be protected for this reason for as long as it is safe to do so.
- The USH is a unique community, and "a very special and welcoming place, both its built character and its strong sense of community. I would have hoped that Selwyn District Council could see Upper Selwyn Huts as being a special asset for as long as possible." (MP Andy Foster email to SDC 7/3/2025).
- Security of tenure is a basic human right. The USH residents have not experienced this
  right for 10 years. They deserve to live in their homes in peace, privacy and comfort with
  less stress and more certainty.
- USH community does not understand nor agree with the reasons behind a non-renewable Licence.
- USH will continue to challenge SDC if a non-renewable Licence is voted in without
  justification. This will continue to waste Council's, ratepayers and USH's time and money as
  this decision is not based on fair representation.

With all the reasons supporting a renewable Licence, and no reasons given that justify a nonrenewable Licence, there is no reason why the next Licence can't be renewable conditional on environmental triggers.

#### Summary/In Conclusion

I do not agree with any of the three Licence term options provided as they are all non-renewable.

SDC as administrators of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement, have legal obligations when administrating the reserve. It is clear that SDC are not meeting those obligations. In fact there is compelling evidence that SDC have been actively seeking ways to remove the community since 2017.

There are no reasons provided that justify a non-renewable Licence, however there are many reasons why the next Licence should be renewable.

For these reasons, I am seeking a Licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister.

I'd like to end my submission on Question 1 with this statement:

For whatever unknown reason SDC has been actively seeking out ways to terminate our Licence to Occupy since at least 2017. No reasons so far provided to the USH community justifies the disestablishment of an entire Selwyn Township and the destruction of a historically significant area which will eventually require the reclassification of this Local Purpose Reserve. If a non-renewable Licence term is voted on in September 2025, USH will continue to challenge this decision legally, further wasting everyone's time and money, and keeping SDC's decision making processes under public scrutiny. For those of you who are leaving this year, is this really the legacy you want to put your name to in your final vote as a Councillor? This decision has a significant impact and will be remembered.

#### Question 2: Environmental Events for Early Licence End

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a Licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
- Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
- Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes/No

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- In relation to environmental events, we would like to be treated the same as everyone
  else in the district.
- To the best of our knowledge, no mitigation solutions have been investigated by the Council. Mitigation options should be explored thoroughly before confirming events that will trigger retreat. Specific triggers provided here are inappropriate, vague and open to different interpretation. This gives the Council power to terminate Licences unnecessarily.
- The Civil Defence warning system is very effective and the community is also very organised with self-monitoring which enables them to manage their own evacuations if required.
- · Flooding of road access is not a reason to warrant retreat.
- USH are not the only users of Days Rd. This road is used by Lower Selwyn Huts; the Ngai Tahu farm house; ECan; users of the lake and the boat ramp; as well as the neighbouring farmers. We believe the Council has a responsibility to maintain this road and this should not affect our future occupancy. Damage to the road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.
- This community is motivated and willing to work with the Council to research any mitigation options. This should happen before any triggers are decided upon.

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Yes/No.

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

- The Council commissioned reports from Aqualinc and ECan which contributed to the conclusion of the Jacob's report 7/3/25 (also commissioned by Council):
  - "a triggers-based approach is not recommended at this stage."
  - "The risk to USH from flooding is no greater than a lot of other areas in the district. The increase in risk is slow over the next 50 years."
  - "The available climate change and flooding information does not seem to support the need to retreat in the next 15-30 years."
  - "Environment triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community."

No further research has been carried out in this area and presented to the community, so it is unclear where the events listed in the consultation document have come from?

 Reference to environmental events leading to an early Licence end should only relate to a significant event which has caused serious damage to homes and people or a risk of a significant event that cannot be mitigated.

If this resulted in confirmation from an independent body that the USH is permanently uninhabitable, a Licence end date could be mutually agreed upon.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

#### Please add your comments:

- In the event of a serious environmental event, the next step would be a discussion with the community leading to a collaborative decision on the way forward.
- Without relocation or compensation being offered by either the Council or Central
  Government, as would be consistent with international standard practice for managed retreat,
  the community has a very high threshold for risk making trigger-based approach difficult to
  agree on. Compensation should be offered across NZ for managed retreat to ensure
  Council's only retreat when absolutely necessary and do not use climate events as a reason
  to follow a predetermined agenda.

This community deserves to be treated in the same manner as any other community in the Selwyn District. Forcing their retreat before any significant risk has been identified or any major event has occurred without justification is not acceptable.

#### **Question 3: Bond Requirements**

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a Licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes/No

Yes

### Please add your comments.

- A bond hasn't been required in 130 years. We are requesting a renewable Licence and in line with precedents set in the past, a bond should not be required.
- This is an additional cost to residents at a time when all costs are increasing, possibly significantly.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes/No

No

Please add your comments:

#### **Question 4: Building Condition Inspection Programme**

Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think condition inspections should occur?

- Every year
- Every 2 years
- Every 3-5 years
- · Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
- Other

Other: Only when an inspection is required in any other part of the Selwyn District.

#### Please add your comments:

- Buildings should only be inspected at the same time as any other house in Selwyn would be inspected.
- . The USH should be treated like everyone else in the district.
- Pending a legal opinion on the Council's duty of care and the Council's rights to inspect, we are awaiting confirmation as to whether a settlement-wide inspection is lawful.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

#### Yes/No/Not Sure

No

#### Please specify what you would change:

- This should be a lot inspection only and should not include the buildings as the Council are not landlords of our buildings.
- . The Building Condition External section should be removed in its entirety.
- The title of the inspection checklist should be changed from "Upper Selwyn Huts Hut Condition Inspection" to "Upper Selwyn Huts – Lot Inspection".

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?

## Please add your comments.

- If there is a problem with the lot, a mutually agreed timeframe to remediate without punitive consequences.
- Support and advice from Council would be helpful if there are any issues.
- The Council should be making every effort to keep people in their homes given the current
  affordable housing shortage and lack of social housing.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

### Please add your comments:

- Home owners should be encouraged to have a support person with them at the time of any
  inspection to protect their wellbeing.
- Any issues with an inspection should NOT be a reason to terminate a Licence.
- Ensuring that no one is made homeless is one of the Council's own guiding principles and assumptions.

# **Submitter Number: 155**

Full Name: Joshua Moot

**Organisation:** 

Wish to speak to the submission: No

# What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

## What is your interest in the area?

I am a member of the Greenpark Foodbank, which serves the upper Selwyn Huts area. Through this work, I've come to know many of the residents and their personal stories. The reality of living with the constant uncertainty of homelessness is heart-wrenching. On top of this, the overwhelming financial burden of having to pay to destroy their own homes adds an unimaginable level of devastation to their lives.

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

# Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal) Please explain the reason for your selection:

Many of the residents of the Selwyn Huts are in their senior years, with the Huts serving as a sanctuary from the bustle of city life. For many, it has been a place of comfort and personal solace, chosen for deeply individual reasons. With a single fixed term of 30 years, nearly all of these residents would see the end of their tenure here as they approach the end of their lives. Introducing a non-transfer clause into the licences would ensure a gradual, non-disruptive transition—a humane and dignified way of phasing out occupancy without creating the distress of forced removal.

By implementing this "sinking lid" policy, the community would avoid the risk of new residents moving in under circumstances that are not sustainable, while also respecting the wishes and stability of those who have made the Huts their home. This approach acknowledges the deep attachment that residents have to their homes, while offering a

esidents and the long-term sustainability of the community.
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Please add your comments:

clear and fair framework that ensures their dignity is maintained. Such a strategy offers

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with? Yes

Please explain your reason:

The road in question is prone to flooding and is a poorly constructed clay and shingle accessway. Despite recent attempts at repairs, which have been substandard at best, the road has already become heavily rutted. Additionally, the lake requires constant management to prevent flooding issues. When the lake isn't opened at the correct times, it's almost inevitable that the road will flood. Evicting people due to improper water management would seem not only unjust but also disingenuous. As someone

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

with Dutch heritage, I can confidently say that water management is the real issue here, not the settlement itself.

Another important point is that most residents evacuate promptly when water levels begin to rise, and they fully comply with Civil Defence's evacuation orders. Therefore, to evict people on the grounds that emergency vehicles cannot service the huts feels somewhat manufactured, given that the residents are proactive in evacuating when necessary.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

None of the residents in the Upper Huts area are of significant financial means. Adding a substantial bond to their lease requirements would likely make it impossible for most, if not all, to pay. When these residents purchased their homes, they were, or at least should have been, made aware of the risks involved. However, for the majority, the idea that they would one day be required to pay to destroy their own homes would have never crossed their minds. Given that the huts have stood since the 1800s, it was not an unreasonable assumption to believe they could continue living there.

In my strong opinion, it is inhumane to not only ask residents to vacate the homes they've called their own for so long but also to demand that they bear the cost of destroying those homes.

## Please add your comments:

Introducing a bond requirement would effectively amount to eviction for many of the current residents, as the majority simply cannot afford it. While to some, the Selwyn Huts may appear as rundown structures, to those who live there, they are not just shelters—they are *homes*. For many, these huts represent a sense of independence, security, and belonging, a place where they've built their lives and memories over the years. The prospect of being priced out by a bond is not merely an inconvenience; it would be an unbearable burden, stripping away their sanctuary and disrupting the delicate balance of their lives in their later years.

It's essential to recognize that for these residents, the huts are far more than a physical space—they are a cornerstone of their well-being. Any policy that introduces financial barriers like a bond would effectively disregard the emotional and practical realities these residents face. A decision to impose such a bond would be a harsh and insensitive one, one that fails to acknowledge the profound attachment and dependence these individuals have on their homes.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

If the Council wishes to conduct what effectively amounts to an audit on the properties, it should do so with careful consideration, and only in response to a legitimate complaint or issue that warrants such an action. Auditing properties without cause would not only be an unnecessary intrusion but would also be an unjustified use of ratepayers' money. Investigations or enforcement actions should only be initiated when there is a clearly

defined concern of significant importance—one that justifies the expenditure of public funds.

The Council must remain focused on maintaining a fair and balanced approach, ensuring that any action it takes is in line with the principle of proportionality. Property audits should not be used as a blanket or routine measure, but as a targeted response to genuine issues that affect the safety, health, or well-being of the community. Only by adhering to this standard can the Council maintain trust and demonstrate responsible stewardship of public resources.

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change Audits should be limited to a defined scope as set-out by a complaint.

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

The Council has a responsibility to provide clear, transparent, and considerate communication to these often-vulnerable residents. It's essential that their concerns are not only heard but actively addressed with the same level of attention and respect given to any other ratepayer. These residents, many of whom may be facing significant challenges in their later years, deserve no less than full respect for their rights and dignity.

Furthermore, given the complexity of the issues at hand, many of these residents would greatly benefit from advocacy support. Whether navigating bureaucratic processes or understanding their rights, advocacy services would ensure they are not left to navigate these challenges alone. The Council must recognize the unique position these residents are in and ensure that they have access to the resources and support needed to make informed decisions about their futures. This commitment to fair treatment and support will not only protect the welfare of the residents but also build stronger, more empathetic community relationships.

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Inspections, if necessary, should be carried out with the utmost sensitivity, respecting the privacy of individuals in their own homes. Residents should be given sufficient notice to prepare for the inspection, and a clear scope of what will be assessed should be communicated in advance.

# **Submitter Number: 156**

Full Name: John Cooke
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I have an interest in the area Other
What is your interest in the area? Family and friends live there
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.
Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)
Please explain the reason for your selection:
there is no higher risk here than 90 percent of homes in Canterbury
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? No
Please add your comments:

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

emergency services must provide services to adjacent farms and other properties so why is this any different. Are the farmers being told to move?

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

the same consideration it would provide to antone in their ratable area. No discrimination.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

your actions require them to move. Your responsibility.

### Please add your comments:

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

# How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

## Please add your comments:

you are discriminating with any other requirements.

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication if the issue is historic it should overlook unless a safety issue

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 157**

Full Name: Sandra Lagrosse

Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

18/7

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH**.

#### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

st name* Sandra
Last name* LOGIOSSE
Are you submitting on benair or an organisation?"
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:)  Concil 15 Recking Codock  other: Hive different options
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   9

X

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Questions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<ol> <li>Licence term options         Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.         Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.     </li> </ol>	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  I would like to see a  Boyeor term with right of  Teneural. This has been my home  for 28 years. If has been son  + Caring Community + one that  my children + arandchilden have  So many precious memories  Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage
Please add your comments:  Too struggle with the knowled that my children will be left with my debt. The thought of bosing my home causes me ofter gried I do not understand why this has come to this.  The maintained my home to a high standard a was able to find a job as a local school bus driver making backs of new friends in the area for my horidays was a joy they got to experience good old fashion fun. Tree huts, gala days, swimm fishing ect.	any area of the
10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	V

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  We would be for warned as before in the Poist We have a great tegan of tolk on civil all the come to make sure I was a prepared for any pr	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Every 3-5 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please add your comments:  Treat my home like any other rate payer in the district.  They do not require in Spections.  Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:  My home was originally the  Springeton South Cricket favilia  Which was from the reserve.  Etc. So I've no idea what the  Site was like.  Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:
Yes No	
Please add your comments: Whild this money collected be held in a trust with the SDC? There would be too many loopholes in this proposal. How much would the bord be?	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:  Alo Enspections, but I feel if anything all homes should be required to instance.
	Smoke alarms, Should be computed in Decument 11
2	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Kate Johnson

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

Over Counter 18/7

#### **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

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If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name*	Kale
Last name*	Johnson
	-
Are you subm	nitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
If yes, please	state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish t	to attend a hearing to present your
submission in	
Yes T	] No
	ne will be in contact with you
	e date and time.
	connection or interest to
Upper Selwyr	
Lomolio	ence holder
	a licence holder but live at
	elwyn Huts
	interest in this area. Please explain:
i nave an	merede in this area. Hease explain.
Other:	
L J Utiler.	

X

Ougations				
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.    Fixed term of 5 years   No renewal.    A single fixed term of 30 years   No renewal.    Rolling 10-year terms   with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).    Please explain the reason for your selection:		2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access:		
lam r box. Please atta	read my	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.		
Yes Please add you	ny other feedback?  No  No comments:	Serious harm caused by a flood event:     Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.  Are there any of the proposed events you		
COMV	nents are in	disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:  L J Savle with au 3.		
		Please see my reasons In my letter  Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No  Please add your comments:  See my reasons  Letter		

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Building condition inspection programme     Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are		
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the		
See my letter	following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?		
	Every year Every 2 years		
	Every 3-5 years		
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised		
	Other		
3. Bond requirements	Please add your comments: Only a lot inspection in		
Council is considering introducing a bond to	angining.		
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	Please see my letter		
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?		
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure		
requirement should not apply?  Yes No	Please specify what you would change:  If an inspection at all.		
Please add your comments:	inspection only.		
There should not be a	Please see my lette		
prease see my letter	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?		
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:		
on the inclusion of a bond?	Comments are in my		
Yes No	Lette		
Please add your comments: Sel My letter			
V	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?		
	Please add your comments:		
	Comments are in mu		
	letter.		

Upper Selwyn Huts Future Deed of Licence Kate Johnson

#### My Submission

I have lived at The Upper Selwyn Huts since 2019, buying my home in 2020. It is an amazing place to live. Since coming here I have made some truly wonderful friends. It would be heartbreaking and a huge loss to lose all we have here, because, at the Upper Selwyn Huts, we are a close knit community living on a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement, which includes the notion of community. Just like any community, we are a group of people, all just wanting to live a quiet, normal, happy life. We have young families, middle aged people and quite a few retirees. Some are here for financial reasons, some for the lifestyle, some for family, some for all of those reasons. There are a lot here with long family connections. We also all look out for each other. Any one of us could walk down the street and ask for help from nearly anyone, and they would offer that help willingly. A few vulnerable residents live here for that reason. They would not cope living in housing estates in the city, where no-one knows anyone, with high crime rates etc. They feel safe here. A lot here have long historic family connections. But, regardless of why we are here it would be sad to see this all taken away unnecessarily, especially with a nationwide housing crisis. We live here mortgage free and the thought of having to demolish our homes, with no compensation, remove ourselves and go somewhere else, paying huge rent costs is extremely daunting. I for one can't afford to do this. It feels derogatory when the councillors refer to our HOMES as huts. I know they are classed as huts, but they are our HOMES.

The Upper Selwyn Huts consultation documents are quite biased, inaccurate and misleading, just like quite a bit of information, the SDC spread about us in inaccurate Press releases, therefore, I have chosen not to tick some of the boxes that could give SDC ammunition against us. I want all councillors to be given all the facts... accurate, honest and true facts, with enough time to read and digest all the information, so they can make accurate informed decisions on our licence and our lives. I would like SDC to reconsider making the decisions on our Deed of Licence until after the upcoming elections, as the whole council seems to be in complete disarray with so many choosing not to stand again for the next term. I feel it would be very biased. I also don't think you should be using unpaid rates and licence fees as a reason to evict us. Why should a few disadvantage many? I agree these should have been paid on time, but as a business you should have been following up on these a long time before now. That is your own error and I feel it is wrong to have published these arrears. Surely this information is between the council and the particular rate payers. Everyone in the community should be treated with dignity, respect and care. We are constituents and rate payers of the Selwyn District and should be treated accordingly and not be put at an unjustified disadvantage. This whole process of getting our new Deed Of Licence has made a lot in our community anxious, distressed, vulnerable and worn out.

#### Question 1: Licence Term Options

I am choosing not to tick any of the three options as none are acceptable, all being non-renwable or finite terms.

Have you, SDC, thought, that by giving us a renewable term, residents would be far more willing to address issues with their homes and make improvements. You made it possible for permanent residency.. it is extremely bad management to try and revoke this after so many people have spent life savings buying their homes here, thinking it was going to be long term. There has been absolutely NO communication as to why you want us gone and what you intend to use the Reserve for..especially after installing a multi-million dollar sewerage system, expecting us to pay for our part of it. This whole thing is extremely distressing for residents, causing a lot of anxiety about the cost of demolishing our homes, with NO compensation, in an already existing housing crisis. WHERE DO WE ALL GO????????

I want to refer to our barristers report. This is our Barristers legal opinion and cannot be disregarded. The SDC have been sent a copy of this so there should be no need for me to cover it all again, but I have inclued some points.

Barrister Clare Lenihan's opinion, dated 20th June 2025: Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

Her opinion also states that the Selwyn District Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. You have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purpose. There are also legal obligations to protect the historic values, recognise our communities diversity, promote social, economic and cultural well-being of it's community, both now and in the future.

The council can issue licences under the ROLD act 1924 with no time limit. Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than 1 term of 33 years under the Reserves Act 1977. You are also not bound by your 2019 resolution that hut licenses are short term and ultimately finite.

You, SDC, have not provided any reasons, to date, that justifies a non-renewable licence. All independent evidence and reports do NOT support a non-renewable term

The ECAN/Aqualinc report confirmed climate change is not going to be an issue for many years.

You have resolved our Wastewater problem.

Our Stop Bank does NOT overtop at our settlement.. It breaks it's banks higher up than us. This sometimes causes Days Road to flood but we are all well prepared should this happen.

Tension from the wider community regarding expenses, that you say, we have caused, has been created by you from extremely biased Press releases... You really need to have true and correct facts before releasing these.

Concerns over evacuations are very well managed by our Civil Defence team, of which I am a member.

## If one of these events were to happen I would expect the SDC to do: What we have been asking for...

Allow our community to make decisions for ourselves on anything that affects us, involving us and giving us back the opportunity to self manage and administer, as we did for 116 years, pre 2011, when you took over from our committee. We are not experts in managed retreat, so why are you expecting us to propose environmental events that would warrant retreat. SDC could then use these events as a baseline for other Selwyn residents.

#### Question 3 Bond requirements

I disagree with paying a bond.

Paying a bond is going to add an additional cost to our licence fee and rates cost, which is increasing exorbitantly. I feel there needs to be a complete rates review to bring our rates into line. SDC have devalued our homes making it difficult to sell them for a reasonable price, so why are we expected to pay increasing rates on much less value.

As we are asking for a renewable licence the bond should not even be considered. A bond hasn't ever been required before, so why are you introducing this now. You have given us no costs, what period of time it is to be paid over or exactly what it covers. As it could be for quite a period of time, why should SDC be acquiring all this money when it could be staying in my account, for me to be responsible for myself, should the time arise. It seems like a **revenue gathering tactic**.

#### Question 4 Building Condition Inspection Programme

#### I am ticking Other box

Who will be doing these inspections?? Will there be a team of qualified people, or a group looking for excuses to get rid of us.

None of the options are preferred. Why can't we be treated like everyone else in the district and only inspect when you would other properties. This should be done once and only be an external lot inspection, if at all. Is it even legal to do a community wide inspection? We need proof that it is. You make us feel like we have no rights whatsoever. It is becoming very distressing for a lot of the residents here. You need to think about your Duty of Care for our well being.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things.

Yes, but for a Lot Inspection only, providing the inspectors are qualified with no agenda to go looking for issues to make things more difficult and costly than they already are.

## If issues are identified during inspections what kind of support or communication would you expect from the Council

I would expect a mutually agreed and respectful time frame to rectify issues. Open and honest communication between parties.

Question 2: Environmental Events for Early Licence End I Googled whether it is legal to evict a leasehold community due to flooding and this is what it said..

While flooding can create challenging situations, evicting a leasehold community solely due to flooding is generally not permitted. Landlords must follow proper procedures and consider the extent of the damage before taking action. In New Zealand it is generally not legal to evict a leasehold community simply because of flooding. While flooding can lead to uninhabitable conditions, the law priortises tenant rights and landlords to follow specific procedures. Landlords may be able to end a tenancy if the property is severely damaged, but this requires proper notice and consideration of the extent of the damage.

#### 1 Flooding affecting access:

I do NOT consider having access cut off for 24 hours twice in a 12 month period a valid reason, on any basis, to warrant retreat. We deserve the same treatment as any other area in the district that has lost access. We get plenty of warning regarding potential flooding events and are very well prepared. Our very capable Civil Defence team here will look into arranging other methods to gain access should that be required in an emergency. Generally utes and other higher vehicles can still get through.

#### 2 Destruction of Road cutting of Vehicle Access:

This can NOT be a reason for permanent retreat.

Upper Huts residents are not the only users of Days Rd. SDC has got a responsibility to maintain Days Rd for access to the lake, Lower Selwyn Huts residents, farmers, DOC, ECAN, fishermen, duckshooters and many rowing teams. Days Rd is a diegrace to the district anyway. It is quite a narrow road, with many dangerous potholes. There is nowhere to go to avoid them if there is oncoming traffic. The occasional patchups, not repairs, don't last either.

#### 3 Serious Harm Caused By a Flood Event:

Should someone have the misfortune to be injured in an event here, we have a very capable Civil Defence team here, of which I am a member. Some of us have completed First Aid courses and continue to keep these by doing refresher courses, so feel we are capable and competent to deal with these situations. Should anyone require medical attention we would make arrangements to make this happen. We are also involved with Selwyn Gets Ready, who are there to help in an emergency. As stated in options 1 and 2 above, this is still not a valid reason to retreat a community. Options to alleviate and lighten these triggers must be investigated. The SDC triggers are inappropriate and open to interpretation, which gives you the power to unnecessarily terminate licences. You, the SDC have identified through your Jacobs Report, that environmental triggers and thresholds require a lot more scientific research and explanation. So far, this has not been completed. I feel that if an independent body, without an agenda, confirmed there was serious risk to homes and people from a major event, making the Upper Hut settlement permanently uninhabitable, then a licence end date could be mutually agreed on.

Support and advice from the council... Emotional and medical support, accommodation help should this be required.

I would expect the council do NOT use these issues to terminate licences.

#### In Conclusion

 We ask that you let us be, to get on to live our lives in the peace and tranquility of this local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement.

Full Name: Blanche Fryer

Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

18/7 Post

#### **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

#### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* Blanche
Last name* Fryer
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:

Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 9

# It has not been voted on in council that the USHs are no renewal?

Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  I request a 'rolling term' of  30 year term with a Renewable'  option for 30 year (Subject to  environment trigger points to	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
be agreed)	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event:     Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: The New Sewerage System and	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
Aqualink / E can's reports give USH's a much longer possibility	Yes No Please explain your reason:
The USH's is gazetted as a 'local purpose that settlement.	See Answer A
that means its a community of people, of which have found a home, invested in, and found a place to settle.	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
We should be supported the same as all communities in Selwyn District and and valadated by being included in district wide rateing for water infrastructure, as Said by Mayor Sam B in Selwyn Times 9th July 2015	See Answer B

2. Environmental Events for early licence ent. _

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes A

If any of the Council's submission senarios were given to any other settlement in NZ as reasons not to allow people to live. The place would be uninhabited! There would be no coastal cities, towns or settlement, no riverside or valley settlement. So far in 130 yrs, the USH's have had no flooding, no loss of life; no road washows.

There needs to be relavent tragger Points as a significant event causing serious damage that cannot be mitigated.

feedback on your three possible events

Only is a significant event causing serious damage, that cannot be mitigated. We lest our house in the chich eathquakes due to rockfall and red zoned. The Huts were our safe place for the next 3 years.

as it treats all uts citizens trate payers, licence/lean holders, In minor events, repair minor road damage repair access. If a major environmental disaster occured in would effect alot of the Solwyn District and we would face that with the support from cevil defence Community, council and Gout, family and insurance for those who have in the point.

# -eadership means being honest about the hard calls





downward trajectory. We dropping to under 4% in Every week I meet people in our parks, sports clubs, schools and town centres who remind Whether you've been here for some of the best and newest facilities and infrastructure for me how lucky we are to live in there's a shared pride in what we've built together. generations or just moved in, We're the fastest-growing district in New Zealand, with

Annual Plan.

our community in the country.

Progress like this doesn't

occur by accident. It has taken

direction was clear - more than say on the Long Term Plan just eight months earlier and the 1500 submissions helped shape that direction.

volunteers and local businesses,

rûnanga, central government, with a commitment to getting things done, not just talking

years of careful planning and close partnerships with

Water reform has been

This was not an easy decision.

Selwyn made a call to invest

but it was a necessary one. in the infrastructure that

right now about the rates increase. I've heard that loud

and clear.

I know there's frustration

about it.

especially for our region. It was important we

water, wastewater, parks, so people can get on with living, working, and raising their

families here.

underpins our lives - roads,

includes our major district park at Levi Rd, a green heart for our

growing community.

continuing to invest wisely. This holding the line on costs while

My focus is firmly on

future

what's popular now, it was about what's right for the

the next generation. Leadership Across the 10-year life of our cannot keep passing costs onto means being honest about the Long Term Plan, the average rates increase will be 8.5%, eight years. My commitment is to follow through on that hard calls and owning them

Some people have asked why we didn't consult in 2025 on our Our community had a strong Engaging with our community is critical, but so is respecting the feedback we had already already told us to get on with it. same matter is a waste of time received. Repeating consulta-tion within 12 months on the and money when people have

listened to your thoughts and concerns. We held a three-week consultation followed by another difficult topic,



The rates increase was not an easy decision, but a necessary one, Broughton says.

holding the line on costs "My focus is firmly on while continuing to invest wisely." every submission. We also considered expert advice, staff public ownership of our water and will lead to long-term savings. This wasn't about We then chose a model that in-person hearings and read experience, and global bestwill ensure Selwyn retains

practice examples.

water infrastructure, one price for all of Selwyn regardless of where you live. This eases the burden on small schemes and in rural equity by continuing the cross-subsidising of rural recognises the vital economic role of our rural ratepayers. We've also made real gains

Sam Broughton

While it will be great to get fresh voices around the table, we need proven leadership to keep least half of the councillors will At this upcoming election, at be new due to retirements. That's exciting, but it also makes continuity essential.

that keeping Selwyn affordable transparency, consistency, and your mayor, and to do so with I am honoured to serve as voice. I want to reassure you respect for the community's momentum going.

achieved together and am ready remains a top priority. I'm proud of what we've to keep delivering.

410

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
See answer (C)	
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	<u>(l)</u>
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	(D)
Please add your comments:  See angwer	(1 (1
re Bond requirment	0.
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:
Yes No	3 11
lease add your comments:	-
	Do you have any other family
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
-	found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
	6
	4
	-

3. Bond requirement.
Question D ave not needed a bond in the last 130 yrs!
The SDC is preposing to add yet more of a burden of dept onto a community of significantly lower income, single people and families (Re-Census and Jacobs meport) the USH's pay to the SDC a Licence

+ Rotes.

now SDC preposes.

- + New Sewerage Costs (30% of?
  - + waste water
- + Bond \$5,000.
- + Cost of repair (if needed) or red sticks

Question 2 in Bondinelusion

If you sell your Dwelling, do you get a refund from
the council of your bond?

How much is the bond?
What does it cover?

- 4. Building Condition inspection programme.

  1 Monly when complaind or issue raised.

  There are several dwellings that are abit basic and run down.

  The Council has a long history of not intervening when repeatedly asked to enforce licence rules on multiple vehicles, neglect, hording, parking on riverbank etc etc. This often causes conflict between residence.
- Many dwellings are historical and reflect the building coke of the past- but are still quite livable, being warm, dry and lots of charm.

  It issues identified ** I would expect good advise!

Full Name: Duncan Robertson **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: No What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

#### Please add your comments:

None of the above.

My partner and I completely disagree with what you have offered us. It is clear that the consultation was a waste of time. Why would my partner and myself agree to losing our house? I think we all want the same as our barrister suggested in her legal opinion (attached) - the Licence should run for 30 years and should be able to be renewed subject to agreed environmental triggers.

Why are you trying to remove us from here? You have given us a number of reasons since you first started to try but we still don't know what the reason is now. I read that when the Councillors met in March this year, the report they were given said that no one should be made homeless. If you vote for any of the options given, you will make most of the community homeless. We also think the vote should happen after the elections as the new Council will have to keep working on this and we will continue to fight.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

#### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

Read your own reports – it is too early to use triggers and you need to do more research on them. Whatever triggers are decided, they should be decided with us. The ones you have listed are not a reason to evict us.

Road closed for flooding – not a problem as we would be gone.

Road damaged – fix the road as others use it.

Serious injury or death – that is something to decide in the future because surely it depends on what happened. If someone was killed or injured in an earthquake for example that should not be a reason to evict everyone else.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
No Please add your comments:
If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes Please add your comments no bond needed
Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.
How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

Please add your comments:

Why? You only do this everywhere else if someone contacts the Council to complain so why on earth would you do this here? We own our homes/baches – they are not rentals

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Nο

Please specify what you would change not the buildings

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Tala Laurance

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I have an interest in the area

Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

Spent alot of time there as a child

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

I am selecting 30 years by oppose the proposed non-renewable licence model - i.e. are NOT selecting non-renewal. It introduces uncertainty and hardship for Upper Selwyn Huts residents, many of whom have strong generational ties to the area. While I acknowledge that environmental risk must be considered, this approach feels punitive when compared with the treatment of other at-risk communities in Aotearoa New Zealand.

Local Government Act 2002 (s.14) requires councils to act fairly, transparently, and to take account of the diversity of their communities. A blanket non-renewal clause may breach the spirit of this requirement.

#### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

Other councils managing council hazard areas or retreat processes—such as Christchurch City Council (Southshore, Brooklands), or Wellington Regional Council (Eastbourne)—have not imposed such rigid, time-limited occupancy models on existing leaseholders. Selwyn Council is unjustified in their actions that propose non-renewal.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

#### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I disagree with all three triggers being used as automatic conditions to terminate licences early. These same conditions could affect many communities across Selwyn — such as in Coes Ford, Tai Tapu, or Leeston — yet no such licence termination policies are proposed there.

It is unfair to single out Upper Selwyn Huts residents for treatment not applied to others. Safety decisions should be based on consistent district-wide hazard planning, not selective policies.

#### Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

No — I believe environmental risk should be managed fairly across all properties in the district through civil defence planning, infrastructure management, and building consents, not through selective licence conditions. The risks listed already apply to

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

many areas in Selwyn and should not be used solely to justify terminating Upper Selwyn Huts licences.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

I would want Council to take a fair, case-by-case approach based on up-to-date hazard assessments, engineering advice, and consultation with affected residents.

Council must also consider how it responds to similar events elsewhere in the district — including whether permanent property owners in other flood-prone or isolated areas are allowed to rebuild or remain. Residents at Upper Selwyn Huts should not be disadvantaged simply because they are on Council-managed land. Equal treatment is essential.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

This bond should not apply at all. No other residential property owners in New Zealand are required to pay a bond for the future removal of homes they legally purchased, especially when there was no prior disclosure that such a cost would exist. These huts have existed in some cases since the late 1800s, and current owners acquired them in good faith under the understanding that their occupation was lawful and permanent unless otherwise stated.

Applying a bond now is retroactive and unfair, and may breach the principles of natural justice under New Zealand administrative law.

#### Please add your comments:

The proposed bond sets a dangerous precedent. There is no comparable requirement elsewhere in New Zealand for homeowners or leaseholders to pay for hypothetical future removal of homes due to hazard risk or land tenure — particularly not retroactively.

Council has not demonstrated why this specific group of residents should bear costs no one else in the district (or country) faces. It may breach Section 14 of the Local

Government Act 2002, which requires councils to act transparently, fairly, and in ways that promote the social, economic, and cultural wellbeing of communities.

Introducing a bond with no historical precedent or legal mandate could be open to challenge.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

#### Please add your comments:

No regular inspection regime should be imposed on Upper Selwyn Huts residents. Selwyn District Council's own policy — the Dangerous, Affected & Insanitary Buildings (DAIB) Policy — does not require routine inspections for other residential buildings in the district, regardless of age or hazard risk.

Inspections are only triggered by a specific concern, complaint, or incident. This principle should apply equally here.

Creating a more intrusive inspection regime only for this community is inconsistent, inequitable, and risks breaching the Local Government Act 2002, which requires consistent and fair treatment of all residents.

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change checklist appears to be a bespoke compliance tool aimed solely at Upper Selwyn Huts.

There's no equivalent used for other old, relocated, or unconsented buildings in the district.

If Selwyn District Council believes a checklist like this is necessary for health and safety, it should be applied to all buildings of similar age or risk, not just to licence-holders.

As it stands, the checklist seems like an enforcement mechanism rather than a support tool, and that undermines trust in Council's intentions.

# If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication I would expect Council to:

Communicate clearly and in writing, with reference to relevant legal obligations (e.g. the Building Act 2004, DAIB Policy, or licence agreement),

Allow reasonable timeframes to address non-urgent issues, offer technical support, especially given that many huts are historic and built with now-uncommon materials or methods,

Provide consistency with how other Selwyn ratepayers and property owners are treated when building issues are identified.

Any enforcement must be fair, and not disproportionately harsh due to the licenceholder status of residents.

# Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Council must not use inspections as a way to escalate evictions or drive a managed retreat strategy. Any inspection regime needs to be legally grounded and equally applied.

According to the DAIB Policy, Selwyn District Council does not proactively inspect other buildings unless a complaint or risk is identified. Therefore, any unique inspection scheme for this community is unjustified and creates a precedent of unequal treatment.

Residents should be protected by the same rights and processes afforded to all other residents in the district — including the right to fair notice, due process, and case-by-case consideration under law.

Full Name: Graeme Young Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other
What is your interest in the area?
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.
Please explain the reason for your selection:
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes
Please add your comments:
None of the above.
Other: 30 year licence term, with 30 year renewals.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

#### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I disagree with all of them. None are reasons to end term of licence.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I do not agree with a bond.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.
How often do you think building inspections should occur?
Other Never
Please add your comments: We are not tenants of our own homes therefore there is no reason for building inspections.
Do you think the checklist covers the right things? No Please specify what you would change
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Erin Smyth **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: No What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

#### Please add your comments:

I am taking the advice from our Barrister Clare Lenihan's which is as follows

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with the rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) as recommended by our Barrister, Clare Lenihan 20 June 2025.

Clare Lenihan's Opinion concludes:

#### **Legal Obligations**

: Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

Licence Term: The Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 or the Reserves Act 1977. They are also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short term and ultimately finite.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

#### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

We do not consider access being cut off for 24 hours a valid reason to warrant retreat.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

We would like to be treated the same as if access to any other area of Selwyn is cut off.

The Council has not provided any criteria (such as water level) that warrant a decision of access being unsafe/cut off. Civil Defence have stated to us that their teams will always "look at different methods to gain access if required".

USH are not the only users of Days Road. This road should be maintained as the main access to the lake. Users include USH, LSH, the farm house, DoC, ECAN and users of the boat ramp to the lake. Destruction of this road is not a reason for USH to be permanently retreated.

Closing a rural road is not a simple process as it involves an application to the Minister of Lands and consultation.

We believe the Council has a responsibility of maintaining this road and this should not affect USH's licence to occupy.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Please add your comments:

As identified by the Council's own Jacob's report, environmental triggers and thresholds require more scientific investigation and clear explanation and rationale for the community. This has not yet been completed.

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

The same thing we have been asking for, community led decision making on anything that affects us, including collaboration with and empowerment of our community.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

Please add your comments

#### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur?

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#### Please add your comments:

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

More details and measurements of what is being checked and what the consequences would be if any of these items are failed.

Failing any items in the inspection checklist should not lead to licence termination.

"External weathertightness – roof and walls – sound, durable, weatherproof, and maintained". This item is too broad and subjective. Community is concerned that failing items in the inspection checklist will lead to unnecessary and intrusive internal house inspections.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Mutually agreed time to remediate without punitive consequences. Open two way communication during the remediation period.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Bruce Thomson
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

#### Please add your comments:

Yes

Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

The Selwyn District Council has not given any valid reason that justifies a non renewable licence. All independent evidence and reports, including Jacobs Consultancy, have not supported a non-renewable licence. As per attached Legal Advice, June 2025, I as a Resident I seek a licence term of 30 years with the rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years. Legal Obligations:

Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes.

Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

The Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 or the Reserves Act 1977. They are also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short term and ultimately finite. Council priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

I am a lifetime licence holder. In fact I have held licences for two properties over my lifetime, 7 Spackman Avenue and more lately 101 Billens Avenue this was built by my late farther is 1949.

My extended family spent their holidays at the Selwyn, and fished and hunted for ducks and geese in the surrounding marshes.

Many stories of escapades have emerged in liaisons with the Warren, Boniface, Fairbairn, Novice, Timbrell, Stempa, Duckworth and many other families over the years. I am growing old now but the memories still flood back to me as my kids and my grandkids

and their hangers-on enjoy the place and benefit from its calmness and drugfree lifestyles.

Readers of this submission can confidently rely on the fact that I am certain that a unique aura settles over all once they have shared the Selwyn experience.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*

- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement
- * Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

- 1.Status quo Council to repair road there is a lot of activity around this access.
- 2.Status quo Council to repair
- 3. Status quo Council to repair infrastructure

The Selwyn District Council's own Jacob's report, dated March 2025, recognised that anticipated impacts from climate related hazards were not as significant as previously thought and require more investigation. This has not yet been undertaken.

The above triggers are to me, unsuitable, suggesting that the USH settlement is frequently affected by floodwaters.

This has never happened in my 73 years of belonging to the community.

The above triggers are also very vague and therefore open to many different interpretations and may give the Selwyn District Council power to terminate licences arbitrarily. Environmental events leading to an early licence termination would only be justified if a significant event causing serious damage to homes, property, people and the community occurred.

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Yes

Please add your comments:

Tidal surge or Tsunami

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

If the area were to become too unsafe to inhabit, the council would be responsible for reinstating the site, returning dwellings and belongings to licence holders as the lot had not been abandoned nor deliberately left in poor condition. As per the Selwyn District Councils' own remit, their priority is the safety and wellbeing of the community.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

A bond should not apply at all. It is unjust and unfair to consider applying a bond to pay to demolish our homes. The majority of us are retiree's or generational hut owners who choose to live or spend time at the USH as a lifestyle choice, belonging to a community of support and common ideals.

### Please add your comments:

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

At the sighning of the 30 year renewable lease

## Please add your comments:

There are rental properties within our USH

community with tenants who are renting substandard properties. The properties do not meet heathy homes standards as required by law. The council has been lax in allowing landlords and property owners to benefit from these substandard homes. Unfortunately to the detriment of our USH community, several property speculators have found our settlement, buying and renting out multiple substandard properties. Building inspections should be carried out to give the Selwyn District Council a baseline of the condition of our home. With this baseline the Selwyn District Council will be able to move forward with supporting owners to bring their homes and

properties up to a healthy homes standard. This needs to be done through the lens of helping and enabling the people of our community rather than a means to terminate anyones right to stay in their dwelling.

# Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

Owners need to be notified with an appropriate lead time, of inspection date to be mutually agreed. Properties need to be assessed as fit to inhabit and separate assessment tool needs to be developed for the purposes of assessing rental properties at the USH.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication Entirely dependant on what issues were identified. USH residents should expect transparency, honest and full support to attend to or rectify any issues.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Selwyn Upper Huts draft licence – Revue Copy BR Thomson

Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts

Selwyn Postal Address:

Suburb: City:

Home address;

### Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts

Submitter Details Submission Date: 19/07/2025: Bruce Thomson

I do not wish to attend a Council hearing to present my submission but ask that the following submission be fully considered.

Submitter Details Submission Date: 19/07/2025

First name: Bruce Thomson

Do you wish to attend a Council hearing to present your submission

No I ask that my submission be fully considered.

Feedback

What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am a lifetime licence holder. In fact I have held licences for two properties over my lifetime,

. My extended family spent their holidays at the Selwyn, and fished and hunted for ducks and geese in the surrounding marshes. Many stories of escapades have emerged in liaisons with the Warren, Boniface, Fairbairn, Novice, Timbrell, Stempa, Duckworth and many other families over the years.

I am growing old now but the memories still flood back to me as my kids and my grandkids and their hangers-on enjoy the place and benefit from its calmness and drugfree lifestyles.

Readers of this submission can confidently rely on the fact that I am certain that a unique aura settles over all once they have shared the Selwyn experience.

#### Questions

None of the proposed terms are acceptable to me as they are all finite terms.

I prefer people to come into the settlement after having a look around and making their minds up on what they find, rather than being told what to expect. Should they wish to ask they will find out the Selwyn Huts has never been flooded even prior to the installation of the Stop Banks.

Thomson, None of the 3 above are acceptable

The Selwyn District Council has not given any valid reason that justifies a non renewable licence. All independent evidence and reports, including Jacobs Consultancy, have not supported a non-renewable licence. As per attached Legal Advice, June 2025, I as a Resident I seek a licence term of 30 years with the rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed). Legal Obligations: Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

#### Licence Term:

The Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 or the Reserves Act 1977. They are also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short term and ultimately finite. Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community. Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it movement, make the also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period
  - Status quo Council to repair road there is a lot of activity around this access.
- Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
  - Status quo Council to repair
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event.
  - Status quo Council to repair infrastructure

Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The Selwyn District Council's own Jacob's report, dated March 2025, recognised that anticipated impacts from climate related hazards were not as significant as previously thought and require more investigation. This has not yet been undertaken. The above triggers are to me, unsuitable, suggesting that the USH settlement is frequently affected by floodwaters. This has never happened in my 73 years of belonging to the community. The above triggers are also very vague and therefore open to many different interpretations and may give the Selwyn District Council power to terminate licences arbitrarily. Environmental events leading to an early licence termination would only be justified if a significant event causing serious damage to homes, property, people and the community occurred.

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? Please add your comments: Tidal surge or Tsunami

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

If the area were to become too unsafe to inhabit, the council would be responsible for reinstating the site, returning dwellings and belongings to licence holders as the lot had not been abandoned nor deliberately left in poor condition. As per the Selwyn District Councils' own remit, their priority is the safety and wellbeing of the community.

#### Councils Bond Idea

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built. Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

A bond should not apply at all. It is unjust and unfair to consider applying a bond to pay to demolish our homes. The majority of us are retiree's or generational hut owners who choose to live or spend time at the USH as a lifestyle choice, belonging to a community of support and common ideals.

Please add your comments: Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

No

#### **Building Condition assessment**

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the Building Condition Inspection Checklist here. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? to provide a baseline Please your comment

My home was issued a Code Compliance Certificate 5/02/13. No other building work has taken place since this date. There are rental properties within our USH community with tenants who are renting substandard properties. The properties do not meet heathy homes standards as required by law. The council has been lax in allowing landlords and property owners to benefit from these substandard homes. Unfortunately to the detriment of our USH community, several 'property speculators' have found our settlement, buying and renting out multiple substandard properties. Building inspections should be carried out to give the Selwyn District Council a baseline of the condition of our home. With this baseline the Selwyn District Council will be able to move forward with supporting owners to bring their homes and properties up to a healthy homes standard. This needs to be done through the lens of helping and enabling the people of our community rather than a means to terminate anyone's right to stay in their dwelling.

Do you think the checklist covers the right things? Please specify what you would change If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?

Entirely dependant on what issues were identified. USH residents should expect transparency, honest and full support to attend to or rectify any issues.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Owners need to be satisfied that the building they are offering for rental or sale complies with the prevailing building codes

Owners need to be notified with an appropriate lead time, of inspection date to be mutually agreed. Properties need to be assessed as fit to inhabit and separate assessment tool needs to be developed for the purposes of assessing rental properties at the USH.

Name Barrister Opinion - C Lenihan to SDC (for Resident submissions) 20 June 2025.pdf Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts Bruce Thomson

With an appropriate lead time, of inspection date to be mutually agreed Properties need to be assessed as fit to inhabit and separate assessment tool needs to be developed for the purposes of assessing rental properties at the USH. Name Barrister Opinion - C Lenihan to SDC (for

Resident submissions 29 June 2025.pdf Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts from Thomson, Bruce

# **Submitter Number: 165**

Full Name: Susanne, Janice and John Antill

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

Other

We support the residents at Upper Selwyn Huts

## What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Rolling 10-year terms (with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total, i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

The new Deeds of Licence at Selwyn Huts should be renewable and open ended.

Residents should not be evicted and forced to leave.

They need security of tenure.

Both reports the Selwyn District Council commissioned last year concluded the settlement would not be affected by rising groundwater and lake levels for thirty years or even later in the century.

This threat of eviction is reminiscent of forced evictions and displacement of the crofters in Scotland in the 1880s. Crofters had few legal rights and landowners were seeking to maximise profits. This lead to the displacement of communities.

We belong to Ngai Tahu and believe the residents at Selwyn Huts should stay permanently.

# Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

## Please add your comments:

The new Deeds of Licence at Selwyn Huts should be renewable and open ended.

Residents should not be evicted and forced to leave.

They need security of tenure.

Both reports the Selwyn District Council commissioned last year concluded the settlement would not be affected by rising groundwater and lake levels for thirty years or even later in the century.

This threat of eviction is reminiscent of forced evictions and displacement of the crofters in Scotland in the 1880s. Crofters had few legal rights and landowners were seeking to maximise profits. This lead to the displacement of communities.

We belong to Ngai Tahu and believe the residents at Selwyn Huts should stay permanently.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*

3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

The new Deeds of Licence at Selwyn Huts should be renewable and open ended.

Residents should not be evicted and forced to leave.

They need security of tenure.

Both reports the Selwyn District Council commissioned last year concluded the settlement would not be affected by rising groundwater and lake levels for thirty years or even later in the century.

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We belong to Ngai Tahu and believe the residents at Selwyn Huts should stay permanently.

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered? No

Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Yes

Please add your comments

The new Deeds of Licence at Selwyn Huts should be renewable and open ended.

Residents should not be evicted and forced to leave.

They need security of tenure.

Both reports the Selwyn District Council commissioned last year concluded the settlement would not be affected by rising groundwater and lake levels for thirty years or even later in the century.

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We belong to Ngai Tahu and believe the residents at Selwyn Huts should stay permanently.

## Please add your comments:

The new Deeds of Licence at Selwyn Huts should be renewable and open ended.

Residents should not be evicted and forced to leave.

They need security of tenure.

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This threat of eviction is reminiscent of forced evictions and displacement of the crofters in Scotland in the 1880s. Crofters had few legal rights and landowners were seeking to maximise profits. This lead to the displacement of communities.

We belong to Ngai Tahu and believe the residents at Selwyn Huts should stay permanently.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

# How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other

## Please add your comments:

Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

Not sure

Please specify what you would change

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

# **Submitter Number: 166**

Full Name: Daniel Te Ngaru

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am not a licence holder but I live at Upper Selwyn Huts Other

## What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

# Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

### Please add your comments:

Ko Selwyn Huts tōku tūrangawaewae. This place is not just our home, it's where we belong. Where I had planned to grow old and one day pass on our whare to my son so he too can stand strong among the community that raised him. 5 years is a death sentence, 30 years is a slow erasure. You aren't just getting rid of houses, you're killing a beautiful community and a way of life that is all too hard to find these days. You don't even understand what you're destroying, and I pray that you never know this grief. I would not wish this emotional turmoil you've inflicted on us upon my worst enemy. Please reconsider - let us stay beyond the 30 years if it's still safe to be here. You have the power to make this happen. Refer to the Selwyn Huts Owners' Association's submission and letter from Clare Lenihan

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

# Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

1 & 2 are not acceptable or reasonable. It just feels like another excuse to try to kick us out. Even the Jacobs report said it's too early to be talking about triggers. Refer to the Association's submission

# Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

Not at this stage, but yes potentially in the future if it looked like other events may pose a serious threat, but mitigation options should also be considered

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

The impact to the community, the effect on our wellbeing and where we will all go.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

A bond shouldn't be required. It never has been in the past, and we disagree with the finite decision so disagree with having to pay a bond, especially when all our fees are set to increase and the cost of living is sky rocketing. Is this another way to try to push people out?

## Please add your comments:

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

## How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Only when the SDC receives a legitimate complaint

### Please add your comments:

The Council has shattered all trust. We are stressed, angry and exhausted by the threat of unjust eviction and the thought of inspectors weaponising compliance. We've seen it happen already, a home wrongfully red stickered and a resident put through a stressful experience

## Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

The list feels vague and open to interpretation. It feels like it's being used as a weapon against us.

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication

Whatever support Council is able to offer! It should not result in a termination of licence. If a genuine safety concern is found then the Council should work with the home owner to rectify the issue.

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Refer to the Association's submission

# **Submitter Number: 167**

Full Name: Suzanne Allen

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

Leester Library 18/7

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* SUZOWUE	
Last name* ALLEN	
Email address*	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation	?*
Yes No	
f yes, please state the name of the organisation	*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your	
submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Jpper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at	
Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain	
	and the second
Someone who was enjoyed its flo	te toks

Questions	4
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO LEAGON TO PUT ANN FIRM THE DATE ON INCOME NOTHING FEASIBLE of BELIEVE ABLE HAS EVERY BOOM SITTE TO US. QUE BARRISTER HAS COUNTERED EVERY THITT, YOU HAVE DO you have any other feedback?  WYES NO	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access:         Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.</li> <li>Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:         A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.</li> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
YOU want us Gone! I we so NO HARM, PAY OUR WAY, FUT TOO SOME REASON WE IRRATE YOU OR YOU HAVE SOMETHING IN A LONG TERM PURN THAY YOU EXPECT THE NEW COUNCIL OF	Please explain your reason:  YES DA 2 OUT OF VEHICLE ACCES!  LOOK AT THE REST OF THE COUNTY, NO  TELIMINATION! 4 WHEEL DRIVES CON  SETTHEOUGH AND HUNGLYS HAVE ROOD DAMAGE!  VOLVE OR PORTSIBILITY.  Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
	Please add your comments:  Only Selicus HARM EVENT, But ENACUATION

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  As you would to any Community.  Be Supportive, sompathetic	following questions.
ASSIT IN EVERYWAY YOU ARE LESALLY BOUND TO DO AND	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
LOOK AT HOW THIS HAPPENED"	Every year Every 2 years
Caisur with Community (AND	Every 3-5 years
I mean listen) and find A way follow all.	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
VITO 10000 TEST.	Other
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to	Please add your comments:  NO WAY SHOULD WE BE ANY DIFFERENT FROM ANYOTHER LATERAYER SOC ONLY  DOMINION THE LATERAYER SOC ONLY
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	NOT THE BUILDING"! !
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	THERE IS NOTHING THAT MYKES ANY SENSE A WASTE OF PAKER, TIME OF EXPENSE.
Please add your comments: NO WAY & NEVERS. WHY SHOULD YOU GET INTREST	JUST TAK WITHUS, LISTEN, PUT FORWARD "FACT BASED" POINTS.
on all money for sometiting	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments: [1] A NO BRANGE 33 You would only
Von DNa	ASK TO INSPECT A HOME IF A COMPLAINT WAS MADE LIKE ALL OTHER PATPAGE
Diagram	THE TREATED. THEN COMMUNICATE, ASSIST A A DECEMIT
A CLEARED SITE WHEN ASKED WHAT THIS WOULD LOOK LIKE, TIM SAID THE SETTEMBAT.	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
WHAT DOES THAT LOOK LIKE! NO	Please add your comments:
TRES, NO Lighting, NO phyglound, No	
TRANS COULT, TOLLETS, SHOOS???? Long glass, NATINE BUSHES, ETC. SHOW	
HANDS INNIT TOUT TO KILL IVE	
LATER WHEN YOU CAN'T SO WHAT IT LOOKED	) LikeUpper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

# **Submitter Number: 168**

Full Name: Anne Curtis

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# Counter 21/7.

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

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If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

ame* Curtis  a submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
s No
please state the name of the organisation*
and a state the name of the organization
wish to attend a hearing to present your
ssion in person?*
s No
omeone will be in contact with you
nge the date and time.
s your connection or interest to
Selwyn Huts?
m a līcence holder
m not a licence holder but live at oper Selwyn Huts
ave an interest in this area. Please explain:
her
omeone will be in contact with you age the date and time. s your connection or interest to Selwyn Huts? m a licence holder m not a licence holder but live at oper Selwyn Huts



Q				

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  T Do NOT AGREE WITH THE	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to</li> </ol>
Residents seek a licence	the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach
Term of 30 years, with the	the area.
rights of Renewal, for further	Destruction of road cutting off yehicle access:
terms of 30 years.	A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?	3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:
Yes No	Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:  VES THIS IS MY HOME.	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
Our legal opinion suggests	Yes No
you can issue a licence	
that's renewable, and	Please explain your reason: This has never
you have a legal	happened.
	and if Flooding houppened
Obligation as administration to protect and to maintain	that we the come of the
this special Purpose Reserve	Are there any additional events that you think should
for "Hut Settlement"	be considered?
The beatings	Yes No
	Please add your comments: voter to the Tacobs report. Re Triggers.
	robovt.
	Re Triggers.
	- 50
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# Clare Lenihan

ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason

Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay. Cc Mayor and Councillors By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlav.com

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Selwyn Huts – Council meeting <u>21 May September</u> 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts <u>and Licence term</u>

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5 years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in italics):

#### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the <u>ROLD Act</u>). The provisions in the <u>ROLD Act</u> authorising building huts on the www.environmentaliawyer.co.nz

80 Layard Street, Invercargill 9810 | 03 214 1674 | 027 577 6823 | clare.lenihan@environmentallawyer.co.nz

reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. There is no limit on term under that Act.

- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to — Iocal purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv) The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years. with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴. Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi) In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

¹ The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977
 In accordance with the ROLD Act Council see

In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

⁸ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

#### A. Licence term options

(i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited putposes are community building, playcentte, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like putposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like putposes.

³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, s59A Reserves Act, but not the Council. Also see <u>Opita Control</u>

<u>Properturing Inter-Far North District Counted</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (ROLD Act).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, \$168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, \$168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit19; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land* (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v* Commissioner of Crown Lands – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.
¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act

²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)21.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple26.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979) Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and

conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991, Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive - it is not a 66-year term. 26 For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on

any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii) Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted²⁸.
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple,²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, s73(3) and Schedule 1.
³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- or finite term. Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.
- 23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates I Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future 36.
  - (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term
- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'. The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - (i) On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

#### (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"

- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. Summary: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

#### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 3³⁹:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualinc that show **the risk is not as significant as previously thought**. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is 40:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

#### Hut settlement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community" is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". "46
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (bolding mine):
  - (i) Clause 1.1 "Licence" means **permanent licence** (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1 provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) permanent licences,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1. (iii)Schedule 1 Item 12, Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council. DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² F.-mail from Sclwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴³ Sec e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (but settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

- (iv) Schedule: Permanent licences terms and limitations on use:
  The Licensee may permanently occupy the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.
- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

#### Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - (i) taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance,
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

#### (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified⁴⁹.

The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴⁹ Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, s28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.
  - (v) Options
- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.
- 54. Given:
  - (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act:
  - (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
  - (iii)Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
  - (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
  - (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a focus on the community;

⁵⁰ In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

⁵¹ Section 40 Reserves Act.

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55: Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on 56. Option 3 seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

(1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.

(2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>

Act 1969.

(2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:

(a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:

(b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.

(2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:

(b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.

(3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing but communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.
in a Disaster	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Everyone in the Wider	following questions.
District (including us)	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
Should be treated the	Every year Every 2 years
Same	Every 3-5 years
	_/
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
ď	Other
	Please add your comments:  Inspect every build ma
3. Bond requirements	and and the
Council is considering introducing a bond to	in serveyn root just a
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	and the 207. only.
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built	
nat was suit.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Places enecify what you would abs
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
There should be 10!	<del></del>
0	
· BOND ·	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
	kind of support or communication would you expect
	from Council?
Do you have any other for the	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	A decent time drawie
	to rectify, and Support
Yes No	/
Please add your comments:	
If Canacil west this	Do you have any other feedback about how
1 Council weak Trus	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
Land They should	found during inspections should be handled?
pay	Please add your comments:
T T	No.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: John Ferguson
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
Other
Reside in Motukarara which also has potential flooding issues
What is your interest in the area?
What is your interest in the area.
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences
should last.
Disconnectively weekened license term from the entire below
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.
Please explain the reason for your selection:
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?
Yes
Please add your comments:
If the sewage scheme has a life of 50 years, the licence should be for the same period.

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

No

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

How often do you think building inspections should occur? Only when there's a complaint or issue raised Other			
Please add your comments:			
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?			
Please specify what you would change			
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication			

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Karipa Tau-Wehi

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am not a licence holder but I live at Upper Selwyn Huts Other

What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

#### Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)

Please explain the reason for your selection:

I accidentally ticked the single fixed term and it won't let me untick the box. I don't think any of these are fair or reasonable options. We should be allowed to stay longer, give us a renewable term. Refer to Clare Lenihan's letter and the association's submission for legal details

#### Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

These are people's homes and people's lives. Most of the councillors won't be standing again, it doesn't seem very fair to rush this process and make decisions that will affect us for the rest of our lives when you won't be around to face the music

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

the first 2 options don't seem reasonable at all. road access being temporarily blocked is NOT a reason to erase an entire village!!

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

your own report states that it is too early to be discussing triggers

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

That we have put everything into our homes, we don't have anywhere else to go. We have used our life savings to settle here, this is home

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I don't think it's right to make people pay a bond for the demolition of their own home. How much are they even expected to pay?

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

### Please add your comments:

This just seems like a form of intimidation and another way to try to push people out by raising the cost

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond? Yes

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Never, unless there was genuine reason to think something was unsafe

#### Please add your comments:

Seems like an invasion of privacy and more intimidation tactics

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

Some of the things on the list seem pretty vague and could be open to interpretation. I think that would make anyone nervous

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication As much support as can be given!!

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

I don't think the inspections should be carried out. It seems like bullying. noone should lose their home or get hit with fines

Full Name: Cara Zdrenca

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

### What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?

I am not a licence holder but I live at Upper Selwyn Huts Other

#### What is your interest in the area?

Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.

Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.

Please explain the reason for your selection:

## Do you have any other feedback on licence terms?

Yes

#### Please add your comments:

My whānau's roots in Selwyn Huts go 6 generations deep. This isn't just where I live, 4 walls and a roof. This is where I grew up, where I got married, where my son was born, where he took his first steps and where I always believed I would grow old. When you say 30 years you see a number on a page, I see the year I'm supposed to retire. That should be my time to breathe, to finally rest in the home and community I've poured my life into. Instead, your decision will force me to demolish my home that I love and watch my community be destroyed. This place, our homes, memories and people should be celebrated as living history, not condemned by cold calculation and treated as disposable. You have the power to save this beautiful place that we all love so much. Please reconsider an option to renew the licence if it's still safe to live here in 30

years time. There is no legal block. Please refer to the Selwyn Hut Owners' Association's submission and Clare Lenihan's letter

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

## Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

I don't think 1 or 2 are reasonable at all. 3 is reasonable, but when there is no support and nowhere for us to go, our threshold will be high, as the alternative is homelessness

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

No

Please add your comments:

Not yet, as per the Jacob's report, it's too early to be talking about triggers so I'm unsure why this is being consulted on

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Consider the fact that this is our home and our homes are everything

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

I don't agree with the finite term, therefore do not agree with the bond. It feels like all these every one of these topics is just another way to try to get rid of us. Even if we did have to go at some stage, I would rather hold my own money in a savings account that will generate interest. I'm a financially independent adult, I can manage my own money

### Please add your comments:

# Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u>. Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.

#### How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other

Only when Council receive a valid complaint

#### Please add your comments:

No other areas in the district are subject to targeted inspections. It's an invasion of our privacy and actually quite insulting and degrading. The trust is broken, you have put us through hell, so how are we supposed to have faith in this process?

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change

I disagree with all of it, unless there is a specific concern that needs to be addressed

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication All the support Council is able to offer. This should in no way lead to termination of a licence and people should be given adequate time to resolve any legitimate concerns

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

I don't think they should be carried out unless there was a specific concern. Council should work with the owners to help resolve any safety concerns found and not use it as a tool to evict people and terminate licences

Full Name: Eden Warner Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No				
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder Other				
What is your interest in the area?				
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.				
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  A single fixed term of 30 years (no renewal)  Please explain the reason for your selection:				
Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes				
Please add your comments: Remove the 'no renewal'				
Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.				

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive

to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

- 1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period*
- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement
- * Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Are :	there any	of the	proposed	l events	you d	isagree	with?
<b>\/</b>							

Yes

Please explain your reason:

A lot if places are much more worse iff in the case of flooding, we know the river and as a community monitor any potential risks

Are there any additional events that you think should be considered	?
No	
Please add your comments:	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

Are the	ere any	situation	is where y	ou think th	ne bond ro	equirement	should r	not app	ly?
No									

Please add your comments

Please add your commen	its	,
------------------------	-----	---

No
Council is proposing to implement building condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. You can see a copy of the <u>Building Condition Inspection Checklist here</u> . Please review the checklist and provide your feedback to the following questions.
How often do you think building inspections should occur?
Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Other
Please add your comments:
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Not sure Please specify what you would change
r lease specify what you would change
If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or
communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Full Name: Nikau Te Ngaru **Organisation:** Wish to speak to the submission: No What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am not a licence holder but I live at Upper Selwyn Huts Other What is your interest in the area? Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below. Please explain the reason for your selection: Do you have any other feedback on licence terms? Yes

#### Please add your comments:

My name is Nikau and i am 7 and my home is Selwyn Huts. Please don't take my home away. This is where I have always lived. My friends are here and my family, i want to stay here when i'm older

Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.

Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental

events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.

We're asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.

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- 2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off*
- 3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement

### Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?

Yes

Please explain your reason:

if floods block the road they will go away so that doesn't make sense. and if the roads get damaged then you have to fix them

## Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?

Nο

Please add your comments:

its safe here

# If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?

find us somewhere to go

Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards the remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.

# Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply? Yes

Please add your comments

my mum and papa already are worrying about money. that doesnt seem fair to pay money to pull your own house down

#### Please add your comments:

^{*} Cut off vehicle access means where emergency services cannot reach the area.

Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?

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How often do you think building inspections should occur?

Other never

### Please add your comments:

i dont think this is fair

### Do you think the checklist covers the right things?

No

Please specify what you would change i dont know what some of these things mean. our houses are safe there is nothing wrong with them

If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council? Support or communication i dont know

Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

i dont know

Full Name: Colin Giddens

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

18/7

## **Submission form**

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Rowing - Booting Visling Consurvation Supporting prople.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Priddens	
Education Departments	_
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	_
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
	_
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
	05
I am a licence holder halicence/wold	
Tam not a licence holder but live at	
Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Supporting the residente	-
Other Sopping the council practice	in
Savagery of the 1000 people, Spper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	9

Questions	/
	Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Dont waste, rate payers money listen to the rate payers no Magai Tahu intersemble - Mayor ference	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: Required is answers to	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
has the seaple of the Huts as part of his hate adjunde	Yes No  Please explain your reason:  Souncils takk of kinosledge of the aneer
Mayors medel plan rate payers pay for the sewerage, best out the locals and then it will end up in the hand of Aghi take	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No  Please add your comments:  The estimate sinainage system  and stop choking the rivers  over the whole olistoict.
10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
just have to look at	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
inter faing with	Every year Every 2 years
4	Every 3-5 years
capable people, shovel reacity	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
3. Bond requirements	private permeting of unipertion
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	No beer long con tool
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	Use your se called Suiteling
Please add your comments:  Bond is a blonde joine.	service only.
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	The main issues are not with
Yes No Please add your comments:	suildings its the millions
Use woney you waste	Do you have any other feedback about how
on your bid management,	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
Strongly fell you to hold - his	Please add your comments:
process, antilafter the	Stay out of it, no more lies
Cocal body elections The	
mayor of frequencil	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

# Selwyh (ouncil Submission Return this form by: FORM



Dropping it off with our Customer Service Teams at:

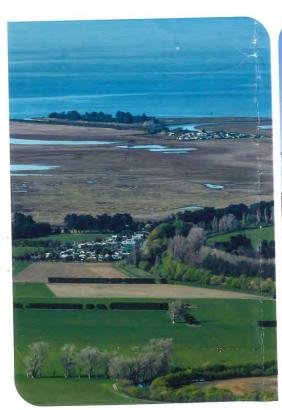
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- Tennyson Street, Rolleston
- Darfield Library, 1 South Terrace, Darfield
- Leeston Library, 76A High Street, Leeston
- Lincoln Library, 22 Gerald Street, Lincoln

17./uh

Posting it to: Freepost 104 653 PO Box 90 Rolleston 7643

You can also scan and email your submission to huts@selwyn.govt.nz

All posted submissions must be received by Council by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Please allow time for your submission to be delivered by this deadline.





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Full Name: Robby Hyde
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

Over Counter 18/7

## **Submission form**

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#### Submitter details

First name*

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name* Myae
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document



Questions	
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  AM NOT TICKING  ANY DOX.	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
- rease read my leaper	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
comments in letter	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Read my letter
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
	Please add your comments:  Comments In My Letter
	- Jeller

10 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
comments in my	on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
1ctter 1	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments: NO INSPECTIONS
3. Bond requirements	/
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	Read my letter
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
A - No. 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	Read my letter.
Please add your comments:	
Read my letter	
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	comments in my
Yes No	letter.
Please add your comments:	
Read my letter	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Comments in my
	121/08
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11



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12 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

Deed of Licence Submission 2025 Robby Hyde

I moved to The Upper Selwyn Huts to be closer my family and enjoy the laid back lifestyle and community. I was never told that there was going to be a finite term put on our licences, and neither have any of the others who bought after me. This has been a big indiscretion on your part. You have given us no reasonable reasons to terminate our licences, all your reasons so far have been proved wrong, also you have given us no information on what you will be using this local purpose reserve, for the purpose of hut settlement, which includes the notion of community, for. It seems very unjustified to terminate our licences in a national housing crisis. Many of the residents are not in a financial position to go anywhere else and will not cope with the expense, distress and upheaval of all this. We all support one another here, which would not happen in a city. Why put in the new multi-million dollar sewerage system, expect us to pay for our part of it..with absolutely no information of costings, only to kick us out. Have you not got a consience about the welfare of this community.

Your consultation documents are quite ambiguous and seem to be designed to make us chose an option that is definitely not ideal, so I am not ticking any boxes. The SDC councillors need to be kept honstly and accurately informed of all details concerning our consultation process, before making any decisions, and as so many of them are not standing for re-election this year, is it it fair on us for them to be making decisions regarding our lives. This consultation needs to be held off until a new council is elected

As rate payers we deserve the dignity of being treated as such and need to be kept honestly informed of dealings concerning us.

#### Question 1: Environmental Events for Early Lincence End Licence term options

I am NOT ticking any box

Our Barrister, Clare Lenihan states in her legal opinion, dated 20th June 2025 that:

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with a right for renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers { specific triggers to agreed}

SDC has been sent a copy of this report so I don't feel I need to cover it all. All of you should have read it and not disregard it

The reasons SDC have given us for retreat are not justified for a non-renewable licence.

Independent evidence and reports do not support a non-renewable term.

The stop bank here prevents us from flooding. When the river bursts it banks further up, Days Rd sometimes becomes flooded, but is generally not impassable to utes or bigger vehicles. The residents here are well prepared for an event like this and can manage for a number of days. The Civil Defence team here keep everyone well informed as well.

Knowing what your plan for this reserve is, would be interesting as well. You have been asked and asked for a reason with no answers.

#### Flooding affecting access

Flooding, preventing access for 24 hours twice in a 12 month period, is not a reason to terminate licences.

Everyone here gets plenty of warning of an expected rain event and is well prepared.

Days Road is not used only by The Upper Selwyn Huts residents. You have got an obligation to keep acceess open for DOC, Ecan, Lower Selwyn Huts residents, farmers, fishermen, and many others who use this road.

#### Serious harm caused by a flood event:

This is still not a valid reason to terminate licences. Ways of mitigating these triggers should be

being investigated. The Jacobs report states that environmental triggers and thresholds require more scientific research and investigation.

If an idependent body confirmed there was serious risk to homes and people from a major event, making the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement permanently uninhabitable, then an end date could be mutually agreed on.

Should someone be unlucky enough to suffer serious harm from an event, we have got a very capable civil defence team here, with first aid knowledge and emergency management skills so they would be able to make decisions regarding the injured person or persons, and would arrange help. We aren't experts on managed retreat, so why do you expect us to come up with issues that would require retreat. You could possibly use these issues against us.

#### Question 3: Bond requirements:

I disagree with paying a bond.

We are asking for a renewable licence so why would I pay a bond to remove my home.

Also what would it cover, how long for ?

I'll keep my money in my own bank and be responsible for myself.

#### Question 4: Building Inspection Programme:

Other box. None of the options are preferred.

Would you be employing an independent team of qualified people to do this? I do not agree at all if it's not. If so it should be an **external lot inspection only.** 

#### Do you think the checklist covers the right things

Yes, providing it is only an external lot inspection, done by qualified inspectors.

## If issues were identified during inspections what kind of support or communication would you expect from the council?

I would expect them not to use this against anyone or as an excuse to terminate a licence.

Mutually agreed and decent time frame to rectify issues.

Be upfront and honest with communication.

Give support, help and advice. Some people might require emotional and mental health support.

You, The Selwyn District Council, have got a lot to answer for with regard to this consultation along with a lot of other district wide issues.

Full Name: Mark Tyler Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

## **Submission form**

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#### Submitter details

First name* Mark

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

A	
E E	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation	n?"
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisatio	n*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present you submission in person?*	r
Yes V No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	

This problem of flooding	is more of a problem	
Questions in your newly d	developed Lincoln II	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end	
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new	
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too	
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Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.	
Please explain the reason for your selection: We have been advised by a control of the control o	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.	
OF I will be homeless! IF is my only asset.	2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.	
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>	
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?	
Please have empathy	Yes No	
decissions on our future.	Please explain your reason:  No I and No 2 All	
you can grant a lice use	Has not happened in	
(977.	Are there any additional events that you think should	
Local purpose reserve	be considered? Do what you do  Yes \[ \text{Now ith all Selwin} \]	
settlement, lake note.	Please addyour comments:	
to terminate hice so to	hancens fevor	
CAMA ROLLE TO A NEW TOR	worse than us in	
problem. him confloats in worse than us in 10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document Cop Ment.		

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  OUNG HOUSE OF FLOOR  OUNG HOUSE OUNG HOUSE OF FLOOR  OUNG	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised  Other
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No Please add your comments:	Please add your comments:  Ble considerate of cost  Considerage of  Costages. And age of  Occupant.  Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Please specify what you would change:  One of the cost o
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?  Yes No  Please add your comments:  I can pull down own  My freed be after  33 pus ylars.	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:  Planty of notice and time to repair. Cost can be an issue. Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
	District with this process, an alcision Making so far has created upper Selwin Huts   Consultation Document   this

Full Name: Chris Tyler Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

purpose of contacting you about this consultation.	
First name*	
Last name*	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your	
submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to	
Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at	
Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Here we how we	
Other:	

Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 9



Your CFO destro	sed west port have
Questions	her to do the same
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
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a fact and asser	2. Destruction of road cutting off
Until their duing	vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:  Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
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filse people at	Please explain your reason: Se No Mes
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are strong remains	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
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10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	Kincoln

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	<b>4. Building condition inspection programme</b> Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
a without the	following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
Duncil The	Every year Every 2 years
Posting April	Every 3-5 years
2000 mark	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
- Olorio parica in	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	So much distrust
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	how can this
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right/things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	that we have an
Please add your comments:	anguer this
and when we have	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	within resonable
Yes No Please add your comments:	reason plus check
Please add your comments:	ne what 'S le
DEG DOSTONED	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
CEO METAGE	Please add your comments:
Westports	Lhece was
She rule to	SDC.
alestroyus	Honer Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Susanne Royds
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: No

#### Email 19/07/2025

### **Submission form**

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First name* Susanne Last name* Royds Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?* Yes No If yes, please state the name of the organisation* Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?* Yes No If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time. What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts? I am a licence holder I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts I have an interest in this area. Please explain: Other: Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 9



Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of     people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  I would like to see a  30 year term, with right to remo for a furthe  30 years - Subject to environ mental triggecs.	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access:         Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.     </li> <li>Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:</li> </ol>
	A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

10 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
<del></del>	Please add your comments:
	I don't believe houses need any
Bond requirements     Council is considering introducing a bond to	inspection, unless a complaint has
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	Why inspect houses at all!
huţ was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	as the 'lot' is not owned but
Please add your comments:	leased by Hut House Owner
I would the to know the average	e the Coxcil should only be
cost of a band a over what	permitted to inspect the Lo
period it would be paid	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
noting are Council now wanting	from Council?
n bod rnot previously required Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how
	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
	f 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	found during inspections should be handled?
	found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:

Full Name: Wendy Elizabeth Moreland Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

# 2117 Cou Post

## **Submission form**

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13 07 We of Moreland

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Address*	
i da di coo	
Town*	
Postcode ¹	
Contact n	
Email add	
	This - Labour 1 - A
	nitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	∠ No
If yes, please	state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish submission i	to attend a hearing to present your n person?*
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2	ne will be in contact with you e date and time.
What is your Jpper Selwy	connection or interest to n Huts?
l am a li	cence holder
The second second	a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts
	interest in this area. Please explain:
I have a	Title est in this area, riease explain.

Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years  No renewal.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:    Aarl Not ticked any above boxes as there  to not cover the	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
at the SDC neeting or 20/05/2025 Weds is as openeded + revework	2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: a 30 year	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
kun with the	Yes No
Light of renewal 1	Please explain your reason: These above expats are not
	license. We should be treated
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments: Days Reas is not only used by hut residents. It is a public road
.  10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	maintained by SDC, I'ke all other reads in the

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence, We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
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well intolned as to	following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections
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any Cisma	Every 3-5 years
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active reighboard worth!	1 Please add your comments:  If Hele is a had to +
3. Bond requirements	safety concern for the
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	residents or general,
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	public this should be
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
	DC 15 responsible
Yes No	for the land only
Please add your comments:	not the duellings!
required in the past.	/
Why now ??!	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
	from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	inservation or ende
Yes No	lehreholder should be
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This is a teeble attempt	Do you have any other feedback about how to
at feverile gothery	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
The overdinger anded	found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
mock one to the	SDC!
eineling Therefore this	Its you are the
is unfair !!	caretales of the
	land you need to entree this
6	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Shodie Milne

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## 21/7 Post

## **Submission form**

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First name* Shodis	
Last name* Mine	
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Tow	
Post	
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Ema	
Arev	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Other:	

Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 9

### Questions

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).  Please explain the reason for your selection:	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access:
I don't agree with	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
risidency	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: I Believe the occupate of the hat are able to anake this own choices regarding this and ohors saffey	Are there any of the proposed events you endienage with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:  There to god in No  are blocked dea to  rathered event prultiple him  In 1 year without evictions
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes  No
	Please add your comments:
0   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.
mease and your comments.	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
continue Nolification	following questions.
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went are produte	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	15 a sattyissure that
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	18 brough to the
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	attention of the SD
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
nut was built.	
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	the ast appears to
	be taylored for the
Please add your comments:	unreasonably eviction
	, of selvyn hals resident
mason to pay expo	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
to mother own beby	Third of support or communication would you expect from Council?
	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	A list of issues and
	1 1 21 1
on the inclusion of a bond:	Action needed and
Yes No	reasonable Time given
Yes No	Le as on a ble Time given to a planes S  Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
Yes No	reasonable Time given to address  Do you have any other feedback about how
Yes No	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
Yes No	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?

Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 11

Full Name: Craig Pauling
Organisation: Environment Canterbury Regional Council
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes



21 July 2025

Selwyn District Council Freepost 104 653 PO Box 90 Rolleston 7643

huts@selwyn.govt.nz

Tēnā koutou,

### Canterbury Regional Council (Environment Canterbury) submission: Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment on the Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts consultation. Please find the Canterbury Regional Council (Environment Canterbury)'s submission attached.

Our submission is reflective of our responsibilities as a regional council around resilience to flooding and flood protection measures, as well as a Co-Governance partner for Te Waihora.

We look forward to more opportunities to engage on this in the future.

For all enquiries please contact:

AnaCapri Mauro

Strategy Advisor - Climate Change and Community Resilience

Email: anacapri.mauro@ecan.govt.nz

Ngā mihi nā

Craig Pauling Chair, Environment Canterbury



## Canterbury Regional Council (Environment Canterbury) submission on Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts

 Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback on the Future Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts consultation document. As a Co-Governance partner of Te Waihora/Lake Ellesmere and the body responsible for providing flood resilience and protection measures, the telemetry network, and hazard science information, our work at the Canterbury Regional Council is closely linked to the outcome of this consultation.

#### **General Comments**

- 2. We acknowledge the importance of providing certainty and clarity for the future as the goal of this consultation, and recognise the importance of this for Licence holders, Council, and the wider community. As we look toward a future with a higher risk of larger flooding events, more frequent flooding like we saw in April/May 2025, and rising sea levels further increasing inundation from Te Waihora, the need for community-centred adaptation planning grows. We cannot ignore the role climate change plays in hazard exposure at Upper Selwyn Huts, and other hut settlements, and the uncertainty that this generates.
- 3. In the wake of changing and developing central government direction on climate change adaptation and natural hazard management, we find the questions being posed in this document timely. However, there is still much uncertainty around the roles and responsibilities of district and regional councils in this space. We expect greater clarity on this from central government's upcoming Adaptation Framework and are further working towards supporting councils to have adaptation conversations with their communities as an action in the Canterbury Climate Partnership Plan, of which Selwyn District Council is a partner. Our submission reflects our understanding of adaptation best practice and our experience in flood resilience and protection measures
- 4. The Canterbury Regional Council strives to be a strong Tiriti partner of excellence to Ngãi Tahu. However, we do not represent mana whenua. Any comments in this submission on Tiriti partnership matters, including Co-Governance of Te Waihora, represent the Council's view only. Neither local rūnanga nor Te Rūnanga o Ngãi Tahu were involved in the drafting of this submission. For this reason, we strongly recommend direct engagement with Tiriti partners in any decisions regarding adaptation and Te Waihora. It is unclear to what extent Selwyn District Council has engaged with local rūnanaga on these issues.
- The bulk of our feedback will be focused on the Licence term options and Environmental events for early licence end aspects of the document. We view these questions to be connected, especially when viewed through the lens of dynamic adaptive policy pathways and will discuss them as such.



### Local adaptation planning and license terms

- 6. The Canterbury Regional Council supports local decision making: the people affected by a decision should have a voice in what to do about it. We also support that those expected to pay for adaptation be given a voice in decision making. A community ecosystem is wider than just rate payers and voters (for example renters, migrants, and groups which have been marginalised by traditional politics), and we support a process and funding mechanism that enables all those who belong to a community to have a voice in adaptation decisions for that community. A highly top-down directive approach to adaptation planning, including managed relocation, undermines the relationship between central government, local government, mana whenua and communities as partners in our climate change response.
- 7. The Canterbury Regional Council supports risk-based decision-making and notes that how Selwyn District Council (SDC) used evidence and information to support their options has not been presented as part of this consultation. The consultation document outlines a basic adaptation approach, though with no discussion of what happens at the end of the 5-, 10-, or 30-year periods. We seek clarity on if the intent is to retreat from Upper Selwyn Huts, or if the intent is to retreat and relocate; how these term limits were decided; and what other adaptation options besides retreat have been considered based on the available evidence. This clarity will be crucial for us as providers of flood resilience measures, especially as we review the Waikirikiri/Selwyn River Control Scheme.
- 8. In order to avoid a top-down directive approach to adaptation, we recommend using Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways (DAPP) to help navigate the uncertainty of climate-driven hazards and involve the community in adaptation planning. Hurunui District Council is employing this approach for Amberley Beach, which identifies a preferred course of action to help guide future investment decisions and a set of signals and triggers to monitor and respond to change in a proactive, rather than reactive, manner. This flexible approach to adaptation policy can help everyone involved including the impacted and wider community, councils, mana whenua, and other stakeholders have clarity and certainty for any decisions that they need to make. This is particularly relevant for us for flood protection asset management decisions, as the signals and triggers used in this type of planning approach could feed back into the Canterbury Regional Council's scheme maintenance decisions. Considerations for licence terms and events that may prematurely end these terms could additionally be factored into an adaptive pathway, rather than as a direct mechanism for retreat.
- 9. We further wish to stress that any adaptation pathway must recognise not only the intrinsic link between people and our environment, but the inherent value of nature. All decisions in relation to community adaptation and relocation should consider environmental outcomes and need to avoid further degradation of the natural landscape. In the context of Te Waihora, we support the Co-Governance principle of



a thriving lake ecosystem (restoration of mauri) and recognise that the presence of significant infrastructure right on the edge of the lake will make this more difficult. Instances such as this, where there are potentially competing priorities between the natural and built environment, illustrate the need to ensure that any adaptation system is holistic, not exclusively focused on threat to life and infrastructure.

#### Risk-based decision-making

- 10. Risk assessments are a key piece of evidence needed to inform when and where adaptation actions will be needed. They should include ground truthing with local experiences, assessment of risks to the natural environment, and mātauranga Māori to ensure that the evidence used for adaptation planning is as accurate as can be given the inherent uncertainly involved in the subject matter. We would expect that an up-to-date risk assessment is used to determine both the licence term options and the environmental events for early licence end, however we are unclear how SDC's risk assessments have fed into the 2039 deadline or the options for new licence terms.
- 11. As a part of a DAPP process, risk assessments could be reviewed over regular intervals (e.g., at 3-5 yearly intervals) to consider how the climate is changing in real time and express consequences for Upper Selwyn Huts. The assessed consequences, which could include risk to life, infrastructure, buildings, the natural environment and flood response personnel, can further feed into the signals (early warning) and triggers (decision points) of a dynamic adaptation plan.
- 12. While triggers are included as a part of this consultation, we wish to emphasise that signals are an important component to accompany decision points, as they provide a greater lead time for communities. We caution that a trigger such as the first environmental event proposed, regarding two flooding events affecting access in a twelve-month period, would potentially be setting the leases up to fail from the start. Without a signal to pre-empt the trigger it risks creating an abrupt and disruptive change for residents. Signals and triggers should be deeply rooted in the best available evidence.
- 13. The consultation document presents serious environmental events as triggers for ending licence terms early. We caution that if flooding makes the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain, adaptation responses should be more proactive in nature than risking putting community members and emergency services at risk, as put forward in the consultation document. We agree that safety and maintenance costs should be a part of the decision of terminating a licence early and strongly suggest that this needs to be jointly defined with SDC and the community.
- 14. Relatedly, our understanding is that entry to and egress from Upper Selwyn Huts during flooding events is a primary concern. We agree with the consultation document that flooding impacting settlement access should be an important consideration and have interest in being involved in ongoing conversations



- regarding how to factor this into adaptation planning, especially considering our role with Civil Defence Emergency Management (CDEM) and ensuring the safety of response operations.
- 15. Finally, the Waikirikiri River Control Scheme review has begun, which is a key tool for managing flood risk to properties and settlements on the flood plains of the Waikirikiri. The results of this will be able to further inform any risk-based decision-making that needs to happen at Upper Selwyn Huts and is critical to understanding practical options for the community, including what needs to be done, at what cost, and who pays, especially given the limited ratepayer base.
- 16. As works in the upper catchment can impact flood flows in the lower Selwyn, it is important to think holistically about the scheme and not disadvantage those targeted rate payers at the bottom of the catchment. A part of the scheme review will include asset condition assessments, which will represent a potential cost to the Canterbury Regional Council which could ultimately be passed on to the Selwyn community. We are keen to understand how any additional asset management costs will be shared and how this may vary based on the different license terms proposed. We have already worked with Selwyn District Council on a targeted district-wide rate to fund flood and river resilience work in the district, which has strong links to the result of this consultation.

### Bond requirements and building condition inspection programme

- 17. We support the introduction of a bond to contribute toward remediation responsibilities at the end of the license term. We have concerns around potential contamination in soil, such as lead, asbestos, and arsenic, and the risks that they can pose to human and environmental health. We are also concerned that land can be contaminated if dwellings are demolished without proper oversight and risk mitigation action by a proper licenced professional.
- 18. This bond may be a good way to ensure that there is money that can be used for investigation and remediation at the end of a licence term. We wish to stress the potentially high costs of investigation and possible remediation and strongly suggest that the bond is sufficient to cover the associated costs, such that potential remediation is carried out in line with best practice and does not cause additional exposure to the land. We note that the potentially high costs associated with wastewater services and pipeline installation on top of a bond for remediation responsibilities may encroach on what residents are able to pay, based on their socio-economic status.
- The building condition inspection programme is outside of the scope of responsibilities for the regional council.



#### Conclusion

- 20. The Canterbury Regional Council recognises the complexity of the situation at Upper Selwyn Huts and the challenge of operating without strong national direction in a dynamic environment.
- 21. We would like to reiterate our support for applying the Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways approach to this work, in partnership with runanga, the community, and other stakeholders, to provide the desired certainty and clarity to the future of Upper Selwyn Huts. We encourage exploring the range of adaptation options including, but not limited to, retreat and relocation as a part of this pathway development.
- 22. We further emphasise the importance of taking a risk-based approach that balances mātauranga Māori, robust science, technical expertise, and local knowledge. Risks posed to our CDEM colleagues and other response operations in the event of a flood should also be seriously considered as a part of this approach.
- 23. Finally, we strongly value being a Co-Governance partner and stress that any decisions being made around Te Waihora maintain the principles of collaboration and sustainable management with all co-governance partners.
- 24. We look forward to collaborating with SDC as this adaptation work progresses.

Full Name: Michael McLintock

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

21/7 Post

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* VVII Chall	
Last name* MILINTOCK	
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Yes No	
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submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to	
submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	

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Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach
three options	the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: We should be orble to stay in our hone's not have to have the worry	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:
append of type, there is many residents that have mental and health issues that will not find houseurg	I believe this is a public road with any of the following events, taken cure of by concil, like any where elese In N
ensity	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  Public Saffey, in 35 years  Nave lived never, the water has never been Close to affecting hufs, and I beleive we are no different to any other remote Settle ment regarding those waters	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
3. Bond requirements Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Please add your comments:  Selwyp, N.Z., Showd I Come an inspect your Nowe every year.  Come on  Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Please specify what you would change:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?  Please add your comments:  Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:
	they Shound not be carried out at all, unless deemd fine vist  Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Paul Clarke

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

### 21/7 POSL

### **Submission form**

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name*	PAUL
Last name*	CLAPKE
Address	
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Email a	
Are you submit	tting on behalf of all organisation!
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If yes, please s	tate the name of the organisation*
submission in Yes	No
If yes, someone to arrange the	e will be in contact with you date and time.
What is your c Upper Selwyn	onnection or interest to Huts?
I am a lice	ence holder
I am not a Upper Se	licence holder but live at lwyn Huts
I have an	interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:	and the second s

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# Questions

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end	
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.	
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal:	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or	
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible	
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10 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:  The oftion 3 welle to  HAPPEN WE WOULD WANT	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
PROOF THAT OPTION 3 WAS	How often do you think condition inspections
TIME TO CLEAR OUR SITE	Every year Every 2 years  Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other  Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	ord Tasfection I low
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	ME HOW TO KEED THE INSIDE
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Please add your comments:	MUTS THAT HAVE BEEN THERE
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	Upper Selwan Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Catherine Dillimore

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

# Please add a Staple

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

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If yes, please	state the name of the organisation*
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	ne will be in contact with you date and time.
What is your Upper Selwyr	connection or interest to n Huts?
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	a licence holder but live at alwyn Huts
I have an	interest in this area. Please explain:

Questions		
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.	<ol> <li>Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.</li> </ol>	
Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if	
No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 years).	serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.	
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Resident's seek a licence term of 30 years in the ights of venewal for further letims of 30 years in subject to environmental triggers which is	the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access"	
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	Please add your comments: I hope the aption to remove people or cancel their right to occupy apply to all locations and people with in the Selwyn District and not just to the Upper Selwyn Huts.	
10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document		

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments: It should be up to the Police or CIVII Defence hierarchy to defermine whether	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
we read to be evacuated, not some	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
vague notion held by the council	
The current mayor should not	Every year Every 2 years
blatantly lie to the media to state	Every 3-5 years
that the Upper Selwyn huts has been	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
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last 130 years.	Please add your comments:
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3. Bond requirements	Will the Selwin district council ask any other
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	home owner / occupier to enter Heir homes
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Full Name: Adelaide Edith White

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

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First name* ADELAIDE WEDTH

Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	
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Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	
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Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	1?*
submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	n*
to arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	r
Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at	
I am not a licence holder but live at	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	n:
Others	
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	nent

Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 years).	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
Please explain the reason for your selection:	events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
1010	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:  Residents seek a licence Term  of 30 years with the rights of 10 years.	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No This has not please explain your reason:
Subject b environmental Tragers.  (Specific Triggers b be agreed)	En unental Traggers. Thresh holds LEQ VIRE - MOTE Specific incompation ~ CLEAR EXPLANATION & RATIONALE/ 6/
If this resulted in Confumation from an In DEPENDENT BODY, Without an agenda. That in the	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
case the Upper Selwan Huts is lermanetry uninhabitable and ONLY THEN. lead a licence end date.	Please add your comments:  Defence to environmental events  ling to an early lience and should DNLY  Lines to lives of a SIG NIFICANT FUTINTAL
COULD BE DISCUSSED be EFER TO Clare Lemban's legal  Opinion: 20.6.25.  10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	along to lines of a SIGNIFICANT FURNTS.  The causes Serious damage to homos  PEOPLE OR a RIST of a SIGNIFICANT  PENT that CANNOT BE MITIGALED!

Legal Obligations: Council's role is administrator of a local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement which includes the notion of community. They have legal obligations to protect and preserve this local purpose reserve and ensure it is used and enjoyed for hut settlement purposes. Other legal obligations also include protecting its historic values; recognising the community's diversity; and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of its community, both now and into the future.

Licence Term: The Council is not bound by any finite licence term and can grant a licence for more than one term of 33 years under the ROLD Act 1924 or the Reserves Act 1977. They are also not bound by their 2019 resolution that hut licences are short term and ultimately finite.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what	Building condition inspection programme     Council is proposing to implement condition
happens next?	inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.
Mitigation Options or	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Solutions SHOULD BE	following questions.
Explored befole (onsidering	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
events that will Inquel netreal.	Every year Every 2 years
Specific Triggers (15Tod are	
INAPPROPRIATE, VAGUE & OPEN	Every 3-5 years
To different interpretations his	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Gives the Council Power to	Other Other
Terminale Licences Unne cassarily!	Please add your comments:
	none of the options are professed.
3. Bond requirements	We would like to be freated
Council is considering introducing a bond to	like everyone else in Selwin, Dothat.
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	Unless a complaint has been made
be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Manager Control of the Control of th	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
L stodio not apply !	Inspection should ONLY be of the Lot.
Yes No	This peculion should the feet of the
Please add your comments: 7 . , 1	
to WHY NOW . Mount	
been reguned GV 130 years!	
Kesidents Cost are increasing	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
why give as more (05/5/11)	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
we count afford —	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	The soc have repeatedly. talked
on the inclusion of a bond?	about a baseline inspection this
Yes No	Should only happen ONCE!
Please add your comments:	
Bond details have not	
been Induded.	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
How much.	found during inspections should be handled?
Pardove what fend.	Please add your comments:
what does Bond cover?	5 spport and advice from the
	Council would be helpful if there
	are any 165000 needing attention
	and a realistic time frame for
	repairs is ESSENTIAL.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Charles Dillimore

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

# Please add a Staple

# **Submission form**

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Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Last name* Dillimore	
Last name* Ullimore	
4	
-	
9	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organ	isation?*
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organ	nisation*
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	114001971
Do you wish to attend a hearing to prese	nt your
submission in person?*	
X Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to	
Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
am not a licence holder but live at	
Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please	explain:
Other:	

Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years no .  No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Resident's seek a licence term of 30 years in the rights of renewal for further leims of 30 years in subject to environmental higgers which is	the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access"
yet to be agreed upon. The council is not bound by its 2019 residu because of the Hold Act 1924 and Reserves Ac	2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: The council's releisto administer the	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
local perpose reserve for hut settlement	X Yes No
which includes the notion of community	- I lease explain your reason.
preserving its historical value, social	The Council is using the Jacobs Report
	the trigged and thresholds require more
	scientific investigation as well as a clear and concise rectionale for the community
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	X Yes No
	Please add your comments: I hope the option to remove people or cancel
	their right to occupy apply to all locations and people with in the Selwyn District and not just to the upper Selwyn Huts.
10   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:  It should be up to the Police or Civil	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Defence hierarchy to determine whether	following questions.
we read to be evacuated, not some vague notion held by the council	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
The current mayor should not	Every year Every 2 years
blatantly lie to the media to state	Every 3-5 years
	• =
that the Upper Selwyn hut has be	
last 30 years.	Other
<del></del>	Please add your comments:  Inspections should be external only.
3. Bond requirements	Will the Selwan district council ask any other
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	home owner / occupier to enter their homes
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	for a look - no I don't think so. We want
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Consistan y.  Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond	
requirement should not apply?  X Yes No	Please specify what you would change: again, external inspections only we hope How use the law 2 is LL
Please add your comments:	they use the 1947 Building Act.
why is the band required now. Shouldn't	
the cost of demolition be included in any	,
home insurance policy?	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	helpful suggest and advice
	A reasonable time frame to rectify any
Yes No	issues raised. The nght of a support
Please add your comments: How do we know what our current	person- a tradesman etc.
Sile looked like 130 years ago. Do	Do you have any other feedback about how
we remove trees shrups etc.	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
Howdowe get on money back of the but is baratdown or removed by 9	Please add your comments:
but is borntdown or removed by 9	we would feel a advance warning of
tornads?	an inspection should be agreed upon
	and not a surprise visit with the
	Solemeans of locking to end our lease
2	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Peter Claydon

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

## 21/7 Post

## **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

Last Harrie	LAYDON
Ad	
Tov	
Pos	
Co	
Em	
	ing on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes V	No
f yes, please sta	te the name of the organisation*
A CONTRACTOR OF	March V. Service and Committee of the Co
	attend a hearing to present your erson?*
submission in pe	erson?*
Yes V	erson?* No
Yes V	erson?* No vill be in contact with you
Yes V I fyes, someone voo arrange the da	erson?* No vill be in contact with you
Yes V I fyes, someone voo arrange the da	erson?*  No  will be in contact with you  ite and time.  nnection or interest to
Yes VI fyes, someone vo arrange the da What is your cor	erson?*  No  vill be in contact with you  ste and time.  nnection or interest to  uts?
Yes VI  fyes, someone was arrange the da  What is your cord  John Selwyn H  I am a licent  I am not a licent	erson?*  No  vill be in contact with you  ite and time.  inection or interest to  uts?  be holder  cence holder but live at
Yes VI  f yes, someone vo arrange the da  What is your cor  Upper Selwyn H  I am a licent Upper Selw	erson?*  No  vill be in contact with you  ite and time.  inection or interest to  uts?  be holder  cence holder but live at

-						
	11	65	:1:	10	m	C

1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.		
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.		
Please explain the reason for your selection: NONE OF 3 OPTIONS ARE ACCE- PABLE. ALL BEING NON RE NEWABLE. PEIDENTS SEEK 30 YIS FRIM WITH RIGHT OF RENEWAL. SUBSECT TO ENVIRO TRIGGERS PECOMMENDED BY BARRISTER LARE LENIHAN 20.6.2029 Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No  Please add your comments:	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access:         <ul> <li>Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:         <ul> <li>A natural event that causes sufficient damage</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No  Please add your comments:  WE WOULD LIKE TO BE  TREATED THE SAME AS IF  ACCESS TO ANY OTHER AREA  OF SELWYN IS COT OFF		

4. Building condition inspection programme
Council is proposing to implement condition
inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
on the back page and provide your feedback to the
following questions.
How often do you think condition inspections
should occur?
Every year Every 2 years
Every 3-5 years
O to the street and a series of
Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Other
Please add your comments:
PENDING A LEGALOPINION ON
THE COUNCILS DULY OF CARE AND
THE CAULYUS DIGHTS TO INSPECT
THE CONTRACTOR IS NOT CHALLENGING
WE FILE OBSIDE IF A SETTUMANT
Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Yes No Not sure
Please specify what you would change:
FAILING ANY MEMS IN INSPECTION
CHECKLIST SHOULD NOT LEAD TO
LAUSE BEING RED STICKERED.
NOD LICENCE TERMINATION
TOR ACCOUNTS TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
If issues are identified during the inspection, what
kind of support or communication would you expect
from Council?
Please add your comments:
MUIUTUL TYLEED IIING 10
REMEDIATE WITHOUT
PUNITIVE CONSEQUENCES
Do you have any other feedback shout how
Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
found during inspections should be handled?
EPlease add your comments:
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Pamela Tyler
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## Submission form

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#### Submitter details

First name* Tamela	
Last name* Tyles	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	



	1
Questions	3
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or
Rolling 10-year terms	other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30	i i
years total (i.e. $10 + 10 + 10$ years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Our Barristes has Legally advised us you me why!  Ahain - You can grant I worke for work than Byrs under Reserve's Ac 1977 Local purpose Reserve for purpose	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:
of Hut Settlement. Been ignored	A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Dity of Care is not a reason to term a Pleaserve Licence to Occupy From Climate Change, Sewed Sustem S. D.C. legally must mainte	Yes No Please explain your reason:
The lake isn't just about us if	recent flooding events in the district
addis to the winds District	that were but off ie Little Rive
Evacuation - I'm a Guil Defree	Cut off this classification and the hour a good Civil Interse from engaging.  Are there any additional events that you think should be a good Civil Intersection.
member of 11408. I feel	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
used as an example. When no need to have called Respon	Yes No
Team only a heavy rain.	Please add your comments:
Our Feared was on alert	Doit understand why you are
Will respond	making my like wiserable +
closure. I wholieve Sue Cent	instruction trying to this
known the truth of what + how	I feel todosed +
YOUR PROPERTY HUTS Consultation Document of King	mpathy unstable because of these emotional threats

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.
like up to act on our behalf	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Same Jas you do anywhore	following questions.
else in the Celup District	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
Sick of repeating over aver.	Every year Every 2 years
Team also alot of Community	Every 3-5 years
people endaging when the	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
events happen!	Other
	Please add your comments:
	Hease be considerate
3. Bond requirements	of Costs + timeframes
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	to do the work if read
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	be External only
nut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change: As have no wea with all these
Yes No	1.
Please and your comments:	its impossible for me to know
Until Know if we require	where I will go with this.
a sadlanques questo	0
If it came to it. I will doal with	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
my own properties to be	Rlease add your comments
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions if no on the inclusion of a bond?	ed I would expect to be
Yes No	treated just like everyone
Please add your comments:	Pales?
lever been required why	
Des: ? /	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	yourake decisions on me
	he completely you could
	apal setting procedures.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

## **Submission form**

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#### Submitter details

Last name* 1 4Les	
Last Harrie 1918	Λ.
Are you submitting on behalf of an	organisation?*
Yes V No	
If yes, please state the name of the	organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to	present your
submission in person?*	present your
Yes No Con I W	ave a support
	report on the
If yes, someone will be in contact w to arrange the date and time.	ith you behalf
What is your connection or interes	t to
Upper Selwyn Huts?	
V I am a licence holder	
	iuo nt
I am not a licence holder but li	ive at
	ive at
I am not a licence holder but li	
I am not a licence holder but li Upper Selwyn Huts	



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Questions	Ĭ
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	we are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Our Darrister has Legally advise you us why All been proven before the 32 and licence, for more from 32 and licence, for more formation 32 and the fesserve for purpose pleaserve for boyou have any other feedback?  Yes No	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach
Please add your comments:  Duty of Care not a reason to termina a reserve lucince to creasure.  Econ climate change not a problem.  Seuser Sistem 5. De legally must maintain.  The hake not just about us townships it farms in area wider District.  Evacuation: I'm on Guil  Defended is a sound as an example no need to have come out at all Road-Duy not classed again just sunforting the district transport and all Road-Duy not classed again just sunforting to the district transport and the problem of the properse was properly to the form of the properse with the she warrangement knowing the truth. She warrangement knowing the truth she to the properse with the she warrangement knowing the truth. She	Please explain your reason:  I would have thrught offer verent flooding events in areas that were cut off this clossist affect us just is the warase lave a good will Are there any additional events that you think should so it be considered?  Ves No Please add your comments:  What we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are sucking on us and they are the pushifter  what we are the pushifter  where the pushifter  what we are the pushi
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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  Turbuld like you to got of our behalf the Sauve as you do anywhere else in the Salwyn District area.  This repeating the salwyn ago	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year Every 2 years  Every 3-5 years
Defence Team as well as	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised  Other
More So that facinations  3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	Please add your comments:  Just treat me with respect of costs + timeframes  If work is required:  External Only
hut was built.  Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure  Please specify what you would change:  As were Still have no idea
Please add your comments:  We don't know if we will need abound if so advise they are your question of	what we will se on Me us in the treats manipultion up will pet arises. So who would be inspection, what is kind of support or communication would you expect the from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?  Yes No	Please add your comments:  Heaved appet to be the protection of the energy also the protection of the energy and the energy and the energy and the energy and the energy are also the energy are also the energy and the energy are also the energy are also the energy and the energy are also the energy ar
Please add your comments:  Nexer been required why  Nexer been required why	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
	found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:  You make the dissions for way.  Just of lake so hopefully you will be considerable to upe
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Michael Pretorius

Organisation:

Wish to speak to the submission: No

## 21/7 Post.

## **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

#### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name*	1 TICHTEC
Last name*	PEETORIUS
Addre	
Town	
Postc	
Conta	
Email	
	nitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
If yes, please	state the name of the organisation*
	to attend a hearing to present your
submission in	1
Yes	No
And the second second second	ne will be in contact with you
	e date and time.
to arrange the	
What is your	connection or interest to
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What is your Upper Selwy I am a lid I am not Upper S	n Huts? cence holder a licence holder but live at
What is your Upper Selwy I am a lid I am not Upper S	n Huts? cence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts

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### Ouestions

Questions	
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.     Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
makes 1 T bypten	2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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f one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what	4. Building condition inspection programme
nappens next?	Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
do what you do to all other	following questions.
HEAVE CHINESE	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
	You cont maject other hand
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	unless a complaint is made
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
	everything is just stuping the
Yes No	than a disaster
Please add your comments:	
We won't pay you in advace	
as no need surmorry	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
No one else juys	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
De you have any other feedback or avagantions	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	ti asti is
Yes No	everything possible and time to
Please add your comments:	- Lu signi
why do nehwete and shoot	The state of the s
- why do one have to be to	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:

Full Name: Michael O'Neill

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH**.

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If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

First name* Michael

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Last name	o. Neill
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Tc Pc Cc	
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5	
	omitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	No
If yes, pleas	e state the name of the organisation*
-	
	n to attend a hearing to present your in person?*
Yes	No
	one will be in contact with you
to arrange t	he date and time.
What is you Upper Selw	r connection or interest to yn Huts?
lam a	licence holder
	ot a licence holder but live at Selwyn Huts
✓ I have a	an interest in this area. Please explain:
Hy neio	the selvyn huts.
Other:	

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Questions	
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.     Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years  No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: Residents seek a licence. Form of 30 years with the right of sevenal for a further term of 30 years. With a f	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
renewal.	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
	Yes No
	Please explain your reason: As identified by the Council
	own report environmental
	events need more investigation
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:
	_
I Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Safety needs to the	following questions.
main porioties for the	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
nest residents.	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
-	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	
Council is considering introducing a bond to	<del>}</del> :
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	<del></del>
be used for returning the site to what it was before the	Erzek di azantan antara
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
	· Control of the cont
Please add your comments:	1
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	-
Yes No	-
Please add your comments:	9-
reads and your comments.	-
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
	found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
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Full Name: Averil Southward

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

### 18/7 Counter Leston

## Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No  Yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Yes No  Yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to please selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder  Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily A Friends own homes
Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to supper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends awn homes
Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to supper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends awn homes
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Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to supper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends awn homes
Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to supper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends awn homes
Yes No  If yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  If yes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to supper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends awn homes
f yes, please state the name of the organisation*  Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No  Fyes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder  Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family 4 Ariends awn homes.
Or you wish to attend a hearing to present your ubmission in person?*  Yes No  Fyes, someone will be in contact with you or arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family 4 Ariends own homes
yes No  Yes No  Yes, someone will be in contact with you of arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to allowed by the proper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Tamily 4 Ariends own homes
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Fyes, someone will be in contact with you of arrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family & Frends own homes
orarrange the date and time.  What is your connection or interest to appear Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family & Friends own homes
Vhat is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area, Please explain:  Family & Friends own homes
Ipper Selwyn Huts?  I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at  Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family & Friends own homes
I am a licence holder  I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  Family & Friends own homes
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts  I have an interest in this area, Please explain: Family & Friends own homes
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Family & friends own homes
Tamily 9 4118105 SWN Nomes
Other:
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Questions	
Questions  1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  NONE OF THESE - MY CHOILE-  PA FIXED TERM OF 30 YEARS WITH  THE RIGHT OF RENEWAL FOR FURTHER  TERMS OF 30 YEARS SUBJECT TO  ENVIRONMENTAL TRIGGERS (TRIGGERS  TO BE AGREED).  Do you have any other feedback?  Yes NO  Please add your comments:  THE FUTURE DEED OF LICENCE FOR  U.S.H. AS PRESENTED BY THE S.D.C.  IS AN ATTEMPT TO MISLEAD THE  GENERAL PUBLIC & LEASEHOLDERS INTO  BELIEVING THEY HAVE ONLY THE 3  OPTIONS LISTED IN THE QUESTIONS.  NOT SO - AS EXPLAINED IN MY  SELECTION ABOUE.	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period, "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.  3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:  Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.  Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:  **I. DNC STANDARD FOR ONE COMMUNITY  DISCRIMIN ATION **
	be considered?  Yes No  Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition
Please add your comments: THAT THEY .DE TREATED AS ALL	inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections, Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
OTHER AREAS OF SDC IS WILL BE	on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
TREATED.	How often do you think condition inspections
ALL OF CANTERBURY IS A FLOOD	should occur?
PLAIN	Every year Every 2 years
THE USA LEASEHOLDERS HAVE BEEN	Every \$-5 years
PERMITTED PERMANENT RESIDENCY	
SINCE LOUDING THE SDS FLAG SPENT	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
SS ON FAGUTIES & ALLOWED BUILT	Other
CONSENTS - LEADING HOMEOWNERS	Please add your comments:
TO BELIEVE THEY COULD STAY FOREVER	
3. Bond requirements ("TIME TO LET THEMBE	Complaints Issues should
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	be treated as spc do for
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	any other area.
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	J
nut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
And Alexander of the Art of the Control of the Cont	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
	reade speeny what you would allange.
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
THIS IS TOTAL DISCRIMINATION-	
ARE NEXT GOING TO CHARGE THE	W
FARMERS HOME OWNERS ON EVERY	If Issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect
RIVERBANK IN SELWYN A BOND	from Council?
FOR THEIR LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES!	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Full communication &
	total trasparency.
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
SDC ARE ATTEMPTING TO MAKE	Deview have any above to allow to the second
A PRECEDENCE FOR THE USH.	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
TAIS IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.	found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11



### Return this form by:

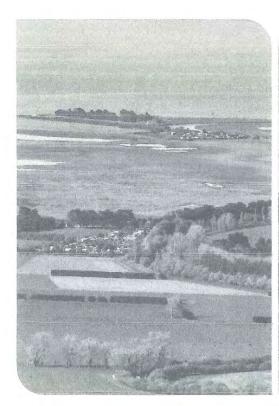
Dropping it off with our Customer Service Teams at:

- · Council Rolleston Offices, 2 Norman Kirk Drive, Rolleston
- · Te Ara Ātea, 56 Tennyson Street, Rolleston
- · Darfield Library, 1 South Terrace, Darfield
- · Leeston Library, 76A High Street, Leeston
- · Lincoln Library, 22 Gerald Street, Lincoln

Posting it to: Freepost 104 653 PO Box 90 Rolleston 7643

You can also scan and email your submission to huts@selwyn.govt.nz

All posted submissions must be received by Council by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Please allow time for your submission to be delivered by this deadline.





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Full Name: Daniel Johnson

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Over Counter 18/7

## Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*)

First name*	range)
Last name*	Johnson
Last name	
Are you subm	nitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes J	No.
if yes, please s	state the name of the organisation*
	The state of the s
Do you wish to submission in	to attend a hearing to present your
	1
Yes 🗸	
	ne will be in contact with you
to arrange the	date and time.
	connection or interest to
What is your o	1 Huts?
Upper Selwyn	n Huts? ence holder
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Upper Selwyn I am a lice I am not a Upper Se	ence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts
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Upper Selwyn I am a lice I am not a Upper Se	ence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts interest in this area. Please explain:
Upper Selwyn I am a lice I am not a Upper Se	ence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts interest in this area. Please explain: this way but hold the work to help my we there
Upper Selwyn I am a lice I am not a Upper Se I have an Sub wi	ence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts interest in this area. Please explain: the power power was there there up be my waster a
Upper Selwyn I am a lice I am not a Upper Se I have an Sub wi	ence holder a licence holder but live at elwyn Huts interest in this area. Please explain: this way but hold the work to help my we there

Questions	
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:  My not ficking any box.  Please refer to barristed  Clare Lavihan's legal  ve port. Also please  ve and attached letter  Do you have any other feedback?	<ol> <li>Flooding affecting access:         <ul> <li>Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reac the area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:         <ul> <li>A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:</li> </ol>
Yes No	Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Please vead attached letter	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:  All 3 — VRUSONS IN  All CRED ILL U
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	<b>4. Building condition inspection programme</b> Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to	comments in attached letter
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	-
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
A Marian Mar	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	This should be
Please add your comments:	only for external lot
There should be no bond	Is this legal?
Answer in letter attached	()
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	Comments in letter
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
Wipe ix	Do you have any other feedback about how
Revenue gathering	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Comments in letter.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document

Submission for Upper Selwyn Huts future Deed of Licence

Daniel Johnson

Lauren Fitzgerald

Anna O'Toole

Our mother, Kate Johnson, lives at Upper Selwyn Huts. She has lived there for the last 6 years. She loves living there and has made a new life for herself there. She has become quite stressed and anxious since her battle with the Selwyn District Council over the new Deed of Licence. We all looked into the circumstances of the huts licence before she bought there, in 2020, to make sure she wasn't going to lose her money. We were quite satisfied with the conditions at the time. There was no indication that the licence terms were going to be made finite. On visiting her there, we have realised there are quite a number there, in the same position as her. people who have invested their hard earned money into something they thought was going to be sellable, only to find out now that you, the Selwyn District Council, want to take that all away from them all. How unfair is that on everyone? Our mum bought there, so she could be mortgage free and not have to worry about paying the huge rents that landlords are asking now. The threat of having to do this, along with the worry of having to demolish her home with no compensation, has contributed to her stress as well

Mum is part of the Civil Defence team at the Huts and makes a huge effort for the community when there is an emergency. She has got her First Aid certificate and keeps that up by doing the refresher courses. As part of the Civil Defence, she is also quite involved in the Selwyn Gets Ready. In times of flooding events, which don't actually happen at the Huts, she is very involved with the team there, checking the river levels, checking on all the residents, keeping them all informed and helping with any vulnerable people and keeping in touch with the Emergency Operations teams in the rest of the Selwyn District.

#### Question 1

The residents at the Huts employed a barrister, Clare Lenihan, at their expense, to help fight for their cause. Her legal opinion, dated 20th June 2025, states that Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with a right of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

Mum said you, the SDC, have received a copy of this report so we are not going to cover everything in it. You must have all read it and cannot ignore it.

Your reasons to retreat the community have all been disproved. The sewerage problem has been solved by installing a new multi-million dollar scheme, the climate change reason has been disproved, and is not going to be an issue for many years. The community arranged for the local Lincoln fire brigade to come out and have a look around the settlement, when your next excuse was that the community would all burn down in the case of a fire. The fire officers assured them, that was no more likely to happen at the Huts than anywhere else.

## Question 2

With regard to flooding:

Surely the community has been through enough of these events and get enough warning to be well

prepared. The flooding of Days Road would not be an issue for 2 days, usually larger vehicles can still get in and out of the settlement. This surely cannot be used as a reason for retreat. Mum says, if anyone should be injured in an event, there are a number on the Civil Defence team with First Aid certificates that can help, and if an injured person should need medical help the team would organise help to get the person out. So far, this has not happened, and cannot be used as a reason for retreat

#### Question 3 Bond requirements

Why are you expecting the community to pay a bond to demolish their homes when they are asking for a renewable licence.

With their homes made valueless by your tactics and the unreasonable hike in rates, a bond is just an added cost.

#### Question 4 Inspections

We find this quite derogatory... how would the rest of the district feel about having an inspection of their homes and property... how would you feel???

If you were to implement inspections it should be lot inspections only and must be done by qualified inspectors. Is this even legal????

#### Checklist

The checklist should only be for external lot inspection done by qualified independent inspectors. If any issues were to be found, we would expect the council to be open and agreeable to giving residents a reasonable time frame to remedy said issues. Be fair and honest and not use these issues to terminate licences.

#### Summary

We feel the Selwyn District Council is unjustifiably persecuting The Upper Selwyn Huts, looking for every avenue to get rid of them. You have given no factual reasons for wanting to retreat the community or what you are wanting the reserve for... you talk about being honest and open with the community, but we can see no proof of this. It seems that the whole council is in disarray, seeing how many present councillors are standing down before the next election, so therefore, we propose that your decision on the new Deed of Licence should be postponed until a new council is elected. We feel there should be some accountability for the decisions made.

All we want for Mum is for the Council to grant a renewable licence so she can continue living where she is happy and comfortable for many years to come.

Full Name: Leigh Rossiter Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## **Submission form**

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ATTACHMENTS

* PERSONAL LETTER (ZPAGES)

* PROJECT INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

SOC LETTER HEAD (1 PAGE)

# SORRY THIS IS HAND WRITTEN MY LAPTOP CRASHED

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

irst name*	LEIGH
ast name*	ROSSITER
	,
re you subm	itting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes 💆	No
yes, please s	state the name of the organisation*
o you wish to	o attend a hearing to present your
ubmission in	person?*
✓ Yes	No
yes, someon	e will be in contact with you
arrange the	date and time.
	connection or interest to
Ipper Selwyn	Huts?
I am a lice	ence holder
	a licence holder but live at
<ul> <li>Upper Se</li> </ul>	lwyn Huts
	interest in this area. Please explain:
I have an	
I have an	

Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end     Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of     people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: NONE OF THE 3 OPTIONS ARE ACCEPTABLE, ALL BEING NON RENEW ARLE TERMS OF FINITE TERMS	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
MIS IS A BIASED, INACCURATE AND MISLEADING CONSULATION DOCUMENT	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments: PLEASE REFER TO OUR BARRISTER	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
DATED ZO JUNE ZOZE YOU WILL FIND A FULL COPY ATTACKED TO:	Yes No  Please explain your reason:  Your off For 24 MB 15 201 G VALUE REASON
OF 30 YEARS WITH THE RIGHTS OF	TO WARRANT RETREAT, IN 2017 WILL NE UAD OUGESPILL, RIVER AT 700 CHIMGE THE DRMY COLLED GET IN IN UNIMOG'S
RENEWAL FOR FURTHER TERMS OF 30 YEARS SUBJECT TO ENVIRONMENTAL TRIGGERS (SPECIFIC TRIGGERS TO BE MORRED)	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
EGG Phe	Please add your comments:  2/USH DEC NOT THE ONLY USERS OF  THIS ROAD IT IS D MAIN FICCESS TO THE  LAKE - USERS INCLUDE USH, LSH, DOC,

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ECAN, THE FARM HOUSE. YOU S'DE HAVE A RESPONSIBILITY OF MAINTAING THIS ROAD

3/CLUTCHING AT STRAWS

If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what	Council is proposing to implement condition
happens next?	inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
SAME THING WE HAVE BEEN ASKING FOR	on the back page and provide your feedback to the
COMMUNITY LED DECISION MAKING 613	following questions.
PAYTHING THAT AFFECTS US, INCLUDING	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
OLLABORATION WITH AND EMBOWERMENT	Every year Every 2 years
FOUR COMMUNITY, AS WE SID FOR	
16 YEARS FRE ZOIL BEFORE THE	Every 3-5 years
COUNCIL TOOK OVER FROM THE COMMITTEE	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
. Orange and	NONE OF THE OPTIONS SIRE" PREFERRED
3. Bond requirements	PLEASE TREAT US THE SAME AS
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	EVERYONE ELSE IN THE DISTRICT
be used for returning the site to what it was before the	
nut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	SHOULD NOT HAPPEN
	13 Tuis GOING TO BE ANOTHER MONO
Please add your comments: This is once more a Type of Money Gab	GRAB" AND PUT MORE FINANCIA
T UPS NOT BEEN & REQUIREMENT FOR	STAIN ON US ?
THE LAST 130 YES WHY NOW? AND NO	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
	kind of support or communication would you expect
BOND DETAILS GIVEN IE: HOW MUCH, OWER	from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	SHOULD NOT HAPPEN
Yes No	-
Please add your comments:	
SEE ABOVE	Do you have any other feedback about how
	inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	SNOULD HOT WAPPEN
	THIS SHOWED NOT BE A REASON
9	TO TERMINATE A LICENCE
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

To SELWYN DISTRICT COUNCIL

1 DON'T KNOW YOUR FAMILY OR WHERE YOU LIVE
BUT I DO KNOW WHERE YOU WORK
YOU DON'T KNOW ME MY FAMILY OR WHERE I WORK
BUT YOU DO KNOW WHERE I LIVE

MY HOME IS PERMANENT YOUR JOB IS TEMPORARY WITH THE MAJORITY OF YOU RESIGNING HOW IS IT YOU STILL MANE THE POWER TO YOTE, ESPECIALLY A COUTLE OF OUT GOING COUNCILLORS WIND ARE WIDELY KNOWN TO HAVE AN UNMERLTHY HATE TOWNEDS US (USH) AND HAGE BEEN PUBLICLY HEARS CALLING US FERAL" AND SAYING "THEY HAVE TO GO".

AND BE HONEST WHAT IS THE REAL REASON/MOTINE BEHIND THIS WANTING TO SHUT A WHOLE COMMUNITY DOWN FIRS IF YOU'RE NOT 100% SURE OF THE REASON THEN HOW ON EARTH CAN YOU NOTE ON THIS (AND IF YOU'DO KNOW CAN YOU PLEASE LET US KNOW)

SDC YOU SHOULD BE PROUD HAVING A 130 YEAR OLD ESTABLISHED SETTLEMENT IN THE DISTRICT. A VILLAGE THAT IS AN YEONY PART OF SELWYN CANTERBURY AND NEW ZEALANDS HISTORY THAT STILL HAS ONGOING TRADITIONS LIKE THE YEARLY CALA DATING BACK TO 1912, OWNERS FAMILY CONNECTIONS TO USY FOR THE PAST 103 YEARS.

WE ARE AN ASSET TO THE SELWYN COUNCIL AS A HISTORIC AND CULTURAL PREA THAT DESERVES TO BE TRESERVED.

HERITAGE AZ FOR THE SETTLEMENT TO BE RECOGNISED ON THE KERITAGE LIST (ZOL9)

OUR COMMUNITY IS INCREDIBLY UNIQUE, SPECIAL AND VITAL TO THE SOCIAL REALTH OF THE REGION

17 YEARS AGO (2008) MY NUSBARD AND I ENTERED INTO A SIGNED CONTRACT WITH SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNCIL

DEMOLITION OF DWELLING AND NEW DOMESTIC DWELLING

COPY ATTACHED

INTENDED LIFE "INDEFINITE, BUT NOT LESS THAN SO YEARS

(LEIGH ROSSITER)

AFTER LIVING AT THE HUTS FOR 3 YEARS AND DECISING THIS WAS OUR FOREVERY PLACE WE CHOSE TO INVEST AND BUILD CONFIRMENT OF THE LONGEVITY AT THE HUTS.

WE BUILT HERE FOR A NUMBER OF REASONS, MY HUSBINDS FAMILY
CONNECTIONS FOR THE LAST J3 YEARS, THE WARM AND FRIENDLY
ESTABLISHED COMMUNITY NIBE, A LIFESTYLE WITH FISHING MUNTINE
AND BOATING ON OUR DOORSTEP AND NOT LIVING IN THE RAT RACE OF TOWN

THIS HAS BEEN A MARD EMOTIONAL AND EXPENSIVE FIGHT FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS FOR US TO STAY IN OUR WARM COST FOREVER HOME WITH NO RATIONAL REASON AS TO WHY YOU ARE TRYING TO PUT US OUT ON THE STREET WITH NO ASSET TO SELL AND NO COMPENSATION.

YOU ARE EXPECTING MY MUSBAND AND I IN OUR 60'S TO START AGAIN, AFTER MANING WORKED HARD ESTABLISHING OUR ROOTS
AND GETTING OURSELVES INTO A POSITION TO GO INTO A COMFORTABLE RETIREMENT.

BUT 134 MY RECKONING WE STILL HAVE AT LEAST ANOTHER 33 YEARS TO GO ON OUR CONTRACT WITH SDE:

WE HAVE NOT PURSUED THIS AT PRESENT AS WE ARE PART OF THIS COMMUNITIE AND WORKING ON THE FIGHT WITH YOU (SDE) AS A TEAM

INTERESTING TIMELINE FACTS OF USH

1888 - WH BPACKMAN BUILT A FISHING BOX

1891 - REPORTS OF HUTS AND MEDDING LODGE BEING ERECTED

1892 - WH GENCKMAN PUBLISHED FIRST BOOK ON TROUT FSHING IN NZ

1895 - AREA SURVEYED AND CAZETTED AS RESERVE 3048

1900 FIRST I DENTIFED IMAGE OF A UPPER SELWAN HUT

1912 - FIRST CALA DAY

1918 - MUTOMOBILE 1955 (AA) HAD A MONSTER PICNIC AT THE HUTS FOR INFLUENZA WORKERS 600 ATTENDED

1924 - LIST OF HUT LICENSCES RECORDED 95 HUT OWNERS

1927 - DUKE OF YORK FISHED ON THE SELWYN RIVER

1927 - SEPTIC TANK INSTALLED (SEWERAGE SYSTEM) WE HAD

FLUGUING TOILETS BEFORE LEESTON

1940'S - SETTLEMENT INCLUDES A SHOP AND TEAROOMS

1950-1970 - TELEGRAPH OFFICE IN SETTLEMENT ZOIS - SURVEYED AS SECTION I AND SECTION Z SET ASIDE

" FOR THE TURPOSE OF A HUT SETTLEMENT"

REGARDS LEIGH ROSS, TER



2 NORMAN KIRK DRIVE PO BOX 90, ROLLESTON 7643 PH: (03) 347 2800 FAX: (03) 347 2799

REF No.....

Project Information Memorandum	080650P
Section 34, Building Act 2004	

 Application

 Owner:
 C R ROSSITER

 C R ROSSITER
 No.
 080650P

 Issue date
 30/05/08

 Formally Received Date
 12/05/08

Project New (& prebuilt) House, Unit, Bach, Crib, Town House etc. Description Being Stage 1 of an intended 1 Stages DEMOLITION OF DWELLING AND NEW DOMESTIC **DWELLING** Intended Life Indefinite, but not less than 50 years Intended Use Demolition of Existing Dwelling and New Two Storey 3 Bedroom Domestic Dwelling - 126m² \$80,000 Estimated Value UPPER SELWYN HUTS Location Legal Description Valuation No.

Building work can proceed following formal notification of Building Consent Approval being received from the Selwyn District Council Building Consent Authority and approvals being obtained from the agencies identified in this project information memorandum.

This Project Information Memorandum does NOT constitute a Building Consent.

Signed for and on behalf of the Council:

Name:

Date: 3/6/05

SERVICE CENTRES: LEESTON HIGH STREET, LEESTON PH: (03) 347-2820

DARFIELD SOUTH TERRACE, DARFIELD GERALD STREET, LINCOLN PH: (03) 347-2875

Full Name: Lauren Fitzgerald

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

## **Submission form**

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#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* Lauren
Last name* Fitzgerald
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Tryes, predes state the name of the organisation
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
l am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  My wother lives here am
Other: Submitting with my 2 siblings
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   9



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A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	<ol><li>Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.</li></ol>
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with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: Not ticking any box. All are unacceptable  Please vead attached	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
<u>letter</u>	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
Please read attached	Yes No
	Please explain your reason:
	Reasons explained in attached letter.
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments:

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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
attached letter	How often do you think condition inspections
	should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
-	Other
3. Bond requirements  Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Please add your comments:  IN MY OPINION NO INSPECTIONS  IF SO ONLY FOT  EXTERNAL INSPECTIONS  Perse Ved d Letter  Do you think the checklist covers the right things?  Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No	Please specify what you would change:
Please add your comments: NO BOND AT ALL	if any respections are even legal Rend letter
comments in attached letter	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
on the inclusion of a bond?	comments in attached
Yes No	letter-
Please add your comments:	
Please read letter	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	Comments in letter
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Submission for Upper Selwyn Huts future Deed of Licence



Our mother, Kate Johnson, lives at Upper Selwyn Huts. She has lived there for the last 6 years. She loves living there and has made a new life for herself there. She has become quite stressed and anxious since her battle with the Selwyn District Council over the new Deed of Licence. We all looked into the circumstances of the huts licence before she bought there, in 2020, to make sure she wasn't going to lose her money. We were quite satisfied with the conditions at the time. There was no indication that the licence terms were going to be made finite. On visiting her there, we have realised there are quite a number there, in the same position as her. people who have invested their hard earned money into something they thought was going to be sellable, only to find out now that you, the Selwyn District Council, want to take that all away from them all. How unfair is that on everyone? Our mum bought there, so she could be mortgage free and not have to worry about paying the huge rents that landlords are asking now. The threat of having to do this, along with the worry of having to demolish her home with no compensation, has contributed to her stress as well.

Mum is part of the Civil Defence team at the Huts and makes a huge effort for the community when there is an emergency. She has got her First Aid certificate and keeps that up by doing the refresher courses. As part of the Civil Defence, she is also quite involved in the Selwyn Gets Ready. In times of flooding events, which don't actually happen at the Huts, she is very involved with the team there, checking the river levels, checking on all the residents, keeping them all informed and helping with any vulnerable people and keeping in touch with the Emergency Operations teams in the rest of the Selwyn District.

#### Question 1

The residents at the Huts employed a barrister, Clare Lenihan, at their expense, to help fight for their cause. Her legal opinion, dated 20th June 2025, states that Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with a right of renewal for further terms of 30 years subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed).

Mum said you, the SDC, have received a copy of this report so we are not going to cover everything in it. You must have all read it and cannot ignore it.

Your reasons to retreat the community have all been disproved. The sewerage problem has been solved by installing a new multi-million dollar scheme, the climate change reason has been disproved, and is not going to be an issue for many years. The community arranged for the local Lincoln fire brigade to come out and have a look around the settlement, when your next excuse was that the community would all burn down in the case of a fire. The fire officers assured them, that was no more likely to happen at the Huts than anywhere else.

## Question 2

With regard to flooding:

Surely the community has been through enough of these events and get enough warning to be well

prepared. The flooding of Days Road would not be an issue for 2 days, usually larger vehicles can still get in and out of the settlement. This surely cannot be used as a reason for retreat. Mum says, if anyone should be injured in an event, there are a number on the Civil Defence team with First Aid certificates that can help, and if an injured person should need medical help the team would organise help to get the person out. So far, this has not happened, and cannot be used as a reason for retreat

#### Question 3 Bond requirements

Why are you expecting the community to pay a bond to demolish their homes when they are asking for a renewable licence.

With their homes made valueless by your tactics and the unreasonable hike in rates, a bond is just an added cost.

#### Question 4 Inspections

We find this quite derogatory... how would the rest of the district feel about having an inspection of their homes and property... how would you feel???

If you were to implement inspections it should be lot inspections only and must be done by qualified inspectors. Is this even legal????

#### Checklist

The checklist should only be for external lot inspection done by qualified independent inspectors. If any issues were to be found, we would expect the council to be open and agreeable to giving residents a reasonable time frame to remedy said issues. Be fair and honest and not use these issues to terminate licences.

#### Summary

We feel the Selwyn District Council is unjustifiably persecuting The Upper Selwyn Huts, looking for every avenue to get rid of them. You have given no factual reasons for wanting to retreat the community or what you are wanting the reserve for... you talk about being honest and open with the community, but we can see no proof of this. It seems that the whole council is in disarray, seeing how many present councillors are standing down before the next election, so therefore, we propose that your decision on the new Deed of Licence should be postponed until a new council is elected. We feel there should be some accountability for the decisions made.

All we want for Mum is for the Council to grant a renewable licence so she can continue living where she is happy and comfortable for many years to come.

Full Name: Anna O'Toole

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

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Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* Anna	
Last name* O'Toole	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
Thave an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Other: to help mot mothers f	ght
Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   9	



## Questions

1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
Rolling 10-year terms	significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection: I'm not ticking any box. Please ved attached	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	Serious harm caused by a flood event:     Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Please Vead attacked	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
letter	Yes No
	Please explain your reason: All 3 Reasons are explained in onviletter.
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	Please add your comments: \ COMMENTS IN LETTER
	Ideas against the community
0   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	2

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	Building condition inspection programme     Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
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	Every year Every 2 years
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Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
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Please add your comments:	Please read letter.
BE A ROND	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
comments in letter	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
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Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
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	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Submission for Upper Selwyn Huts future Deed of Licence

Daniel Johnson

Lauren Fitzgerald

Anna O'Toole

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Full Name: Puamiria Parata-Goodall Organisation: Taumutu Rūnanga Limited Wish to speak to the submission: No



Taumutu Rünanga Limited 75 Main South Road, Riccarton Christchurch, 8042 Waea: 03 371 2660

Imera: taumutu@ngaitahu.iwi.nz

21th July 2025

To: Denise Kidd, Executive Director – Community Services and Facilities Selwyn District Council

Tēnā koe Denise,

### Submission on Upper Selwyn Huts Licence Terms and Conditions

Taumutu Rūnanga Limited welcomes the opportunity to submit on the Upper Selwyn Huts licence review. We do so in our capacity as the mandated entity of Ngāi Te Ruahikihiki ki Taumutu, with enduring responsibilities as kaitiaki of Te Waihora and its surrounding landscape.

This submission builds on our prior input to the Department of Conservation's review of Lower Selwyn Huts and our work alongside Te Rūnanga o Ngãi Tahu on managed retreat at Greenpark Sands. While each case presents unique considerations, the principle remains consistent; licensing decisions must consider the shared environmental realities faced at Te Waihora and reflect the collective responsibility to restore and protect the lake for current and future generations.

#### Te Waihora: A Living Taonga under Pressure

Te Waihora is more than a lake, it is a cultural and ecological taonga, Te Kete Ika o Rākaihautū. The Joint Management Plan (2005) affirms a shared Crown—iwi vision to:

"Rejuvenate the mauri and life-supporting capacity of Te Waihora... managed in an integrated manner for mahinga kai, conservation and other purposes."

Generations of drainage, artificial openings, and intensified land use have degraded water quality, collapsed wetland margins, and undermined mahinga kai. These impacts are well-documented and evidenced in hazard mapping, ecological reports, and cultural health assessments, all pointing to the urgent need for hydrological repair.

Ngāi Te Ruahikihiki ki Taumutu has publicly stated its aspiration to restore a healthier standing level for Te Waihora. We see this as essential to achieving ecological recovery, protecting cultural relationships with the lake, and improving climate resilience.

However, the appropriate future lake level must be determined through a robust, co-governed process. We are currently initiating a research programme with partners to guide this work, grounded in science, mātauranga, operational data, and engagement.

We encourage Council to take a precautionary, risk-based approach that does not pre-empt this process or commit to outcomes which may later prove incompatible.



Taumutu Rünanga Limited 75 Main South Road, Riccarton Christchurch, 8042 Waea: 03 371 2660

Imera: taumutu@ngaitahu.iwi.nz

#### **Licence Term and Conditions**

We strongly support:

Option A: A fixed 5-year, non-renewable term.

This creates a clear transition window, and provides certainty to residents.

We also support the inclusion of the following provisions:

- Environmental Triggers. Licence termination clauses should be paired with environmental or
  infrastructure-based thresholds, including for example, the 2029 expiry of CRC102813 (or
  resulting material changes to this consent), relevant hazard zoning changes, or sustained
  failure or increased costs of essential infrastructure and access.
- Bond Requirement. A secured bond is considered necessary to ensure full site remediation at lease end is appropriately funded without burdening ratepayers or diverting limited environmental funds.
- Inspections. Regular inspections should assess not only structural safety but also flood exposure, contamination risk, and environmental impact. This supports Council's duty of care and ensures appropriate living conditions are maintained.

#### **Final Comments**

This submission reflects our commitment to the intergenerational wellbeing of Te Waihora and those who live near it. Council has an opportunity to lead with integrity by setting clear limits, enabling a just transition, and upholding restoration goals.

As mana whenua and a Treaty partner, we ask that this submission be afforded appropriate weight and consideration.

We welcome further engagement and invite Council to contact our Tumu Whakarae (Chief Executive), Cory Neale, at cory.neale@ngaitahu.iwi.nz.

Nāku iti nei, nā

Puamiria Parata-Goodall

Chair

Taumutu Rūnanga Limited

Full Name: Vicki Glynn
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

## Submission form

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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### Submitter details

First name*

Last name*

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*  Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*  Yes No YES
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
1 am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:  I have long been a hishernersa
I have long been a hisherperson  Other: antho selving River
Upper Selwyn Huts ( Consultation Document   9



Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
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Please explain the reason for your selection 20 June 25  T do not support these  Ditions. I believe the Itus	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a
should be allowed to	means where emergency services cannot reach
with long term	Destruction of road cutting off     vehicle access:
licencing for future	A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.
Do you have any other feedback?	Serious harm caused by a flood event:     Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: I do not consider that Guncil has been clear and	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No
for terminating licences.	Please explain your reason: could be
	considered susceptible to these
	3. What is the basis for this
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Yes No
	The Council's own Jacobs Report Suggested Kirther Scientific investigation
	Suggested Kirther Scientific investigation and a clear rationale for the community
	is needed. This has not been done.

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If one of these events were to happen, what would	4. Building condition inspection programme
you want Council to consider when deciding what	Council is proposing to implement condition
happens next?	inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
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equally. I feel Selwar Huts	How often do you think condition inspections
households are being Treated	should occur?
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households - 9 would like	Every 3-5 years
to see all households treated	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
equality	V Other Do Other
	Please add your comments: No other houses in the
3. Bond requirements	Councils area are subjected
Council is considering introducing a bond to	to this invasive inspection
contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the	
end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	programme toan he S.H.
hut was built	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
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Are there any situations where you think the bond	les V No livot suie
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
V Yes No	Make inspections random
	for all valepayers and
Please add your comments:	don't just target one
Why introduce something that	= Settlement.
is not required of other rategages	
- Why just the selwynthuts! (And	If issues are identified during the inspection, what
after Boyeas! ) Why is a bond	kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback of suggestions payor	Please add your comments.
on the inclusion of a bond?	
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
I fell The imposition of a bond	Do you have any attendant and the state of t
is a very unfair was action	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
by a Coustail determined to	found during inspections should be handled?
dure residents out of their	Please add your comments:
homes.	Inspections ( of implemented)
1900-21	must break all homen
	lairly and equally right acros
	In I want county right de os
	The district + only the complain
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Full Name: Jeremy Meiklejohn

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

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Last n	ame* MeikleJohn
1	
H	
9	
E	
Are yo	u submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Y	es No
If yes,	please state the name of the organisation*
	u wish to attend a hearing to present your ssion in person?*
VY	es No
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Please explain the reason for your selection:  Do you have any other feedback?	events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach
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Yes No  Please add your comments:	Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.  Are there any of the proposed events you
Please refer to attached paper	disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:
	Please refer to attached paper
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
	Please add your comments:

10 | Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
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Paper	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	Please refer to attached
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	paper
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No Please add your comments:	Please refer to attached
	paper
	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions	Please add your comments:
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Yes No	Please refer to attached
Please add your comments:	Paper
Please refer to attached	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
paper	found during Inspections should be handled?
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	paper
	Lisaas Caluma Lista   Consultation December 1
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

## WRITTEN SUBMISSION - UPPER SELWYN HUTS DEED OF LICENCE

Submitted by: Jeremy Meiklejohn

#### Q1: Licence Term

Support is for a 30-year licence with the right of renewal for another 30 years, subject to safety and environmental review.

There is no legal requirement for hut licences to be non-renewable.

The 2019 Council resolution was never publicly disclosed, never included in LIMs or Deeds, and has no binding legal authority.

This land remains designated as a Local Purpose Reserve for hut settlement, a status that hasn't changed.

Under the ROLD Act 1924, there is no time limit on licences.

The **Reserves Act 1977** allows for terms of up to 33 years, with or without renewal. Council has the legal ability to grant a renewable licence and should do so.

Why when there is a housing shortage do you want to make more people homeless? It dosn't make sense.

Also since your councils 2019 decision to put an end date in place, over 50% of the homes have had transfers of licences. How have you allowed that to happen, knowing full well that any potential buyer is effectivly walking into a sinking ship with next to no chance of recovering any value from their asset?

This is purely disgusting..

Refer to Clare Lenihan's legal opinion dated 20th June 2025

## **Q2: Environmental Triggers**

Triggers for early licence termination must be based on independent, tested science, not subjective thresholds.

No licence should be ended unless,

There's a serious event that directly endangers safety,

A qualified, independent expert confirms the site is permanently unsafe, and no form of mitigation is possible.

Anything less sets a dangerous precedent and undermines trust in the process.

I Dont agree with any of these options, as these questions could apply for any community within the district. So why apply it only here??? What would your council do if any of these circumstances happend to any other part of the district????

Why are the Selwyn Huts treated differently???

Why cant residents be treated fairly and with the same respect as the rest of the residents within the district???

#### Q3: Bond Requirements

There is no justification for introducing a bond now after 130 years without one. No cost estimate, timeline, or explanation of how it would work has been provided. This is not consultation, it's an undeveloped idea floated with no supporting structure. Introducing a financial burden in the middle of a housing and cost-of-living crisis is unreasonable.

Until full details are provided, this proposal should be taken off the table. Bond seems very unreasonable considering the above mentioned. This is something that possibly should have been taken into consideration along time ago. So to make the residents have to pay for this seems unreasonable.

#### Q4: Building Condition Inspection Programme

A one-time, fair baseline inspection may be reasonable, But only external. We own our own homes so you should not need to enter our homes.

But routine, unjustified inspections are not.

This is a residential community, not a council-owned asset list.

If there's no complaint, there should be no inspection.

If an inspection does take place, a support person must be allowed.

Inspections must not be used to pressure, penalise, or remove residents.

Council's principle of "ensuring no one is made homeless" should be clearly reflected in how this policy is implemented, not just in documents.

Inspections should only take place after a complaint has been raised, prior to this there should be no justafiable reason for this to happen. Does this happen anywhere else within the district without justification.

#### **Final Note:**

This is a formal written submission. I wish to speak at the hearing, either in person or via video link.

This process must reflect transparency, not agenda. The legal tools to offer long-term, secure tenure already exist.

What's lacking isn't law, it's political will.

The community deserves a process grounded in fact, fairness, and accountability. I believe that if the shoe was on the other foot and this was happening to any of you or your family members or loved ones you would all be digging your feet in and asking for real true answer, transparency and honesty because thats only fair, and we all have the right to be treated with dignity and respect.

Respectfully, Jeremy Meiklejohn

Full Name: Cécile Tait

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

### Email 21/7/2025

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

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Questions	
1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the	Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.
options below.	Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land
A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or
Rolling 10-year terms	other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30	
years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.
Please explain the reason for your selection:	Flooding affecting access:
I understood I was on a one-hundred-year renewable	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to
when I bought my hut in 1998, so if there was an "othe	the half for there than 24 hours, twice in a
I Would tick "100 YEARS WITH RIGHT OF RENEWAL".	means where emergency services cannot reach
There is NO time limit for licences the Selwyn District C can grant under the ROLD ACT 1924. The minimum terr	Council 2 Destruction of road outstands
can grant under the ROLD ACT 1924. The minimum terr	m that vehicle access:
is acceptable to me is a 33-year licence with right of rer	newal. A natural event that causes sufficient damage
Why is the council ignoring NZ law when it doesn't sui	
purposes?	3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:
Yes I No	Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?
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apinion below	all of them Please explain your reason:
(Elare Lenihan) 1.	No road access for over a week wouldn't be a problem for
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2.11	f road access was cut off permanently, I would just walk out
а	nd hitch to Lincoln when I needed to.
- 3.0	one person injuring themselves can happen at any time and
si	houldn't adversely affect the rest of us with eviction.
<b>V</b>	
Legal Obligations: Council's role is administration	Yes No
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Legal Obligations: Council's role is administrator or purpose of hut settlement which includes the potion	
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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments- like the council to consider fixing any damage, so life turn to normal at Selwyn Huts.	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A in the back page and provide your feedback to the can allowing questions.  How often do you think condition inspections should occur?  Every year  Every 2 years  Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
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	Please add your comments:
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Please add your comments:	-
lisagree with any bond, as I feel there should be a lon	g
rm, renewable licence, which renders it unnecessary.	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:
√ Yes No	
Please add your comments.	
here has never been a bond requirement since 1895.	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
TI a	ne council can request an inspection from each landowne

Full Name: Phillipa Fraser
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

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purpose of contacting you about this consultation.	
First name* Phillipa	
Last name* FVOSEV	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes X No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
	_
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Other:	-
	-
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Questions	
A single fixed terms of 5 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 years).  Please explain the reason for your selection:  Do you have any other feedback?  Please add your comments:	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to ebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot react the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access: A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.  3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.  Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:
	Please explain your reason: Please see attached
	- paper-
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No
	Please add your comments.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  Please See attached	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
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	only when there's a complaint or issue raised
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Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:  Deose see attached
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Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments: Please see attached
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baber	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Submitted by: Phillipa Fraser

#### 1. Licence Term

I support a 30-year licence with the right to renew for another 30 years if it remains safe to live in. There is no law that stops Council from doing that. The 2019 'finite' decision wasn't law, wasn't disclosed, and has no legal weight. That truth matters because people made life decisions without ever being told otherwise. This is not temporary to us. We live here. We raised our children here. People bought homes in good faith. To rewrite their future now isn't policy. It's rewriting the rules after the game's begun.

This land is legally a Local Purpose Reserve for hut settlement. That designation hasn't changed. There is no clause in the ROLD Act or reserves act forcing an expiry. The law allows renewals. Council can grant them.

If Council values housing protection, then here's the moment to show that's real, not strategic.

Refer to Clare Lenihan's legal opinion, dated 20 June 2025.

## 2. Environmental Triggers.

Council's environmental trigger examples are vague, lightly worded, and open to misuse. Even its own consultant report admits more detail is needed. If there's ever a serious event that makes the area truly unsafe, then of course people should be protected. But the threshold must be high, confirmed by a qualified, independent expert, when no mitigation is possible. Anything less becomes a loophole. People don't deserve to live with that hanging over their heads. This isn't just about staying safe. It's about how 'unsafe' gets defined. Who gets to decide and why.

### 3. Bond Requirements

A bond has never been required here. Council is now suddenly suggesting one with no information, no consultation, no stated amount, no purpose, and no detail. It simply says residents might have to pay for something that has not been explained. That is not protection. It is pressure.

It's like being told you may have to leave, but first you'll need to pay for the possibility. Would any councillor agree to that if it were their own home? If Council intends to introduce a bond, it must be explained clearly and publicly. That means stating the purpose, the process, and the numbers. Until then, it feels like a financial tactic to quietly make it harder for people to stay.

### 4. Building Condition Inspection Programme

Council is proposing inspections on residents' homes. For what reason? These are homes. No one else in the surrounding district is being asked to accept this kind of monitoring, so why should this community?

There is no clear explanation of how these inspections would work, how often they would happen, or what would trigger them. If there is a genuine issue, then it should be addressed directly. But introducing inspections without that feels more like a tactic to push people out.

Being watched in your own home is not protection. It is control. If that's the approach being taken, it needs to be named for what it is.

#### Final Note

This is a formal submission. I request to speak at the hearing in person or via video link.

Council has the legal ability to grant renewable licences. The ROLD Act places no limit. The Reserves Act allows terms up to 33 years, with or without renewal. There is no legislative block.

We are not asking for special treatment. We are asking for honesty. For housing protection to mean something. For strategy to stop reshaping people's futures. This is a community that has done everything asked of them. Still, it's not enough. If leadership stands for anything at all, let it stand for that truth now. Respectfully,

Phillipa Fraser

## TO: Mayor Sam Broughton, CEO Sharon Mason, and Selwyn District Councillors

I used to think leadership meant having all the answers. But after living through what's been done to the Upper Selwyn Huts community, I see it differently now.

Real leadership isn't polished press releases, staged consultation, or controlled messaging. It isn't hiding behind process while people are left confused, unheard, or misled. Leadership means showing up, especially when it's uncomfortable. It means listening to people who aren't polished, who don't speak in formal language, who've been left out of the conversation. It means transparency even when it costs you. It means fairness when it's inconvenient.

What I've seen in this process, from the way the 2019 decision was buried, to the one-sided consultation materials, to the silence when legitimate questions are raised, doesn't match the values I was taught to respect.

You want to know what leadership looks like? It isn't sitting in chambers while communities are reshaped behind closed doors. It isn't cutting people out because they don't fit the narrative.

Leadership has come from the people on the ground, the ones pulling together information, hosting BBQs so neighbours can feel heard, reading the reports, chasing the law, writing submissions, answering questions, and facing the emotional toll of this mess.

It hasn't come from a media department. It hasn't come from selective appearances or behind-the-scenes decisions. It hasn't come from those in the highest-paid positions who still haven't walked the full track of what this process has done to people.

You've made choices with lasting consequences. Some of you will be leaving your roles shortly. This Community will still be here, carrying the weight of it. If Integrity, Fairness, and Transparency mean anything to you, now is the time to show it.

This isn't a speech. It isn't a PR campaign. It's a mirror.

Because if leadership isn't grounded in truth, it's just theatre. People are done clapping for the performance.

To be honest, if this vote goes ahead it will Say Everything.

It will say Council deliberately withheld the 2019 decision.

It will say consultation was a cover, not a conversation.

It will say the options were shaped to look fair while locking people into an ending that had already been decided.

It will say this was Never about safety, cost, or fairness. It was about Control.

It will Prove that Leadership here isn't about truth. It is about ticking boxes, protecting image, and hoping people stay quiet.

This vote would Confirm that Public Trust is Optional. That people are disposable. That facts don't matter when the narrative is already decided.

For My Family, For Our Home For The Truth.

If that's not the truth behind this process, then prove it.

Don't vote on a future you never gave people a real say in.

Phillipa Frasev 21.7.25

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Full Name: Georgia Yurjevic
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

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Last name*	Yurievic
Are you subr	mitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes	V No
If ves please	state the name of the organisation*
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Do you wish	to attend a hearing to present your
submission i	
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	Please explain your reason:
	Please see
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	Yes X No
	Please add your comments:
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Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

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Paper	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
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	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

WRITTEN SUBMISSION – UPPER SELWYN HUTS DEED OF LICENCE Submitted by: Georgia Yurjevic (Age 13)

#### Question 1: Licence Term

I've grown up in this community. It's not just where I live, it's where I've learned, where I've made memories, and where I feel safe. This place isn't temporary to me.

Thirty years makes sense, and if it's still safe after that, we should absolutely be allowed to stay longer. The idea that homes here come with a countdown is stressful and unfair, especially when no one told people about it when they moved in.

Families came here to build a future.

#### Question 2: Environmental Triggers

If something major happened, like a flood that made it permanently unsafe, then yes, people might have to leave. But only if that's confirmed by an independent expert, and only if there's truly no way to fix it.

It shouldn't be based on what someone thinks might happen one day. That's not how you treat people who have lived here for years.

If it's safe to live here, we should be allowed to.

#### Question 3: Bond

Why would my mum have to pay money in case her home gets taken away?

That is paying for your own removal and we're expected to do it without even knowing what it covers or how much it is.

It's not fair. It's not clear. It puts pressure on families who are already worried.

It doesn't protect us. It just makes us feel more unsure, like we're being pushed out before anything's even happened.

### Question 4: Inspections

I don't know anyone else my age in Lincoln, Leeston, or anywhere else in the wider district who has Council turning up to inspect their homes, so why are they trying to force them on us?

These are our homes, bought and paid for, just like anyone else's.

No one else has to agree to regular inspections just to live where they live. It feels like we're being treated differently, like they're looking for reasons to make us leave.

We're not agreeing to be monitored. That's not support. It's not respectful. And it's not lawful.

We don't agree to that. This is our home ,not something temporary or less-than. You wouldn't do that to other neighbourhoods, so why us?

Like we have to prove over and over again that we're allowed to live here. That's not how anyone should be made to feel in their own house.

Being watched isn't support. It just adds more stress.

#### Final Note

I'm 13. I'm not an adult, but I understand what this feels like.

This is where I live. I walk to the river. I bike to my friends' houses. I know every shortcut, every neighbour. It's not just a location, it's my life.

Instead of feeling secure, I keep hearing that this place might not be ours for long. Not because of something we've done, but because someone wants to call it temporary. That's hard to hear when you're a kid.

Please think about what this really means for the people who call this place home. It's more than a policy. It's our lives.

Georgia Yurjevic Age 13 Upper Selwyn Huts Resident This submission speaks from lived experience.

While it doesn't reference the legal details, the concern raised in Question 4: Inspections is valid.

This clause has been introduced by Council, it is not a legal obligation.

The submission raises a fair and accurate concern.

Please refer to Clare Lenihan's legal opinion dated 20th June 2025.

Full Name: Stella Yurjevic
Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name*

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Last name* Kurievic	
Are you submitting on behalf of an org	nanisation?*
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o arrange the date and time.	
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I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live a Upper Selwyn Huts	at
I have an interest in this area. Plea	ase explain:
Other:	

Questions	
1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last.  Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).  Please explain the reason for your selection:	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Livence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the juts for more than 24 hours, twice in a
Do you have any other feedback?	12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.  3. Serious harm caused by a flood event:  Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.
Please add your comments: Plase Attached See Attached Paren	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:
	Please see attached Papev- Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?  Yes No Please add your comments:
0   Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  Please See Attached Pale	4. Building condition inspection programme  Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections
	should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
3. Bond requirements	Please See Affactard Paper
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No	Please specify what you would change:  Please 5ee Attached  Parer
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	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments: Please See Attackel Rafer
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Please see Attached	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:  Please See Attached Paper
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

## WRITTEN SUBMISSION - UPPER SELWYN HUTS DEED OF LICENCE

Submitted by: Stella Yurjevic (Age 11)

Question 1: Licence Term

I live here. This is my home. It shouldn't have an end date like milk in the fridge. Thirty years makes sense - and if it's still safe after that, we should be allowed to stay longer. If Council can give us that, then why wouldn't they? People don't buy homes thinking they'll be kicked out. That's not how home works. This place is real. It matters to us.

Question 2: Environmental Triggers

If something huge and dangerous happened - like a flood that breaks everything and can't be fixed - then yes, people might need to leave. But only if someone independent and smart says it's not safe and there's no way to make it safe again.

You don't just guess and take people's homes away. That's not fair.

Question 3: Bond

Is this so my mum pays money for her own house to be taken away? Why would she do that?

And how much is it? What's it even for?

It's really confusing. No one's explained anything.

Question 4: Inspections

I don't think it's normal to have people checking your house just because of where you live

None of my friends in Leeston or Lincoln have to deal with that. It makes me feel like we're being picked on.

This is our home. We live here properly. We don't need strangers coming to look around or check up on us,

It doesn't feel kind. It feels like they don't trust us - and that makes it not feel like home.

This submission speaks from lived experience.

While it doesn't reference the legal details, the concern raised in Question 4: Inspections is valid.

This clause has been introduced by Council, it is not a legal obligation.

The submission raises a fair and accurate concern.

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Please refer to Clare Lenihan's legal opinion dated 20th June 2025.

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## Final Note

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I'm 11 years old, and I already know when something's unfair. This isn't just some hut. It's my home.

I ride my bike here. I know every corner. I know my neighbours. I feel safe here.

Don't take away what makes this place feel like ours.

Stella Yurjevic Age 11 Upper Selwyn Huts Resident

Full Name: Patrick John Cooper

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* PATRICK

Last name* (OOPER	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Daniel de la constant	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
If yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to	
Upper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
neighbouring property	
Other:	

Upper Selwyn Huts | Consultation Document | 9

## Questions

1. Licence term options  Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.  Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
Please explain the reason for your selection:  Right to renewal	events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.
Do you have any other feedback?	<ol> <li>Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:         A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.     </li> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No  Please explain your reason:
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?
10 F Upper Selven Huss Consultation Document	Please add your comments:

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what	4. Building condition inspection programme
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Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspection Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A
Consult as independent	on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
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	Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
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Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only	
be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
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	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issue found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
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Full Name: Ian and Sharon Ovenden

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

18/7 POSI-

# **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

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#### Submitter details

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	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
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Full Name: Robert Thomson

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

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1. Licence term options	2. Environmental events for early licence end
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Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol> <li>Serious harm caused by a flood event:         Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.     </li> </ol>
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Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document	1.5

### Clare Lenihan ULB MUSB

**ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC LAW BARRISTER** 

20 May June 2025 NB. This Letter has been updated for Upper Selwyn Huts Residents to include as part of their submissions to Selwyn District Council consultation on future licences. It has not been sent directly to Council. Also note the comments on significance and engagement are no longer relevant, given consultation has commenced.

Chief Executive Selwyn District Council 2 Norman Kirk Drive Rolleston 7643 Att: Sharon Mason Without Prejudice

C/- Mark Odlin, Buddle Findlay.

By e-mail: mark.odlin@buddlefindlay.com

Cc Mayor and Councillors

Dear Sharon,

Re: Upper Seiwyn Huts – Council meeting 21 May September 2025 - process for further consultation on options for the future of Upper Selwyn Huts and Licence term

- 1. I represent the Upper Selwyn Huts residents (the Residents).
- In terms of the Council meeting 21 May 2025, the Residents have asked me to address their concerns around:
  - (i) the proposed licence term options (three) for consultation, which only have finite terms (5
    years or 30 years) These finite terms unnecessarily restrict options the Council has and
    likewise restrict options for consultation with the community; and
  - (ii) the downgrading of the significance of this issue by Council to "moderate" from "significant".
- For the detailed reasons set out in this letter, in summary the Residents seek Council (specific requests in *italics*):

#### A. Licence Term options

Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed). Add a fourth option for consultation regarding the Licence term i.e. "Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions."

#### Reasons:

(i) Council is not bound by a <u>specific</u> finite term under the <u>Reserves Act</u> these licences are granted under the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering Act 1924 (the ROLD Act). The provisions in the ROLD Act authorising building huts on the www.environmentaliawyer.co.nz

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- reserve were enacted as no lease could be granted under the relevant legislation at the time ¹ for buildings over reserves, nor granted for a term longer than 21 years. The ROLD Act specifically overrides these two limits. **There is no limit on term under that Act**.
- (ii) Council is also not bound to have a finite term by virtue of its 2019 resolution that said licences should be short term and finite. The reasons for that resolution (wastewater) no longer apply. Council also resolved in July 2024 to pause the process under which a finite term of 15 years was proposed (which relied on the 2019 resolution).
- (iii) In deciding the appropriate term, it is important to consider the purpose of the reserve. In 2015 the Council sought the Crown (Department of Conservation) change the reserve purpose from recreation to — local purpose reserve for hut settlement purposes. This is very specific, and "hut settlement" includes the idea of a community of people. There are also significant historic/heritage values to consider, which also focus on the community.
- (iv) The Reserves Act provides for leases and licences to be issued for terms of up to 33 years, with or without a right of renewal² (which is included as a condition of the lease or licence), perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term³. A renewal option means a condition is included the licence that if at the end of the term the licensee has complied with all the terms and conditions, they can opt to exercise a right of renewal for a further term of e.g. 33 years (Council must then grant a further term of 33 years).
- (v) When reading the ROLD Act and relevant Reserves Act provisions together⁴, Council can grant a licence⁵ for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal⁶, perpetual or otherwise. Council has a discretion to decide the term (not greater than 33 years at any one time) and whether to include a renewal option in the licence. The total term, including renewals could be up to e.g. 66 years, or 99 years (but the term is no greater than 33 years at one time). Technically there is no limit on the total term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- (vi) In deciding what term is appropriate Council should consider not only the purpose of the Reserves Act and the particular reserve purpose (for hut settlement purposes), but also, as part of its broader role, the dual purposes in the Local Government Act 2002⁷. These dual purposes include recognising the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁸ and promoting the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁹.

The Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, section 34.

² A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

It varies depending on lease types and the specific activity proposed.

⁴ Section 168 ROLD Act and Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

⁵ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

⁶ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with, See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

(vii) Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be treated as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

#### Reason:

It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used.

#### Detailed reasons and background

- A. Licence term options
  - (i) Council not bound by finite term under the Reserves Act 1977

Under what Act is the power to grant a lease or licence?

- 4. The Crown is the registered proprietor of the reserve, and the Department of Conservation (DoC) is the responsible department. The Selwyn District Council (the Council) is the administering body for the reserve under the Reserves Act 1977 and has managed the reserve since its appointment in 1989¹⁰.
- The Council has advised it grants the USH Licences to Occupy pursuant to section 61 of the Reserves Act (set out in Appendix One), which sets out the powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves.
- 6. As the reserve is not vested in the Council, only the Commissioner¹¹ can grant a lease, for limited purposes¹² which do not apply here¹³. There is no power in section 61 of the Reserves Act for the Council to grant a licence¹⁴.

¹⁰ The 1989 reorganisation of local authorities included, among other things, the abolition of the Springston South Domain Board and the responsibility for governance of the reserve was transferred to the Council at that stage. The Council administered the reserve in conjunction with the Springston South Domain Committee until 2011, and then on its own thereafter.

¹¹ Although this section refers to "the Commissioner", this is now the Director General of Conservation, see s2 of the Reserves Act 1977.

¹² The limited purposes are community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes, and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.

¹³ Section 61(3) Reserves Act 1977

¹⁴ The Minister can grant a licence by way of concession, \$59A Reserves Act, but not the Council. Also see <u>Opena Control</u> <u>Preservation Inter For North District Council</u> [2018] NZCA 262, a case involving the Reserves Act 1977. Of the ability to grant licences under the Reserves Act the Court noted "The power to grant licences is more constrained than the leasing power." At [97].

- In 1999 Buddle Findlay provided advice to Council that the power to grant a licence for the USH
  is pursuant to s168(2) of the Reserves and Other Lands Disposal and Public Bodies Empowering
  Act 1924 (ROLD Act).
- 8. Section 168 of the ROLD Act provides (bolding mine):
  - (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section thirty-four of the Public Reserves and Domains Act 1908, the Governor-General or the Minister of Lands may grant leases under that section over that part of the Lake Ellesmere Domain hereinafter described authorising the lessees to erect dwellings on the lands comprised in such leases, subject to the following provisions of this section and such other terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
  - (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board¹⁵ may grant licences over the aforesaid part of the said domain authorizing the licensee to occupy the land the subject of the licence and to erect dwellings thereon; such licences shall contain such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit.
  - (3) ...
  - (4) Every lease or licence granted under this section shall provide for the erection within a specified time on the land comprised therein of a building of a design and in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board, and may contain conditions, covenants, and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwellings, and as to the performance by the lessees of the same to the satisfaction of the said Domain Board.
- Only the Governor General or the Minister of Lands can grant a lease, s168(1). The Council can only grant a licence, s168(2).
- 10. The grant of a licence to occupy under the ROLD Act is "subject to the other provisions of this section", s168(2). The relevant provisions in s168 are:
  - (i) No lease or licence can be granted over any allotment exceeding 16 "twenty perches" 17
  - (ii) Huts are to be built within a specified time, with a design in accordance with plans and specification to be approved by the Council¹⁸
  - (iii) The licence shall contain such terms and conditions as the Council thinks fit 19; and
  - (iv) The lease or licence may contain such conditions, covenants and restrictions with respect to the use and occupation of the land and dwelling and as to the performance by the lessees to the satisfaction of the Council²⁰.
- 11. The ROLD Act has never been repealed and is still in force. It was referred to as the relevant governing legislation for the USH in a 1979 case Downes v Commissioner of Crown Land (an

¹⁵ The Council now has the powers of the Lake Ellesmere Domain Board.

¹⁶ Section 168(3) ROLD Act

¹⁷ This translates to 505.85m2.

¹⁸ Section 168(4) ROLD Act. An example of that type of licence conditions was referred to in the case *Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands* – condition 7 of the licence in issue required that if a licence was granted over a section on which no fishing hut was erected, the Board could require a licence to erect a fishing hut within three calendar months.

¹⁹ Section 168(2) ROLD Act ²⁰ Section 168(4) ROLD Act

- appeal against the refusal of the Springston South Domain Board to approve certain building proposals)²¹.
- 12. The ROLD Act contains the power to grant a licence to occupy the reserves but it doesn't mention a specific term. The reserve itself is still administered and managed under Reserves Act 1977, which remains relevant, including when considering the term of any licence.
- 13. Summary: The only power for Council to grant a licence over the reserve is under the ROLD Act but the reserve itself is still managed under the Reserves Act, which remains relevant, in relation to the term of licence and administration and management of the reserve.

#### What term can be granted?

- 14. At its 5 March 2025 meeting, the Council noted legal constraints in the Reserves Act 1977 limit licences to a maximum of 33 years. Council considers it cannot grant a licence longer than this period²².
- 15. As set out above, Council can only grant licences under the ROLD Act. There is no provision limiting the term for licences under the ROLD Act, nor any guidance as to an appropriate term.
- 16. The reserve is still under the umbrella of the Reserves Act 1977²³, so relevant considerations to guide what term is appropriate (alongside s168 of the ROLD Act) would include²⁴:
  - (i) the overarching purpose of the Reserves Act;
  - (ii) the specific reserve classification i.e. local purpose reserve for hut settlement; and
  - (iii)lease and licence terms available for various reserve types under the Reserves Act.
- 17. Under the Reserves Act, the following terms can be granted:
  - (i) A lease over a historic reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years²⁵, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁶.

²¹ Downes v Commissioner of Crown Lands SC Christchurch 7/78 [1979] NZHC 208 (8 November 1979). Interestingly, the Judge notes that "No formal written licence is apparently issued. The conditions are drawn to the attention of prospective licensees by the application form which requires a signature by the assignee over an acknowledgement that he has read the conditions under which the licence is held as printed on the back and undertaking if the transfer be approved to comply with the conditions."

²² Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

²³ The ROLD Act only gives statutory authority to grant leases and licence over what was a recreation reserve to erect, use and occupy huts but other relevant provisions of the Reserves Act 1977 continue to apply.

²⁴ Also relevant at an individual licence holder level will be any major non-compliance with essential licence terms and conditions e.g. persistent nonpayment of rent.

²⁵ Also relevant is if a lease is granted for a term of 35 years or more, this is deemed to be a subdivision for the purposes of the Resource Management Act 1991. Most leases are for less than 35 years to avoid this complication. A renewal of a lease is considered a new lease, so a renewal for 33 years after an initial 33-year term is not additive – it is not a 66-year term.

²⁶ For domestic residential purposes or for the carrying on of any activity, trade, business, or occupation in any building or on any specified site within the reserve and grant leases of any such building or site for any such purpose or purposes, s58A(4)

- (ii) A lease over a local purpose reserve for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple²⁷.
- (iii)Leases and licences over scenic and recreation reserves for 33 years with the "ability for further similar terms to be granted."
- (iv) Where a recreation reserve is not being used/not likely to be used, a lease can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple,²⁹.
- 18. The longest term for a lease is 33 years, with a right of renewal, and in perpetuity; and for licences, 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted. For licences, "terms" is plural it is not restricted to one further term of 33 years.
- 19. As the reserve is a local purposes reserve, section 61 of the Reserves Act is relevant. Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, a licence³⁰ can be granted for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal³¹, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple.
- Council has a discretion within the above, but technically there is no limit on the term of a licence for the USH under the Reserves Act 1977.
- Also relevant in deciding what term is appropriate is the purpose of Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002). There are dual purposes³² under the LGA 2002;
  - (i) To provide for democratic and effective local government that recognises the diversity of New Zealand communities – in this case it would be the diversity of Upper Selwyn Huts community³³; and
  - (ii) To promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future³⁴. Here, it is the well-being of the Upper Selwyn Huts community that is relevant both in the present and more particularly in the future.
- Given Council must manage the reserve for its specific purpose, and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of reasons to grant a shorter

²⁷ For a community building, playcentre, kindergarten, Plunket room, or other like purposes: and for farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purpose, s61(2B).

²⁸ See Schedule 1 for details of specific types of leases and licences.

²⁹ For farming, grazing, afforestation, s73(3) and Schedule 1.

³⁰ In accordance with the ROLD Act, Council can only grant a licence, not a lease.

³¹ A right of renewal normally contemplates the grant of a new lease/licence but this is exercisable as a condition of the lease/licence document itself. The only limit is usually that lessor or licensor is satisfied that the terms and conditions of the lease or licence have been complied with. See e.g. Schedule 1 Reserves Act 1977.

³² Section 3 and 10 Local Government Act 2002.

³³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁴ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- or finite term, Council should grant licences for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.
- 23. Summary: Reading the ROLD Act and section 61 of the Reserves Act together, there is no limit on the term of a licence that can be granted for the USH, under the ROLD Act so it. Guidance under the Reserves Act indicates I Licences can be granted for up to 33 years, with the ability for further similar terms to be granted, with no limit specified. The specific reserve purpose is relevant to consider (for hut settlement purposes) alongside the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002 to recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community³⁵ and to promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future³⁶.
  - (ii) Council not bound by 2019 resolution to require a finite term
- 24. Residents are concerned Council is still relying on its May 2019 Resolution to justify imposing a finite term i.e. 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'. The proposed 15-year finite term in 2024 flowed from this 2019 Resolution.
- 25. Reasons residents consider Council is still relying on this Resolution to justify a finite term for the next phase of consultation options include:
  - (i) On 5 March 2025 the Council publicly excluded workshop about the Selwyn Huts states under the heading "Guiding principles and assumptions" ³⁷:

The Deed of Licence is finite (regardless of whether this involves triggers or a set date).

- 26. The meeting Agenda for this meeting (21 May 2025) includes four (4) references to either the 2019 Resolution and/or a finite term sections 3.3.5, 3.3.7, 4.11 and section 5.2.
- 27. The most concerning item is under the heading Licence Term Options, where section 5.2 states:

On 8 May 2019 Council unanimously determined that 'Hut licences and subsequent renewals are short term and ultimately for a finite period'.

- 28. Section 5.3 goes on to state "This section of the consultation aims to satisfy Council's direction to provide long-term certainty for the licence holders."
- 29. Section 5.4 sets out:

"The consultation asks the following two questions:

- (i) Please select your preferred licence term from the options below o Option A: Fixed term of 5 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option B: A single fixed term of 30 years with a final, non-renewable expiry date. Why is this your preferred option?
  - o Option C: Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (10 + 10 + 10 years). Why is this your preferred option?

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³⁵ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

³⁶ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

- (ii) Do you have any other feedback?"
- 30. It seems clear the finite options included above flow from both Council's view that the Reserves Act limits the term of licences and the 2019 Resolution reference to a finite term is still binding, even though process that flowed from that and the resulting 15-year finite term have been paused. It is also unclear whether Council has considered the relevant purposes of the LGA 2002.
- 31. As set out in my correspondence to Council dated 23 May 2024, Council reference to (and reliance on) a "finite term" for the USH licences is misguided, factually and legally:
  - (i) It arose out of the Council's 2019 Resolution made in the context of issues with funding of and solutions for wastewater.
  - (ii) As the wastewater issue has been resolved this is no longer an issue and cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 32. I also note that in the Council minutes from the 24 July 2024 meeting, two of the resolutions were to:
  - (i) engage with the USH community through to 1 March to develop a proposal concerning the future licensing arrangements for the USH; and
  - (ii) pause the current USH process that would have resulted in a deed of licence (DOL) being issued for a maximum total of 15 years.
- 33. A potentially shorter term (via a longer term with triggers) could be justified if there was an imminent threat to the huts from e.g. climate change. Given the recent findings of Aqualinc and the Jacobs Report³⁸ that there is no pressing risk in the next 30 or so years, this cannot be used as justification for a short (or finite) term.
- 34. If any issues arise which are backed by scientific evidence, these could be accommodated by environmental trigger(s) conditions in the licence.
- 35. Summary: Council should not rely on the 2019 Resolution to justify a finite term. There also aren't any reasons e.g. climate change, that would justify a shorter, finite term.

#### (iii) Purpose of the reserve and historic values

36. The overarching purpose of the Reserves Act is set out in section 339:

It is hereby declared that, subject to the control of the Minister, this Act shall be administered in the Department of Conservation for the purpose of—

³⁸ Presented to Council in a public excluded Councillor Workshop, on 5 March 2025, the report stated "One of the key drivers for retreat was the anticipated impacts from climate related hazards. SDC have since received technical presentations from Environment Canterbury and Aqualine that show the risk is not as significant as previously thought. Given this, the work and related engagement process, are currently on hold pending further direction from the Council after a review of the updated information.

³⁹ Section 3(1) Reserves Act

- (a) providing, for the preservation and management for the benefit and enjoyment of the public, areas of New Zealand possessing—
  - (i) recreational use or potential, whether active or passive; or
  - (ii) wildlife; or
  - (iii) indigenous flora or fauna; or
  - (iv) environmental and landscape amenity or interest; or
  - (v) natural, scenic, historic, cultural, archaeological, biological, geological, scientific, educational, community, or other special features or value.
- 37. The purpose of a local purpose reserve is 40:

It is hereby declared that the appropriate provisions of this Act shall have effect, in relation to reserves classified as local purpose reserves for the purpose of providing and retaining areas for such local purpose or purposes as are specified in any classification of the reserve.

Hut setilement

- 38. At the request of the Council⁴¹, the reserve where the huts are situated was reclassified by DoC in 2015 from recreation reserve to "local purpose reserve for the purpose of hut settlement", "which would more accurately define its current use" ⁴². The Council decided what the purpose of the reserve was to be, and DoC approved it. ⁴³
- 39. "Hut settlement" isn't defined or further described in the Reserves Act. The ordinary meaning of "settlement" includes "a community formed by members of a group, esp. of a religious sect. "Religious sect" is not applicable here, but the idea of a community formed by members of a group is. "Community" is defined as "a group of people living in one locality". 46
- 40. The purpose of the reserve is clearly focussed on the community of people who live at the Upper Selwyn Huts.
- 41. The reserve purpose (hut settlement) is also reflected in the current Licences which state (bolding mine):
  - (i) Clause 1.1 "Licence" means permanent licence (as described in Schedule 1) granted by the Licensor to the Licensee under this licence.
  - (ii) Under the heading TYPE OF LICENCE, Clause 4.1provides:

The various lots on the Reserve have been set aside by the Licensor to be granted to Licensees as: ...(a) permanent licences,

and the type of Licence granted to the Licensee is specified in Schedule 1. (iii)Schedule 1 Item 12. Licence Type: Permanent.

⁴⁰ Section 23 Reserves Act

⁴¹ See letter dated 11 March from DoC to the Council, DoC "has consented to your proposed classification".

⁴² E-mail from Schwyn District Council 4 May 2009 (it is unknown who it is to, as that is redacted).

⁴⁵ See e-mail from DoC to the Council on March 31, 2010, where DoC informed the Council, it needed to decide what it considered to be the most appropriate classification given its current use. DoC suggested local purpose (community purposes). By October 2009, the Council has decided the area would be reclassified as Local purpose (but settlement), see letter from the Council to DoC 23 October 2009.

⁴⁴ Collins Shorter English Dictionary, Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁵ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

⁴⁶ Collins Shorter English Dictionary Harper Collins 1994

(iv)Schedule: Permanent licences terms and limitations on use:
The Licensee may permanently occupy the Lot and reside in the hut in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant of licence provided in this Licence.

- 42. Residents advise there are precedents for licence renewals over 130 years. Even though the licences have been for 5-year terms with rights of renewals, Residents always understood the renewals to be for the purpose of "refreshing" licence terms and conditions, not anything to do with the term itself, which Residents have always understood was permanent.
- 43. The Department of Conservation also verbally told residents they should be able to stay long term with the reclassification to local purpose hut settlement.

Historic features

- 44. Section 23(2) of the Reserves Act provides that having regard to the specific local purpose for which the reserve is classified, each reserve shall be managed so that where there are...historic features present, those features shall be managed and protected to the extent compatible with the primary purpose of the reserve.
- 45. The historic features and values of the reserve have been assessed by Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA) in their Statement of Significance⁴⁷. There are significant heritage/historic values present at the Upper Selwyn Huts⁴⁸, which include
  - taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - (ii) the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - (iii)the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - (iv)the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
- 46. These specific values also link to the purpose of the reserve, which focuses on the community.
- 47. UOA recommends the Upper Selwyn Huts remain on their current site; that they are entered on HNZPT's List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and that they are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.
  - (iv) Powers and obligations of Council

Functions of Council

48. The Minister of Conservation appoints a local authority to control and manage a reserve "for better carrying out the purpose of any reserve", for the particular purpose for which it was classified⁴⁹.

⁴² The Report is still in draft at the date of this opinion, but the findings are not expected to change.

⁴⁸ See Appendix Two for a summary.

⁴º Section 28(1) of the Reserves Act (appointment to control and manage). The local authority can also expend and apply money in controlling and managing the reserve in accordance with the particular purpose for which the reserve is classified, \$28(1) Reserves Act.

- 49. The functions of administering bodies include⁵⁰ to <u>ensure</u> the use, enjoyment, development, maintenance, protection and preservation as the case may require, of the reserve for the purpose for which it is classified⁵¹.
- 50. There is a high standard expected of administering bodies to "ensure" the use, enjoyment etc. of the reserve and also a clear focus on the specific purpose for which a reserve has been classified. This should guide the Council in any decision making about the reserve, the huts and the community living in the huts, particularly the term of any licence.
- 51. Summary: Given the purpose of the reserve is a "hut settlement", and given the Council must ensure use and enjoyment of the reserve for the purpose for which it has been classified, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term, the Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement.

#### (v) Options

- 52. Following the July 2024 Council meeting where Council resolved to engage with the community to develop a proposal concerning future licencing arrangements, consultation was undertaken and included four licence holder meetings, four Committee meetings and five drop-in sessions with other residents⁵². The range of options Councillors considered were:
  - (i) Option 1: Fixed year term less than 33 years with clear retreat conditions.
  - (ii) Option 2: Triggers with a fixed term (e.g. environmental factors determining relocation)
  - (iii)Option 3: Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.
  - (iv)Option 4: 5-year rollover.
- 53. The majority of councillors supported Option 2 (Triggers with a fixed-term duration). The duration discussed leaned towards 20-33 years with transfer options to be made clear prior to the end date to provide certainty for the community.

#### 54. Given:

- (i) Council is not bound by any finite licence term under the ROLD Act or the Reserves Act;
- (ii) The Reserves Act indicates a licence for more than one term of 33 years can be granted, with no specific end date;
- (iii) Council is not bound by its 2019 Resolution to only consider a finite term;
- (iv) The purpose of the local purpose reserve is "hut settlement", which includes the notion of a community of people living together;
- (v) There are specific historic values of the reserve relevant to consider, which includes a
  focus on the community;

⁵⁶ In accordance with the Act and the means at its disposal

⁵¹ Section 40 Reserves Act.

⁵² Public excluded Council Workshop 5 February 2025.

- (vi)A function of the Council is to ensure the reserve is used and enjoyed for the purpose for which it is classified;
- (vii) Council must consider the dual purposes of the LGA 2002 and recognise the diversity of the Upper Selwyn Huts community⁵³ and promote the social, economic and cultural well-being of that community both now and for the future⁵⁴;
- (viii) Given the reserve purpose is "hut settlement", and in accordance with the broader purposes of the Local Government Act 2002, in the absence of justifiable reasons to grant a shorter or finite term⁵⁵, Council should grant a licence for a term consistent with the continued existence of the hut settlement;
- 55. Residents seek a licence term of 30 years with rights of renewal for further terms of 30 years, subject to environmental triggers (specific triggers to be agreed) Residents seek Option 3 from the July 2024 Council meeting be added as Option four to the options to be consulted on 66. Option 3 seems the most appropriate:

Triggers with no end date, relying on environmental conditions.

#### B. Significance and Engagement

Confirm this issue continues to be classed as "significant", as classified in 2024 by Council.

56. It is unclear why Council staff consider this issue is now "moderate". The circumstances surrounding the categorisation of the issue as "significant" in 2024 have not changed, so the categorisation should stay the same. This means the Special Consultative Procedure should be used/continue to be used and more time is needed for that. Kirrily Fea will talk about this in more detail.

Clare Lenihan

Barrister

⁵³ Being a New Zealand community, as set out in section 3 Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁹ Section 10(1)(a) Local Government Act 2002

⁵⁵ E.g. flooding, climate change, health and safety, persistent breach of fundamental terms and conditions of Licence

⁵⁶ Section 5.2 of the Council Agenda.

#### Appendix One - Section 61 Reserves Act 1977

#### Section 61 Powers (including leasing) in respect of local purpose reserves

(1) The administering body of a local purpose reserve may, in the exercise of its functions under section 40, do such things as it may from time to time consider necessary or desirable for the proper and beneficial management, administration, and control of the reserve and for the use of the reserve for the purpose specified in its classification.

(2) The administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, is hereby declared to be a leasing authority of that reserve for the purposes of the <u>Public Bodies Leases</u>
Act 1969.

(2A) In addition to the powers of leasing conferred by subsection (2), the administering body, in the case of a local purpose reserve that is vested in the administering body, may lease all or any part of the reserve to any person, body, voluntary organisation, or society (whether incorporated or not) for any of the following purposes:

(a) community building, playcentre, kindergarten, plunket room, or other like purposes:

(b) farming, grazing, cultivation, cropping, or other like purposes.

(2B) A lease granted pursuant to subsection (2A) shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) the lease shall be for a term not exceeding 33 years, with or without a right of renewal, perpetual or otherwise, for the same or any shorter term, but with no right of acquiring the fee simple, and, subject to paragraph (b), shall be on such other conditions as the administering body determines:

(b) the lease shall include a condition that the land leased shall be used solely for such purposes as are specified in the lease, and that upon breach of that condition the administering body may terminate the lease in such manner as is prescribed or implied in the lease, whereupon the land, together with all improvements, shall revert to the lessor without compensation being payable to the lessee for improvements or otherwise.

(3) The powers of leasing conferred on an administering body by this section shall, with respect to any local purpose reserve which is not vested in an administering body, be exercised by the Commissioner.

#### Appendix Two - Heritage Values

- USH obtained a Statement of Significance from Under Over Architecture Ltd (UOA), in relation to the heritage values of the USH. Findings in the report included:
  - a. the USH have significant architectural values and increasingly high rarity values.
  - the USH are highly representative not only of early fishing hut communities but small New Zealand holiday spots.
  - c. taken as a whole the USH retain a high degree of integrity, which is not necessarily tied to the structure of individual buildings, but to the historic identity of the community as a whole.
  - d. the group value of the USH is integral to its heritage significance.
  - the current owners and occupiers retain a particularly high sense of esteem for the historic values of the settlement and form a united community.
  - f. the USH community retains significance for the families, owners and occupiers; and
  - g. the USH are extremely vulnerable given the Council is seeking to terminate the leases to the land on which the community is built.
- 2. UOA recommends⁵⁷ that because of the heritage values the Upper Selwyn Huts:
  - a. remain on their current site.
  - are entered on Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga's (HNZPT's) List/Rārangi Korero as a historic area; and
  - c. are added to SDC's District Plan heritage schedule.

⁵⁷ UOA also notes that HNZPT is opposed to the demolition of historic buildings, except for cases where it is unavoidable due to the structure being beyond repair. Demolition is viewed as inconsistent with sustainable management of resources and as an irreversible removal of cultural heritage that is often regretted in the future.

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are
Please add your comments:	seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.  Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
Selvyn Hull have rever	following questions.  How often do you think condition inspections
proplem. It is on a floor	should occur?
plane and write from the	Every year Every 2 years
Selwin hive will disapte and	Every'8-5 years
flat land and will not effect the worlds	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
Unite beeston & Doreston	Other &
7	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	The will be no inspections unless
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the	every property in the Selwyn dithe
nut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond	Yes No Not sure
requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	'n
If the council decide to remove	
the settlement / Sab division they will be paying not the residents	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
	78.
	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Appendix A. Condition inspection checklist If applicable

Upper Selwyn Huts - Hut Condition Inspection + all residents owners in the

Property details

Valuation number | Legal Description |
Physical Address |
Ratepayer Names | Contact Number |

	Yes	No	N/A	Reasons for Decisions/Notes
Desktop Review Building			1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Property file review completed prior to hut inspection to review property records held (if any)  Note any relevant information on consents and related compliance information / outstanding CCCs, etc.	1	A.D	Jun 25	nd .
Desktop Review Compliance		W.	1	/
Property file review completed prior to hut inspection to review property records held (if any)  Note any relevant information on resource consents and related service requests, etc.			/	
Note any additional resources identified as being required to carry out site visit? (eg; Food and Health, etc)		/		
Communication—appointment / visit advised/agreed	1			
Date condition inspection carried out	1			
Lot Condition			7/86	
General (state of trees/vegetation) Vehicles present			-	
Hoarding / rubbish / etc present				
Hazardous substances present				
How to assess notional boundaries				
Photos of all elevations of hut and surroundings (allow for 6 photos max.)				
Building Condition – External				
Stormwater being collected and discharged appropriately				
adequate space and vents to timber floors to ensure proper ventilation and protect from damp and decay.				
Floor level in relation to ground level				
Foulwater drainage – all sanitary appliances connected to the sewage system, gully traps have grills, appear to be in working ordgr, no signs of overflows, etc.				-
External weathertightness – roof and walls – sound, durable, weatherproof, and maintained.			100	

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Condition of ancillary structures (eg; tank stands, sheds, etc)					/
Access decks / steps					/
RMA / Bylaws / Health / Animal Compliance			4	/	
Hoarding				/	
Vehicles and parking / storage (incl. boats, trailers, etc)			/		
Storage of hazardous substances		- Ani	. /		
Animals present		3.5			
Business or commercial activity/use observed					
Signage / advertising					
Other	400	1			
Hut Condition Summary	100	100			
	6	100	J.		
Further Actions Required		Jun 25	n.s.		
Further Actions Required	N,	34h 25	J.D.		
Do any of the identified building non-		34h 25	D.D.		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes,		34m 25	2.0		
Further Actions Required Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP) Do any of the identified non-		Jun 25	2.0		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (If yes, follow the NTF SOP) Do any of the identified non-		34n 25	2.5		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (If yes, follow the NTF SOP) Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigger Councils		Jun 25	20.		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP) Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigge/Councils dangerous, affected, or insanitary buildings		Jun 25	20		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP)  Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigger Councils dangerous, affected, or insanitary buildings policy (if yes, follow the DAI SOP)  Do any of the identified		Jun 25	20		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP)  Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigger Councils dangerous, affected, or insanitary buildings policy (if yes, follow the DAI SOP)  Do any of the identified RMA/bylaws/health/animal non-		Jun 2	20		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP)  Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigger/Councils dangerous, affected, or insanitary buildings policy (if yes, follow the DAI SOP)  Do any of the identified  RMA/bylaws/health/animal non- compliances need rectification? (if yes,		Jun 2	20		
Do any of the identified building non- compliances need rectification? (if yes, follow the NTF SOP)  Do any of the identified non- compliances/issues trigger Councils dangerous, affected, or insanitary buildings policy (if yes, follow the DAI SOP)  Do any of the identified RMA/bylaws/health/animal non-		Jun 21	20		

Notes:
For the purposes of conducting condition inspections the <u>Housing Improvement Regulations 1947</u> will be used as the baseline requirement given the age of the majority of buildings predate the NZ Building Code (1992).
Where recent building consents have been granted the condition of the building will be assessed against the relevant consent.

relevant consent.

The condition survey is not intended to assess the hut for the purposes of rental accommodation.

# **Submitter Number: 207**

Full Name: Sheila Chappell

Organisation:
Wish to speak to the submission: Not Stated

From: To:

Selwyn Huts; Submission

Subject: Date: Fwd: Submission - Upper Selwyn Huts Licence Consultation

: Monday, 21 July 2025 4:53:19 PM

Some people who received this message don't often get email from sheilachappellnz@gmail.com. <u>Learn why</u> this is important

Sheila Chappell

21/7/2025

Email: huts@selwvn.govt.nz; submissions@selwvn.govt.nz

I am making this submission on proposed changes to the Upper Selwyn Huts Licence Agreement as a citizen of New Zealand and long-time resident of the South Island. I have visited the Canterbury area and Selwyn District many times throughout my life, both personally and professionally, and feel strongly that the residents of the Upper Selwyn Huts deserve fair, equitable, and lawful treatment under all local and national frameworks. I submit on the issues raised in Council's consultation documents as follows.

#### 1. Licence term and early termination conditions

I strongly oppose the proposed non-renewable licence terms and early termination clauses. Many huts date back to the 1800s and have been maintained over generations. Current owners purchased these dwellings in good faith and with no indication that their occupancy would be time-limited.

The use of specific environmental triggers, such as flooding or road access loss, as grounds for early termination is unjust. Other residents of Selwyn also live in flood-prone areas, yet are not subject to such unique and punitive conditions. This creates unequal treatment which is inconsistent with the Local Government Act 2002, which requires decisions to be consistent, transparent, and equitable across the district.

#### 2. Bond requirement

I oppose the introduction of a bond to fund the future removal of huts. There is no precedent in New Zealand for charging current land users for the speculative dismantling of historic dwellings, particularly when those dwellings were purchased without any disclosure of such obligations.

Imposing this financial burden retroactively appears not only unfair but potentially unlawful. The Council should manage any future land remediation needs through appropriate

infrastructure or district planning, not by targeting a specific, longstanding community.

#### 3. Building condition inspections

I oppose scheduled or routine building inspections unless prompted by a complaint or clear evidence of a risk. Council's Dangerous, Affected and Insanitary Buildings (DAIB) Policy confirms that inspections elsewhere in the district are only initiated in response to such concerns, not based on building age or location.

To introduce proactive inspections specifically for the Upper Selwyn Huts is inconsistent with this policy and creates a double standard. If Council believes inspections are necessary, they must apply equally across the district to all homes of comparable age or hazard exposure.

#### 4. Legislative and legal framework

Council's proposals must align with the following legal obligations.

- Reserves Act 1977: Allows Council to issue licences on reserve land but requires those terms to be reasonable and proportionate, with Ministerial consent.
- Local Government Act 2002: Requires local authorities to act in an open, fair, and accountable manner, serving the wellbeing of all communities while avoiding unjust treatment of any single group.
- Building Act 2004: Establishes rules for building safety but does not support sitespecific regimes unless risk is proven.
- Resource Management Act 1991: Requires regional consistency in hazard and infrastructure planning, not reactive or isolated policies for specific communities.

#### 5. Human rights and anti-discrimination protections

Council must also consider its obligations under the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990 and the Human Rights Act 1993. Section 19 of the Bill of Rights guarantees freedom from discrimination. The Human Rights Act prohibits indirect discrimination, including situations where neutral policies disproportionately burden a particular group.

Residents of the Upper Selwyn Huts are predominantly older, lower-income, or part of long-established communities. Applying restrictions to them that are not applied to similarly exposed communities elsewhere in Selwyn could constitute indirect discrimination. These measures must be demonstrably justified and not disproportionate.

### 6. Fairness, equity and historic preservation

The combined effect of the proposed policies — including non-renewable licensing, early exit triggers, bond payments, and building inspections — represents a targeted disadvantage that is not supported by consistent district planning or statutory obligation. This settlement has existed for generations and represents personal history, community resilience, and part of Selwyn's identity.

I respectfully request that Council:

- Maintain renewable licences for existing hut dwellers
- Abandon the retrospective bond requirement
- Apply inspection and hazard policies uniformly across the district
- Engage with the Upper Selwyn Huts community in a spirit of respect and partnership Thank you for considering this submission.

Sincerely

Sheila Chappell

Sent from Outlook for Android

# **Submitter Number: 208**

Full Name: Claire Laurance

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Yes

From: To: Subject:

Selwyn Huts; Submissions Submission – Upper Selwyn Huts Licence Consultation Monday, 21 July 2025 4:59:07 PM

Some people who received this message don't often get email from claurance.nz@gmail.com. <u>Learn why this</u> is important

#### Tēnā koutou,

My name is Claire Laurance, and I am currently a licence holder of a hut at Upper Selwyn Huts, which I inherited after the passing of my father. I am submitting this response to the Council's proposed licence changes.

I did not build or buy the hut. I took it on as a matter of family responsibility when my father died of cancer — a commitment none of my more financially secure siblings were willing to make. I have raised two children alone while working as a qualified engineer, and I now live with a chronic heart condition that has been seriously worsened by the stress this consultation has caused.

Council presents these proposals as part of a "duty of care," but in reality, they are actively causing harm. I am experiencing ongoing anxiety, health deterioration, and uncertainty about my children's only stable home — a place they know not as a "hut," but as their home and community. Council must understand that this process, and the way it has been implemented, is doing damage — not providing safety.

These are the key points of my submission:

- 1. The "duty of care" claim is causing harm, not preventing it:
- The proposals have directly affected my physical and mental wellbeing. As others in the community have also publicly stated, the stress of losing our homes or being made to fund their removal is deeply traumatic. This is not care. This is coercion, and it is affecting lives.
- 2. Discrimination and unfair treatment of hut residents:

The proposals — including bonds, early licence termination, and proactive inspections — are not being applied to any other Selwyn residents, even those in flood-prone or similarly exposed areas. This treatment is unfair and likely breaches both the Bill of Rights Act 1990 and the Human Rights Act 1993, as it disproportionately burdens people like me: lower-income, single parents, and those with inherited dwellings.

3. No prior disclosure or informed agreement:

At the time I inherited this property, there was no indication that I would be subject to new, expensive, or limiting conditions. The bond, the non-renewable licence proposal, and the threat of forced removal all represent retrospective policy that I could not have known

about or planned for.

### 4. Legal and procedural inconsistencies

Council's proposals appear to contradict several statutes and policies:

Local Government Act 2002 - requiring consistency, fairness, and community wellbeing

Reserves Act 1977 - requiring licence conditions to be reasonable and Minister-approved

Building Act 2004 – inspections are for buildings with identified safety risks, and not designed to be used punatively against whole communities

#### 5. Human rights implications

This process has had disproportionate impact on financially vulnerable, elderly, and chronically ill people in our community. These outcomes are in direct conflict with New Zealand's human rights obligations and principles of equity and care.

I request to be heard at the public hearing

I would appreciate the opportunity to speak directly to the Council about the effects this consultation is having on real people. Please confirm my request to speak and advise of the hearing process.

I ask that Council seriously reconsider these proposals and instead:

Remove the bond proposal entirely

Retain renewable licences for existing residents

Apply hazard and inspection rules equally across the Selwyn District

Stop treating this historic, close-knit community as an exception to be managed out

This process has already done harm. Please do not let it do worse.

Ngā mihi nui, Claire Laurance

# **Submitter Number: 209**

Full Name: Rodney & Kathleen (Kit) Power

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: No

18/7 PEST. "1

### **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at selwyn.govt.nz/USH.

#### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name Rodney + Kathleen (Kit)
Last name* Power .
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*
Yes No
If yes, please state the name of the organisation*
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*
Yes No
If yes, someone will be in contact with you to arrange the date and time.
What is your connection or interest to Upper Selwyn Huts?
I am a licence holder
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:
Other:

Questions	
Licence term options     Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	2. Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal. Raland. S Can be renewed.  Rolling 10-year terms with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30	condition in the Deed of Licence that would result in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after a significant event.  We are asking for your feedback on three possible
years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).  Please explain the reason for your selection:	events where this could happen.  1. Flooding affecting access:
We have selected this option as we leet to pay for the 30% sewer conections and add one over a sheke period of time + repairs to pipe work existing around one settlement unsubstanable to most residents.  Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No  Please add your comments:  We were happy to Contribute to the pipeline, but it is more than	Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period. "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.  2. Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:  A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.  3. Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.  Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?  Yes No
a license and agree to pay	Please explain your reason:  If we get a particulty had weather bomb like is happening all over
Something that we don't even know the costs of ????	Gonty to be cut off. dosp't mean the are there any additional events that you think should be considered? We have excilent Civil Yes No Work well.  Please add your comments:
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If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?	<b>4. Building condition inspection programme</b> Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections.
Please add your comments:  I would like to know what the	Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the following questions.
Council are doing to prepare for events beyond one control.	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
people, you connot keep nating	Every year Every 2 years  Every 3-5 years
This is a Issue all over the country and it is going to	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised  Other
come back and bite.  3. Bond requirements	Please add your comments: I think an Issue with sections
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	overgrown hording vehicles eet  Hings that can be a fire danger  need addressing If a Heath Issue  that occurred medically to residents.  Do you think the checklist covers the fight things?
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?  Yes No	Please specify what you would change:  Some things yes external Checks.  not a problem you need to be
Please add your comments:  Pepends very much on how you  Intend to collect this contribut	able to check this.
Cump sum? over time	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	Please add your comments:  We as a Community have bought  Tesues to you in the past that
Yes No  Please add your comments:	needed addressing and nothing has
bond to be paid back when	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues
have enough to feed themselves Let along having savings for	found during inspections should be handled?  Please add your comments:  With Commen Sence Please
bond rent etc. elsewere.	
(Not your Problem never is.)	Upper Selwyn Huts   Consultation Document   11

Rod + Kit (Kathleen) Powers

To the people and the Council Members working in Selwyn. I am writing this letter to go with submition as I think all of you need to reflect on what is hoppening here. So mong half truths and information glossed over, as on owner of a dewling at the Selwyn 1411 Village since July 2000, never once hove our rates or Licence fee been late and always been paid in Pull. During our time Rod has been on the Committee We have Been in the Civil dentence for a while as coordinators. I like to think we worked with the council during the Earthquakes, helping those that needed to move from there homes in wider Christoburch also when flooding has accured at hover selwyn huts. I can only hope we were of some assistance also working along some really Lovely people keeping a socail club going and with a lot of help our New-year Golg for the Community In 2008 we were well aware of the need to do something about resourse concent on our sewer and we wished then to go onto the wider selwign Rate and stort paying yearly in our rotes to build up money allredy paid before of this had happened we would have contributed a considerable amount of the costs now Incured. Many a time we thought something was happening, but what really was happing it had been decided to have us all Leave. The origanal licence J signed, was very simple and you were vetted before you could buy a dwelling as to your sintability. If you paid you licience rates keept the place in good repair and grounds tidy didn't cause any disturbances. Your Vicience then there were three different rates of payment as some people only there holiday time, some could stay nine moths of the year but had to leave for three months

consecitively. There were 12 dwellings that could be

permintly resided in, if you wished to be consided for this

you went on a waiting list after you had owned your

property for five years. We did this and where the last

people to be granted perminate realisa residency.

Allow the the Feeth and things characters. Who the the Earthquakes things changed as people needed places to stay and there dwellings out have became perminate homes to a lot.

The Livence the now is a far Cry from what I signed pages and pages of stupidity, and conditions. I challenge you all to go out to the selwyn met Village and mingle a lot of information the wider selwyn district has been given is not accurate, and has been. proven to be wrong. Why do you want our homes there is a lot more here than we are being told. I look at this Consultation document and shake my head. Our place was oridinally bought in by traction engine and dumped on the ground. The floor was added then on the ground, over time before we Bought things had been added altered improved. Our home today is dry no mold no Issues as we have kept up with the matinance on our home. At. 73 + 82. we should be able to sell what we have and now move on with our lives, with all this going backwards and forwards there is no certainty for anyone people bought places at good money just months before it came to light about the finite clause sneakly added in 2019. Why was it not apparent when trunfers of Liciences were done. We have some heautiful familys + Children out here that enjoy a freedom other and look after one an other, you actually know your neighour.

I con only say what goes around comes around at the end of the day we all have to be able to sleep at night.

Rod + Kit Pour. Sabour

# **Submitter Number: 210**

Full Name: Samuel Modée

Organisation: Wish to speak to the submission: Not Stated

Some people who received this message don't often get email from samuelmodee@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

#### Dear Councillors,

I am writing to submit my views on the proposed changes to the Upper Selwyn Huts Licence Agreement. While I am a Swedish citizen and do not currently live in New Zealand, I have a strong personal connection to this area through my fiancée, who owns one of the huts. She has lived there on and off over the years, and the hut was previously owned by her father, so it holds deep family significance for us. I have visited the area myself and understand how important this community is to the people who call it home.

I am concerned about the fairness of the proposed changes and would like to comment on several key issues:

#### 1. Licence terms and termination conditions

I am strongly opposed to making the licences non-renewable and adding early termination clauses. Many of these huts have been in families for generations, with people buying them in good faith believing they had secure rights. The proposed environmental triggers for early termination, like flooding or road access problems, create unfair treatment since other Selwyn residents in similar areas don't face these restrictions.

#### 2. Bond payments

I object to requiring hut owners to pay a bond for future removal costs. This seems unprecedented and unfair - introducing this requirement after people already own their properties appears both unjust and possibly illegal. The Council should handle future land management through normal planning processes, not by targeting this one community.

#### 3. Building inspections

I don't support routine building inspections unless there are actual complaints or clear safety concerns. Creating a special inspection regime only for the Upper Selwyn Huts is inconsistent with the Council's own policy elsewhere in the district and seems discriminatory. If such inspections are needed, they should apply equally to all older homes in similar situations.

#### 4. Legal concerns

The proposed changes appear to conflict with several important laws; the Reserves Act requires reasonable licence terms, the Local Government Act requires fair treatment of all communities, the Building Act doesn't support location-specific rules without proven risks, and the Resource Management Act requires consistent regional planning rather than targeted policies for specific communities.

#### 5. Discrimination issues

I'm also concerned these proposals may violate anti-discrimination laws under the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act and Human Rights Act. The hut community includes many older people, those on lower incomes, and families with long ties to the area. Applying restrictions to them that don't apply to similar communities elsewhere could be indirect discrimination that isn't properly justified.

#### 6. Overall fairness

When you look at all these proposed changes together - non-renewable licences, early termination triggers, bond payments, and special inspections - it creates a pattern of targeting one small community unfairly. This settlement has existed for generations and is an important part of both personal family histories and Selwyn's heritage.

I respectfully ask the Council to:

- Keep the current renewable licence system for existing hut owners
- Drop the bond requirement
- Apply building and hazard policies consistently across the whole district
- Work with the hut community as partners, not as problems to be solved

Thank you for taking the time to consider my submission.

Regards, Samuel Modée

# **Submitter Number: 211**

Full Name: Johnson Tatana

Organisation:

Suburb: Springston
Wish to speak to the submission: No

21/7 post

### **Submission form**

Selwyn District Council is conducting a public consultation to seek feedback on four terms that are proposed to be included in a new Deed of Licence for Upper Selwyn Huts.

Feedback from this consultation will help determine what a new Deed of Licence will look like for licence holders, and give certainty and clarity to the future of the Upper Selwyn Huts settlement.

Please read the consultation document and information available online at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH** before completing your submission.

You can make a submission using this form and dropping of off at a Council Library or Service Centre by 5pm, 21 July 2025. Or you can complete the online submission form at **selwyn.govt.nz/USH**.

### Privacy statement

Submissions are part of the public consultation process and are a public record. Anonymous submissions will not be accepted. Submissions including names are published on our website and in official documents so please do not include any personal information in the content of your submission you would prefer to be kept private.

While contact details (address, phone number and email address) are provided to elected members along with your feedback to be considered when making their decisions, contact details will not be made publicly available on the Council's website or official documentation.

If someone requests a copy of submissions through the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, name and contact details must be supplied. If you have good reason as to why your personal details and/or feedback should be kept confidential please contact huts@selwyn.govt.nz outlining your reasons.

If you need extra space for your submission, or have supporting documentation, you can use additional paper and attach it to this form. If you are using the online submission form you can upload an attachment with your submission.

Please include your first and last name on the additional paper.

Anyone can make a submission. Submissions will only be used for the purpose of this consultation process.

All submissions will be considered by Council before making a decision.

#### Submitter details

Please note: all fields marked with an asterisk (*) are compulsory. These details will be used for the purpose of contacting you about this consultation.

First name* JOHNSON	_
ast name* IATA-NA	
Are you submitting on behalf of an organisation?*	
Yes No	
f yes, please state the name of the organisation*	
Do you wish to attend a hearing to present your submission in person?*	
Yes No	
f yes, someone will be in contact with you	
to arrange the date and time.	
What is your connection or interest to Jpper Selwyn Huts?	
I am a licence holder	
I am not a licence holder but live at Upper Selwyn Huts	
I have an interest in this area. Please explain:	
Other:	

### Questions

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1. Licence term options Council is seeking feedback on three different options for how long future licences should last. Please select your preferred licence term from the options below.	Environmental events for early licence end Council's priority is the safety and wellbeing of people in the community.  Therefore, Council is proposing to include a new condition in the Deed of Licence that would result		
Fixed term of 5 years No renewal.  A single fixed term of 30 years No renewal.	in a licence term ending earlier than expected if serious environmental events, like flooding or land movement, make the area unsafe to live in or too expensive to maintain. In some cases, it also might not be possible or affordable to rebuild roads or other infrastructure if they are badly damaged after significant event.		
with the ability to renew, up to a maximum of 30 years total (i.e. 10 + 10 + 10 years).	We are asking for your feedback on three possible events where this could happen.		
Please explain the reason for your selection:  DO NOT ACREE WITH  MAXIMUM 07 30 YRS	1. Flooding affecting access: Flooding that cuts off vehicle access to the huts for more than 24 hours, twice in a 12-month period, "Cut off vehicle access" means where emergency services cannot reach the area.		
	Destruction of road cutting off vehicle access:     A natural event that causes sufficient damage that vehicle access to the settlement is cut off.		
Do you have any other feedback?  Yes No	<ol><li>Serious harm caused by a flood event: Any flooding event that causes serious injury or fatalities within the settlement.</li></ol>		
Please add your comments:	Are there any of the proposed events you disagree with?		
	Yes No		
	Please explain your reason:  ALL NO ONE CAN CONTROL		
	WEATHER EVENTS!		
	0-4		
	Are there any additional events that you think should be considered?		
	Yes V No		
	Please add your comments:		

If one of these events were to happen, what would you want Council to consider when deciding what happens next?  Please add your comments:  ACT SENSIBLY AND	4. Building condition inspection programme Council is proposing to implement condition inspections with the new Deed of Licence. We are seeking feedback on the details of these inspections. Please review the condition checklist in Appendix A on the back page and provide your feedback to the
ACCORDINGLY WITH	following questions.
COMMUNICATION .	How often do you think condition inspections should occur?
	Every year Every 2 years
	✓ Every 3-5 years
	Only when there's a complaint or issue raised
	Other
	Please add your comments:
3. Bond requirements	*=
Council is considering introducing a bond to contribute towards remediation responsibilities at the end of a licence term. This means the bond will only be used for returning the site to what it was before the hut was built.	Do you think the checklist covers the right things?
* 4	Yes No Not sure
Are there any situations where you think the bond requirement should not apply?	Please specify what you would change:
Yes No	
Please add your comments:  WHEN THE ENTIRE SELWYN	
DISTRICT ACREE TO THESE	
TERMS .	If issues are identified during the inspection, what kind of support or communication would you expect from Council?
	Please add your comments:
Do you have any other feedback or suggestions on the inclusion of a bond?	CIVIL COMMUNICATION.
Yes No	
Please add your comments:	
	Do you have any other feedback about how inspections should be carried out, or how any issues found during inspections should be handled?
	Please add your comments:
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